AS FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ON SEPTEMBER 25, 1997

REGISTRATION NO. 333-31481

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1

T0

FORM SB-2
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. (NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS ISSUER IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

3841 (PRIMARY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION CODE NUMBER) 68-0232575 (I.R.S. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO.)

829 WEST STADIUM LANE
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95834
TELEPHONE: (916) 646-3487
TELECOPIER: (916) 646-4075
(ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

DR. RAMESH C. TRIVEDI CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. 829 WEST STADIUM LANE SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95834

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95834 TELEPHONE: (916) 646-3487 TELECOPIER: (916) 646-4075

(NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF AGENT FOR SERVICE)

COPIES TO:

JACK BECKER, ESQ.

SNOW BECKER KRAUSS P.C.

605 THIRD AVENUE

NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10158-0125

TELEPHONE: (212) 687-3860

TELECOPIER: (212) 949-7052

APPROXIMATE DATE OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC:

As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. []

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. $[\]$

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. $[\]$

If any of the securities on this form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act please check the following box. [X]

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

TITLE OF EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES TO BE REGISTERED	AMOUNT TO BE REGISTERED	PROPOSED MAXIMUM OFFERING PRICE PER SECURITY(1)	PROPOSED MAXIMUM AGGREGATE OFFERING PRICE(1)	AMOUNT OF REGISTRATION FEE
Common Stock, \$.01 par value	1,833,790 1,903,710(2)	\$ 7.25 \$7.50(3)	\$13,294,977.50 \$14,277,825.00	\$4,028.78 \$4,711.68
Advisors' Warrants to purchase shares of Common Stock	325,000		\$ 10.00	(4)
Advisors' Warrants	159,460(5) 165,540(5)	\$ 7.25 \$ 9.00	\$ 1,156,085.00 \$ 1,489,860.00	\$ 350.33 \$ 491.65
Total Registration Fee				\$9,582.44(6)

- (1) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933.
- (2) Includes 487,500 shares of Common Stock which may be purchased by the Lead Manager to cover over-allotments, if any.
- (3) Calculated on the basis of the closing bid price of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market on September 23, 1997.
- (4) Pursuant to Rule 457(g) promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, no filing fee is required.
- (5) Pursuant to Rule 416, there are also being registered such indeterminate number of additional shares as may become issuable pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions the Advisors' Warrants.
- (6) A fee of 4,379.10 was previously paid on or about July 17, 1997.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET SHOWING LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS OF INFORMATION

REQUIRED BY ITEMS 1 THROUGH 23, PART I OF FORM SB-2

ITEM AND HEADING LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS

1.	Forepart of the Registration Statement and	
	Outside Front Cover Page of Prospectus	Outside Front Cover Page
2	Inside Front and Outside Back Cover Pages	outoido i i one outor i ago
۷.	of Prospectus	Inside Front and Outside Back Cover Pages
	01 1103pcccu3	of Prospectus; Description of
		Securities Reports to Stockholders
_	Oursell Tafamatica Dial Factors	
	Summary Information, Risk Factors	Prospectus Summary; Risk Factors
	Use of Proceeds	Use of Proceeds
5.	Determination of Offering Price	Outside Front Cover Page; Risk Factors;
		Market for Common Stock and Related
		Stockholder Matters; Underwriting
	Dilution	Dilution
7.	Selling Security Holders	Not Applicable
8.	Plan of Distribution	Underwriting
9.	Legal Proceedings	Business Litigation
	Directors, Executive Officers Promoters	
	and/Control Persons	Management
11	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial	
	Owners and Management	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial
	owners and nanagement in interest in inter	Owners and Management
12	Description of the Securities	Description of Securities
	Interest of Named Experts and Counsel	Not Applicable
	Disclosure of Commission Position on	NOT Applicable
14.	Indemnification for Securities Act	
		Management Indomnification of Officers
	Liabilities	Management Indemnification of Officers and Directors and Limitation on Director
	A	Liability
15.	Organization Within Last Five Years	Not Applicable
16.	Description of Business	Prospectus Summary; Business
17.	Management's Discussion and Analysis or	
	Plan of Operation	Management's Discussion and Analysis of
		Financial Condition and Results of
		Operations
	Description of Property	Business Facilities
19.	Certain Relationships and Related	
	Transactions	Certain Transactions
20.	Market for Common Equity and Related	
	Stockholder Matters	Market for Common Stock and Related
		Stockholder Matters; Description of
		Securities
21	Executive Compensation	Management
	Financial Statements	Consolidated Financial Statements
	Changes in and Disagreements with	JOHNSTINGTON I THURISTAN DEALCHICITES
۷٥.	Accountants on Accounting and Financial	
	Disclosure	Not Applicable
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INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT. A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE SOLD NOR MAY OFFERS TO BUY BE ACCEPTED PRIOR TO THE TIME THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE. THIS PROSPECTUS SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY NOR SHALL THERE BE ANY SALE OF THESE SECURITIES IN ANY STATE IN WHICH SUCH OFFER, SOLICITATION OR SALE WOULD BE UNLAWFUL PRIOR TO REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY SUCH STATE.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED SEPTEMBER 25, 1997

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

3,171,771 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

This Prospectus relates to an offering (the "Offering") by Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. (the "Company") of 3,171,771 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), in Europe through a group of managers (the "Managers") for whom Investmentbank Austria Aktiengesellschaft ("Investmentbank Austria"), Vienna, Austria, will act as Lead Manager.

The Common Stock is quoted on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market under the symbol "RDOC" and is listed on the Pacific Stock Exchange Incorporated under the symbol "ROB". Application will be made for the admission of the Common Stock to the European Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation ("EASDAQ") System under the symbol "RDOC". Prior to the Offering, there has been no public market for the Common Stock on EASDAQ, and there can be no assurance that any such market will develop after the closing of the Offering or that, if developed, it will be sustained. On September 23, 1997, the closing bid price of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq Smallcap Market was \$7 1/2 per share. See "Price Range of Common Stock."

THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY ARE SPECULATIVE AND INVOLVE A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. ONLY INVESTORS WHO CAN BEAR THE RISK OF LOSS OF THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT SHOULD INVEST. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN RISKS REGARDING AN INVESTMENT IN THE COMPANY, SEE "RISK FACTORS" COMMENCING ON PAGE 8 AND "DILUTION" ON PAGE 21.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

	PRICE TO PUBLIC	UNDERWRITING DISCOUNTS AND COMMISSIONS(1)	PROCEEDS TO COMPANY(2)(3)
Per Share	\$	\$	\$
Total(3)	\$	\$ 	\$

- (1) Underwriting discounts and commissions are anticipated to be 6% of the gross proceeds of the Offering. Does not include (i) a fee of 3.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering payable to Value Management & Research GmbH ("VMR" or the "Placement Coordinator"), placement coordinator for the Offering, (ii) a non-accountable expense allowance payable to Investmentbank Austria and VMR equal to 2% and 0.75%, respectively, of the gross proceeds of the Offering, of which \$25,000 has been paid to VMR by the Company to date, and (iii) a consulting fee of \$2,000 per month payable to VMR for 12 months following the closing of the Offering, or a total of \$24,000, and (iv) warrants (the "Advisors' Warrants") entitling each of Investmentbank Austria and VMR to purchase up to 5% of the shares of Common Stock sold in the Offering (exclusive of the over-allotment option referred to in note(3) below). The Company has also agreed to indemnify the Managers against certain civil liabilities, including those arising under the Securities Act. See "Underwriting."
- (2) The gross proceeds of the Offering will be the U.S. Dollar equivalent of 40,000,000 Deutsche Marks, after deducting discounts and commissions payable to the Managers, but before payment of the fee payable to the Placement Coordinator, the non-accountable expense allowance (\$, or \$ if the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full) and the other expenses of the Offering (estimated at \$) payable by the Company. See "Underwriting."

(3) The Company has granted Investmentbank Austria an option, exercisable for a period of 30 days after the closing of the Offering, to purchase up to an additional 15% of the Common Stock offered hereby, upon the same terms and conditions solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any (the "Over-Allotment Option"). If the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full, the Total Price to Public, Underwriting Discounts and Commissions and Proceeds to Company will be \$, \$ and \$, respectively. See "Underwriting."

The Common Stock is being offered by the Managers on a firm commitment basis, subject to prior sale, when, as and if delivered to the Managers and subject to certain conditions. Subject to the provisions of the purchase agreement between the Managers and the Company, the Managers reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify the Offering and to reject any order in whole or in part. It is expected that ownership of shares of Common Stock may be credited to the accounts of investors with financial institutions that have direct or indirect access to INTERSETTLE, the Swiss-based clearing and settlement system ("INTERSETTLE"). The term financial institution includes the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Cedel Bank, societe anonyme ("Cedel Bank"), which have each made arrangements with INTERSETTLE to have shares of the Common Stock credited to accounts with Euroclear or Cedel Bank through intermediaries.

INVESTMENTBANK AUSTRIA

THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS

, 1997

CAUTTONARY STATEMENT FOR PURPOSES

OF THE "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE

PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

THIS DOCUMENT SPECIFIES FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS OF MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY, INCLUDING REVENUE PROJECTIONS. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE STATEMENTS THAT ESTIMATE THE HAPPENING OF FUTURE EVENTS, ARE NOT BASED ON HISTORICAL FACT AND ARE "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS MAY BE IDENTIFIED BY THE USE OF FORWARD-LOOKING TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS "MAY", "ESTIMATE", "ANTICIPATE", "PROBABLE", "CONTINUE", OR SIMILAR TERMS, VARIATIONS OF THOSE TERMS OR THE NEGATIVE OF THOSE TERMS. THE "RISK FACTORS" SET FORTH IN THIS DOCUMENT CONSTITUTE CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS IDENTIFYING IMPORTANT FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT IDENTIFYING IMPORTANT FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS DOCUMENT HAVE BEEN COMPILED BY MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY ON THE BASIS OF ASSUMPTIONS MADE BY MANAGEMENT AND CONSIDERED BY MANAGEMENT TO BE REASONABLE. FUTURE OPERATING RESULTS OF THE COMPANY, HOWEVER, ARE IMPOSSIBLE TO PREDICT AND NO REPRESENTATION, GUARANTY, OR WARRANTY IS TO BE INFERRED FROM THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THEREFORE, PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ARE URGED TO CONSULT WITH THEIR ADVISORS (THE OPINIONS OF WHICH MAY DIFFER FROM THOSE SPECIFIED IN THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS) WITH RESPECT TO THOSE ASSUMPTIONS OR HYPOTHESES.

THE ASSUMPTIONS USED FOR PURPOSES OF THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING THOSE REVENUE PROJECTIONS, REPRESENT ESTIMATES OF FUTURE EVENTS AND ARE SUBJECT TO UNCERTAINTY AS TO POSSIBLE CHANGES IN ECONOMIC, LEGISLATIVE, INDUSTRY, AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES. AS A RESULT, THE IDENTIFICATION AND INTERPRETATION OF DATA AND OTHER INFORMATION AND THEIR USE IN DEVELOPING AND SELECTING ASSUMPTIONS FROM AND AMONG REASONABLE ALTERNATIVES REQUIRE THE EXERCISE OF JUDGMENT. TO THE EXTENT THAT THE ASSUMED EVENTS DO NOT OCCUR, THE OUTCOME MAY VARY SUBSTANTIALLY FROM ANTICIPATED OR PROJECTED RESULTS, AND ACCORDINGLY, NO OPINION IS EXPRESSED ON THE ACHIEVABILITY OF THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING THOSE REVENUE PROJECTIONS.

THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING THESE REVENUE PROJECTIONS, HAVE BEEN COMPILED AS OF THE DATE OF THIS DOCUMENT AND SHOULD BE EVALUATED WITH CONSIDERATION OF ANY CHANGES OCCURRING AFTER THE DATE OF THIS DOCUMENT. NO ASSURANCE CAN BE GIVEN THAT ANY OF THE ASSUMPTIONS RELATING TO THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING THOSE REVENUE PROJECTIONS, ARE ACCURATE OR THAT THEY WILL PROVIDE TO BE APPLICABLE TO A PARTICULAR PURCHASER OF THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PURCHASERS OF THE COMMON STOCK AND THEIR ADVISORS TO REVIEW THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING THOSE REVENUE PROJECTIONS TO CONSIDER THE ASSUMPTIONS ON WHICH THOSE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE BASED AND TO ASCERTAIN THEIR REASONABLENESS.

NO DEALER, SALESMAN OR OTHER PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY, THE MANAGERS OR THE PLACEMENT COORDINATOR. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY SALE MADE HEREUNDER SHALL UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAD BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY SINCE THE DATE HEREOF. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES OFFERED HEREBY BY ANYONE IN JURISDICTIONS IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT AUTHORIZED OR IN WHICH THE PERSON MAKING SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT QUALIFIED TO DO SO OR TO ANYONE TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Prospectus Summary	4
Risk Factors	8
Use of Proceeds	18
Market for Common Stock and Related Stockholder Matters	19
Capitalization	20
Dilution	21
Dividend Policy	21
Selected Consolidated Financial Information	22
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of	
Operations	23
Glossary	27
Business	28
Management	45
Certain Transactions	52
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	54
Description of Securities	56
Underwriting	61
Legal Matters	62
Experts	62
Additional Information	62
Index to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-1

The Company is subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), and, in accordance therewith, files, reports, proxy and information statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). The Company has filed a Registration Statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act with the Commission in Washington, D.C. with respect to the shares of Common Stock offered hereby. This Prospectus, which is part of the Registration Statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits thereto. For further information with respect to the Company and the shares offered hereby, reference is made to the Registration Statement and such exhibits as well as the reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed under the Exchange Act, which may be inspected and copied at the Public Reference Section of the Commission at Room 1024, Judiciary Plaza, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 and at the following regional offices: New York Regional Office, Suite 1300, 7 World Trade Center, New York, New York 10048, and Chicago Regional Office, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511, and copies of such material may also be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Commission at prescribed rates. The Commission maintains a Web site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically. The Company distributes to its stockholders annual reports containing audited financial statements and such other reports as the Company deems appropriate or as may be required by law or by the rules or regulations of any exchange on which the Company's Common Stock is listed.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information, financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus. Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, (i) all references to the Company in this Prospectus include Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its wholly owned subsidiaries, except that information concerning the Company prior to September 5, 1997, does not include Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. ("IMMI"), acquired by the Company on that date, and (ii) all share and per share data and information in this Prospectus relating to the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding give effect to a one-for-five reverse stock split with respect to the Company's capital stock effected on December 20, 1995, and a one-for-1.479586 reverse stock split with respect to the Common Stock effected on November 6, 1996, and assumes that the Over-Allotment Option is not exercised. See the "Glossary" appearing at page 27 of this Prospectus for the definitions of certain technical terms used herein.

The Purchase Agreement pursuant to which the Managers will purchase the shares of Common Stock offered hereby contemplates that the gross proceeds to the Company will be 40,000,000 Deutsche Marks ("DM"). Information in this Prospectus concerning the U.S. Dollar equivalent of DM 40,000,000 assumes an exchange rate between the U.S. Dollar and the Deutsche Mark of DM 1=\$1.7680, the representative exchange rate as of September 16, 1997, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank. The number of shares of Common Stock offered hereby is based upon an assumed offering price per share of \$7.125, the closing bid price per share of Common Stock on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market on September 16, 1997 and an exchange rate of \$1.00 = DM .5650, the representative exchange rate as of that date, as reported by The New York Times.

THE COMPANY

Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. develops, manufactures, markets and services image-directed, computer-controlled robotic products for surgical applications. The Company's principal products are the ROBODOC(R) Surgical Assistant System (the "ROBODOC System"), consisting of a computer-controlled surgical robot and the Company's ORTHODOC(R) Presurgical Planner (the "ORTHODOC"), and as a result of the acquisition of IMMI, the NeuroMate System, consisting of a computer controlled robotic arm, head stabilizer and monitor (the ROBODOC System and the NeuroMate System are sometimes referred to collectively as the "Systems").

The ROBODOC System has been used for primary total hip replacement ("THR") surgery on over 1,500 patients in Europe and the United States. The Company believes its "active" robotic system is the only available system that can accurately perform key segments of surgical procedures with precise tolerances generally not attainable by traditional manual surgical techniques. The ROBODOC System also allows the surgeon to prepare a preoperative plan specifically designed for the characteristics of the individual patient's anatomy. The technology for the ROBODOC System was initially developed at the University of California, Davis, in collaboration with International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM"). Upon completion of the Offering, IBM will retain rights to acquire approximately 20% of the Common Stock on a fully diluted basis.

The ORTHODOC is a computer workstation that utilizes the Company's proprietary software for preoperative surgical planning. The ORTHODOC is included as part of the ROBODOC System, but is also planned to be marketed separately by the Company. The ORTHODOC converts computerized tomography ("CT") scan data of a patient's femur (i.e., thigh bone) into three-dimensional images, and through a graphical user interface allows the surgeon to examine the bone more thoroughly and to select the optimal implant for the patient using a built-in library of available implants. A tape of the planned surgical procedure, developed by the ORTHODOC, guides the surgical robot arm of the ROBODOC System to accurately mill a cavity in the bone, thus allowing the surgeon to properly orient and align the implant. Non-clinical scientific data published by scientists from the Company and IBM demonstrate that as a result of the precise milling of a cavity, the ROBODOC System achieves over 95% bone-to-implant contact, as compared to an average of 20% bone-to-implant contact when surgery is performed manually.

THR surgery involves the insertion of an implant or metal prosthesis into a cavity created in the patient's femur. The Company believes that precise fit and correct alignment of the implant within the femoral cavity are key factors in the long-term success of THR surgery. In conventional THR surgery, a bone cavity is cut in the shape of the implant manually with metal tools, and the surgical plan, including the selection of the size

and shape of the implant, is generally formulated based upon patient data obtained from two-dimensional x-ray images of the patient's femur. Based upon clinical experience with the ROBODOC System to date in Europe, patients generally have become weight-bearing in a shorter period than generally experienced by patients who have had this surgery performed manually. In addition, clinical data obtained from trials in Europe and the United States indicates that intraoperative fractures have been dramatically reduced in THR surgeries performed with the ROBODOC System (no intraoperative fractures have resulted from THR surgeries performed with the ROBODOC System to date). The Company also believes fewer hip revision surgeries (implant replacements) may be necessary for patients who have had primary THR surgery performed with the ROBODOC System, as compared to patients who have had this surgery performed manually.

The NeuroMate System has been used to perform over 1,500 neurosurgical procedures in Europe and Japan. The Company believes that the NeuroMate System, which uses its proprietary robotic arm design and control systems designed specifically for use in the operating room, is the only image-guided, computer-controlled stereotactic robot currently in use to precisely position and hold critical tools used in the performance of neurosurgical procedures. Stereotactic neurosurgery involves the registration of the patient's cranium and brain to external anatomical references such as standard population atlases or, as currently implemented, to the patient's presurgical CT and magnetic resonance images (MRI). By registering certain key anatomical features common to both the images and the patient, the images are used to guide the surgeon to specific sites within the brain through small openings (i.e., not necessitating a craniotomy).

The Company is seeking to establish itself as a leading provider of innovative image-directed, computer-controlled robotic technologies worldwide, initially for orthopaedic and neurosurgical applications and subsequently for other surgical applications. The Company's business strategy over the next two years is to concentrate its marketing and sales efforts on selling the ROBODOC System throughout Europe and then Japan, subject to obtaining the requisite approval from the Japanese Ministry of Health, and selling the NeuroMate System throughout Europe, Japan and the United States. The Company will thereby attempt to establish an installed customer base in the United States, Europe, Japan and other foreign markets through the sale of its systems, and offer its customers separate software packages for each new application if, as and when developed by the Company. Consequently, the Company's customers would be able to use the ROBODOC System as the platform for performing a variety of orthopaedic surgical procedures, and the NeuroMate System as the platform for performing a variety of neurosurgical procedures, without incurring significant additional hardware costs. The Company also plans to further exploit its image-directed robotics technology by incorporating additional imaging modalities for presurgical planning, including ultrasound (which is less expensive than CT) and MRI (which, unlike CT, does not involve the risk of radiation).

The Company markets the ROBODOC System in Europe through direct marketing and arrangements with implant companies. The ROBODOC System satisfies the appropriate international standards for medical equipment and meets the requirements for the "CE Mark". The Company markets the NeuroMate through direct marketing in Europe and through its distributor in Japan. It is anticipated that marketing of the NeuroMate in the United States will commence in early 1998 through a combination of direct marketing and select distributors/agents. During the six months ended June 30, 1997, the Company realized revenues of approximately \$1,380,000 from the commercial sales of the ROBODOC System (including related consumables) in Europe.

The Company has developed a software package, in collaboration with IBM and Johns Hopkins University, for surgery to replace loose or otherwise failed hip implants (the "hip revision application") using the ROBODOC System. The Company has completed clinical trials of the hip revision application in Europe and plans to commence marketing the software for the hip revision application to its customers in Europe in early 1998. The development of the hip revision application has been funded in part by a grant from the National Institute for Standards and Technology (Advanced Technology Program) of the United States Department of Commerce.

The ROBODOC System cannot be marketed in the United States until clearance or approval is obtained from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"). The Company intends to submit a pre-market approval application ("PMA") to the FDA in late 1997 for approval to market the ROBODOC System in the

United States. The Company has received clearance from the FDA to sell the ORTHODOC in the United States, and intends to commence marketing the ORTHODOC in the United States in early 1998. See "Risk Factors -- Available Clinical Data; Risk Versus Benefit Issues" and "Risk Factors -- Government Regulation."

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on October 1, 1990. The Company's offices are located at 829 West Stadium Lane, Sacramento, California 95834, and its telephone number is (916) 646-3487.

THE OFFERING

Securities Offered....... 3,171,771 shares of Common Stock. "See "Description of Securities" and

"Underwriting."

Common Stock Outstanding:

Prior to the

Offering(1)..... 3,986,311 shares of Common Stock.

After the

Use of Proceeds...... The net proceeds of this Offering will be used (i)

for product development, (ii) for sales and marketing, (iii) for investment in a clinic located in Spain to train surgeons in the use of the ROBOC

System, and (iv) for working capital and general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds.

Risk Factors..... The securities offered hereby involve a high degree

of risk and immediate substantial dilution to new investors. Only investors who can bear the loss of their entire investment should invest. See "Risk Factors" and "Dilution."

Nasdaq SmallCap Market

Symbol..... RDOC

Pacific Stock Exchange

Symbol..... ROB

Proposed EASDAQ Symbol.... RDOC

CUSIP No. 45812 Y 10 8

_ ______

- (1) Includes 619,355 shares of Common Stock issued in connection with the acquisition of IMMI on September 5, 1997. See "Business -- Acquisition of IMMI." Does not include (i) 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of warrants at exercise prices ranging from \$.01 to \$8.25 or (ii) 1,168,313 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options granted pursuant to the Company's stock option plans at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$8.75 per share, including options to purchase 53,398 shares granted subsequent to June 30, 1997. See "Management -- Stock Option Plan," "Certain Transactions" and "Description of Securities.
- (2) Does not include (i) 475,766 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option, and (ii) 317,177 shares reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Advisors' Warrants. See "Underwriting."

SUMMARY OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The summary financial information set forth below is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements, including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus. The historical summary financial information set forth below does not include data regarding the separate results of operations or financial position of IMMI for the periods and at the dates indicated.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		PRO FORMA COMBINED SIX MONTHS ENDED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, DECEMBER			PRO FORMA COMBINED SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	1995	1996	31, 1996(2)	1996	1997	1997(2)	
Net sales	\$ 174,521	\$ 2,280,311	\$ 2,727,621	\$ 1,064,206	\$ 1,379,696	\$ 1,997,276	
Gross profit	104,342	1,396,159	1,642,587	605,723	848,003	1,180,463	
Operating loss	(3,925,730)	(3,495,861)	(5, 175, 998)	(1,505,176)	(1,809,112)	(2,270,394)	
Net loss	(4,053,528)	(3,448,829)	(5, 134, 440)	(1,490,594)	(1,687,591)	(2,102,058)	
Net loss applicable to common							
stockholders	(4,989,853)	(3,448,829)	(5,134,440)	(1,490,594)	(1,687,591)	(2,102,058)	
Net loss per common and common							
share equivalent	\$(1.19)	\$(0.79)	\$(1.03)	\$(0.34)	\$(0.50)	\$(0.53)	
Shares used in per share							
calculations(1)	4,178,877	4,373,947	4,993,302	4,377,643	3,364,567	3,983,922	

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

JUNE	30	1997
JUNE	30,	TOOI

	ACTUAL	PRO FORMA COMBINED(2)	PRO FORMA COMBINED AS ADJUSTED (2)(3)
Working capital	\$ 4,367,685	\$ 4,030,805	\$ 23,560,918
Total assets	6,663,357	11,330,541	30,860,654
Accumulated deficit	(20,788,402)	(21,096,948)	(21,096,948)
Stockholders' equity	4,654,512	8,235,515	27,765,628

- (1) See Note 2 of notes to consolidated financial statements for an explanation of the determination of the number of shares used in computing net loss per share.
- (2) Gives effect to the acquisition of IMMI using the purchase method of accounting as of January 1, 1996 for statement of operations data and as of June 30, 1997 for balance sheet data. The pro forma information is presented for illustrative purposes only and may not be indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the transaction actually occurred on the dates assumed nor is it necessarily indicative of the future combined results of operations. See the unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus.
- (3) Gives effect to the issuance and sale of 3,171,771 shares of Common Stock offered hereby and the application of the estimated net proceeds from the sale thereof. See "Use of Proceeds." Does not include 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants at exercise prices ranging from \$0.01 to \$8.25 per share, (ii) 1,168,313 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options granted pursuant to the Company's stock option plans, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$8.75 per share, including options to purchase 53,398 shares granted subsequent to June 30, 1997, or (iii) Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option.

RISK FACTORS

The securities offered hereby are speculative and involve a high degree of risk, including, but not limited to, the risk factors described below. Each prospective investor should carefully consider the following risk factors before making an investment decision.

History of Losses; Accumulated Deficit; Anticipated Future Losses. Since its inception, the Company has incurred losses. The Company incurred a net loss of approximately \$3,449,000 (on net sales of approximately \$2,280,000) for its fiscal year ended December 31, 1996 and a net loss of approximately \$4,054,000 (on net sales of approximately \$175,000) for its fiscal year ended December 31, 1995. In addition, the Company incurred a net loss of approximately \$1,688,000 (on net sales of approximately \$1,380,000) for the six months ended June 30, 1997, as compared to a net loss of approximately \$1,491,000 (on net sales of approximately \$1,064,000), for the six months ended June 30, 1996. IMMI also has incurred losses since its inception, including a net loss of approximately \$910,000 (on net sales of approximately \$447,000) for its fiscal year ended December 31, 1996, and a net loss of approximately \$27,000 (on net sales of approximately \$618,000) for the six months ended June 30, 1997, as compared to a net loss of approximately \$423,000 (on net sales of approximately \$147,000) for the six months ended June 30, 1996. At June 30, 1997, the Company's accumulated deficit was approximately \$20,788,000 and IMMI's accumulated deficit was approximately \$1,605,000, in each case as a result of continuing losses. The Company expects to continue to incur operating losses until such time, if ever, as it derives significant revenues from the sale of its products. The Company's ability to operate profitably depends upon market acceptance of its orthopaedic and neurosurgical products, the development of an effective sales and marketing organization, and the development of new products and improvements to existing products. There can be no assurance that the Company will obtain FDA approval to market the ROBODOC System in the United States or that its products will achieve market acceptance in the United States, Europe and other foreign markets to generate sufficient revenues to become profitable.

Limited Operating History. Although the Company commenced operations in October 1990, its operations have consisted primarily of the development and clinical testing of the ORTHODOC and the ROBODOC System, the organization of its manufacturing facility, the hiring of key personnel and the formulation of a plan for marketing the ROBODOC System in Europe. Although commercial sales of the ROBODOC System have been made in Europe, the Company has engaged only in clinical testing of the ROBODOC System in the United States, and the Company's ability to market the ROBODOC System in the United States is dependent upon FDA approval. See "Risk Factors -- Government Regulation." Accordingly, the Company must be evaluated in light of the uncertainties, delays, difficulties and expenses commonly experienced by companies in the early operating stage, which generally include unanticipated problems and additional costs relating to the development and testing of products, regulatory compliance, commencement of production, product introduction and marketing, and competition. Many of these factors may be beyond the Company's control, including but not limited to unanticipated results of product tests requiring modification in product design, changes in applicable government regulations or the interpretation thereof, market acceptance of the Company's products and development of competing products by others. In addition, the Company's future performance also will be subject to other factors beyond the Company's control, including general economic conditions and conditions in the healthcare industry or targeted commercial markets.

Lengthy Sales Cycle. Since the purchase of a ROBODOC System or NeuroMate System represents a significant capital expenditure for a customer, the placement of orders may be delayed due to customers' internal procedures to approve large capital expenditures. The Company anticipates that the period between initial contact of a customer for a System and submission of a purchase order by that customer could be as long as 9 to 12 months. Furthermore, the current lead time required by the supplier of the robot for either the ROBODOC System or the NeuroMate System is approximately four months after receipt of the order. Although the Company generally intends to require a deposit upon receipt of an order for a System, the Company may be required to expend significant cash resources to fund its operations until the balance of the purchase price is paid. Accordingly, a significant portion of the sales price of a System may not be recognized until a fiscal quarter subsequent to the fiscal quarter in which the Company incurred marketing and sales

expenses associated with that order. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the Company's consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere herein.

Challenges of Growth. The Company intends to use a portion of the net proceeds of this Offering to hire and retain sales and marketing, research and development and technical personnel to increase and support sales of Systems and to develop additional surgical applications for its orthopaedic and neurosurgical systems. See "Use of Proceeds." The anticipated growth of the Company will likely result in new and increased responsibilities for management personnel and place significant strain upon the Company's management, operating and financial systems and resources. To accommodate such growth and compete effectively, the Company must continue to implement and improve its operational, financial, management and information systems, procedures and controls, and to expand, train, motivate and manage its personnel. There can be no assurance that the Company's personnel, systems, procedures and controls will be adequate to support the Company's future operations. Any failure to implement and improve the Company's operational, financial, management and information systems, procedures or controls, or to expand, train, motivate or manage employees, could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Risk Factors -- Dependence on Key Personnel,"
"Business -- Employees" and "Management -- Directors, Executive Officers and Key Employees."

Available Clinical Data; Risk Versus Benefit Issues. The Company has conducted a randomized clinical trial for the ROBODOC System in the United States at three centers. Of the 120 patients enrolled in the U.S. clinical study, 71 hips received treatment with the ROBODOC System and 65 hips in a control group received conventional THR surgery. In addition, at least 1,400 patients have received treatment with the ROBODOC System in Europe, although not as a part of the formal U.S. clinical study.

In communications with the Company, the FDA has indicated a strong "preference" for two year post-operative data from patients participating in the U.S. clinical trial, although in a late 1996 meeting the FDA indicated that it may accept a PMA application for filing with only two year post-operative data on some patients and permit the Company to submit the additional post-operative data while the PMA application is under review. However, there can be no assurance that the FDA will not require complete two-year post-operative data on all patients participating in the U.S. clinical trial before accepting a PMA application for filing. The last patient who has received surgery in the U.S. clinical trial will reach the two year post-operative mark in February 1998. The number of patients enrolled in the U.S. clinical study is less than the 300 patients (150 ROBODOC System; 150 control group) initially requested to be studied by the Company in its Investigational Device Exemption ("IDE") application to the FDA. Nonetheless, there have been at least 1,500 primary THR surgeries performed with the ROBODOC System in the combined U.S. clinical trial and the European study (without a control group). If the FDA concludes that the existing clinical data is insufficient to establish the safety and efficacy of the ROBODOC System, the FDA could require the Company to obtain additional clinical data, which could significantly delay completion of the PMA review process, and which could accordingly have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

No assurance can be given that the FDA will agree that the data indicates that the ROBODOC System achieves better implant fit and alignment, that better fit and alignment are significant surgical endpoints or that ROBODOC reduces intraoperative fractures compared to conventional THR surgery, nor can assurance be given that the FDA will agree that the greater surgery time and blood loss associated with the ROBODOC System does not pose a significant safety concern or create an unfavorable risk/benefit ratio. Further, no assurance can be given that the FDA would not require the Company to obtain additional clinical data to resolve any concern about the risk/benefit ratio offered by the ROBODOC System. If the Company were required to obtain such additional data, the FDA review process could be prolonged by several years.

In February 1995, a law firm specializing in FDA regulatory matters examined an interim report of preliminary data and concluded that it was doubtful that the FDA would find that the device was safe and effective for its intended use, or provided a therapeutic benefit, sufficient to permit PMA approval, if the FDA were presented with the then existing preliminary data or future data qualitatively similar to the preliminary data. The Company believes that the currently available data, which have not been reviewed by an

independent third party, address many of the concerns identified in the law firm's report. However, there can be no assurance that the FDA would agree that the Company's current clinical data show that the ROBODOC System is safe and effective for its intended use, provides a therapeutic benefit, or has an acceptable risk/benefit ratio in light of increased surgery time and intraoperative blood loss. In addition, the Company's Director of Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance resigned in September 1996 and subsequently has asserted that one of the reasons for his resignation was his concern about the adequacy of the Company's clinical data. See "Business -- Available Clinical Data; Risk Versus Benefit Issues."

GOVERNMENT REGULATION.

Summary. The Company's products are subject to continued and pervasive regulation by the FDA and foreign and state regulatory authorities. In the United States, the Company must comply with food and drug laws and with regulations promulgated by the FDA. These laws and regulations require the Company's products to obtain various authorizations prior to being marketed in the United States, and there is no assurance the Company's products will receive these authorizations. The Company's manufacturing facilities and practices will also be subject to FDA regulations. In each foreign market, the Company's products may be subject to substantially different regulations. Failure to comply with U.S. or applicable foreign regulations could have a material adverse effect on the Company. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

U.S. REGULATION.

General. Pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended, and regulations thereunder (collectively, the "FDC Act"), the FDA regulates the clinical testing, manufacture, labeling, sale, distribution and promotion of medical devices in the United States. Noncompliance with applicable requirements can result in, among other things, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, recall or seizure of products, total or partial suspension of production, failure of the government to grant pre-market clearance or pre-market approval for devices, withdrawal of marketing clearances or approvals, and criminal prosecution. The FDA also has the authority to request recall, repair, replacement or refund of the cost of any device manufactured or distributed by the Company. Failure to comply with regulatory requirements, including any future changes to such requirements, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operation. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Lengthy "Pre-Market" Approval Process for ROBODOC System. Before a new device can be introduced into the U.S. market, the manufacturer must obtain FDA permission to market through either the 510(k) pre-market notification process for medical devices which are substantially similar to other approved medical devices or the costlier, lengthier and less certain pre-market approval ("PMA") application process. The Company intends to submit a PMA in late 1997 for approval to market the ROBODOC System in the United States. The Company intends to make an informal pre-PMA submission of the clinical data to the FDA prior to the submission of a formal PMA application. Depending upon the FDA's review of this informal submission, the target date for submitting a PMA application could be delayed for a significant period. There can be no assurance that the PMA application, once submitted, will be accepted for filing, found approvable, or, if found approvable, will not take longer than expected to obtain approval, or will not include unfavorable post-approval restrictions (for example, limitations on the indicated patient population). See "Risk Factors -- Available Clinical Data; Risk Versus Benefit Issues.'

New surgical applications for the ROBODOC System generally will require FDA approval of a PMA supplement or, possibly, a new PMA. The Company is also likely to require additional FDA approvals, supported by additional clinical data, before incorporating new imaging modalities such as ultrasound and MRI or other new technologies in the ROBODOC System. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

No Assurance of Approvals; Subsequent Review of Approvals, Etc. There can be no assurance that any of the Company's current or future products will obtain required FDA approvals on a timely basis, or at all, or that the Company will have the necessary resources to obtain such approvals. If any of the Company's products are not approved for use in the United States, the Company will be limited to marketing them in foreign countries. Furthermore, approvals that have been or may be granted are subject to continual review,

and later discovery if previously unknown problems result in product labeling restrictions or withdrawal of the product from the market. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Requirement to Follow Good Manufacturing Practices. Assuming the Company obtains the necessary FDA approvals and clearances for its products, in order to maintain such approvals and clearances the Company will be required, among other things, to register its establishment and list its devices with the FDA and with certain state agencies, maintain extensive records, report any adverse experiences on the use of its products and submit to periodic inspections by the FDA and certain state agencies. The FDC Act also requires devices to be manufactured in accordance with the Quality System Regulation ("QSR"), which sets forth good manufacturing practices ("GMP") requirements with respect to manufacturing and quality assurance activities. The QSR revises the previous GMP regulation and imposes certain enhanced requirements that are likely to increase the cost of compliance, including design controls. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Foreign Regulation. The introduction of the Company's products in foreign markets has subjected and will continue to subject the Company to foreign regulatory clearances, which may be unpredictable and uncertain, and which may impose substantial additional costs and burdens. The ROBODOC and NeuroMate Systems satisfy the appropriate international electromedical safety standards and comply with the requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive, thus allowing the Company to apply the CE Mark under the European Directives and to distribute the ROBODOC and NeuroMate Systems throughout the European Union. Outside the European Union, international sales of medical devices are subject to the regulatory requirements of each country. The regulatory review process varies from country to country. Many countries also impose product standards, packaging requirements, labeling requirements and import restrictions on devices. No assurance can be given that any additional necessary approvals or clearances for the Company's products will be granted on a timely basis, or at all. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Adverse Effect of Delays or Loss of Approvals. Delays in the receipt of, or failure to receive, FDA approvals or clearances, or the loss of any previously received approvals or clearances, or limitations on intended use imposed as a condition of such approvals or clearances, would have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Company. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

Dependence on Principal Product. For the near term, the Company expects to derive most of its revenues from sales of the ROBODOC System. Accordingly, the Company's potential future success and financial performance will depend almost entirely on its ability to successfully market its ROBODOC System. If the Company is unable to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals or to achieve commercial acceptance of its ROBODOC System, the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations will be materially and adversely affected. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Uncertainty of Market Acceptance. The Company's ability to successfully commercialize its Systems will require substantial marketing efforts and the expenditure of significant funds to inform potential customers, including hospitals and physicians, of its distinctive characteristics and the advantages of using the Systems instead of traditional surgical tools and procedures. Since the Systems employ innovative technology, rather than being an improvement of existing technology, and represents a substantial capital expenditure, the Company expects to encounter resistance to change, which it must overcome to successfully market its products. Failure of the Systems to achieve significant market acceptance would materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Competition. The principal competition for the ROBODOC System is manual surgery performed by orthopaedic surgeons, using surgical power tools and manual devices. The providers of these instruments are the major orthopaedic companies, which include Howmedica, Inc. (a subsidiary of Pfizer, Inc.), located in New York; Zimmer, Inc. (a subsidiary of Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), located in Indiana; Johnson & Johnson Orthopaedics, Inc. (a subsidiary of Johnson & Johnson), located in New Jersey; DePuy, Inc. located in Indiana; Biomet, Inc., located in Indiana; and Osteonics, Inc. (a subsidiary of the Stryker Corporation), located in New Jersey. MAQUET, a manufacturer of operating tables located in Germany, has recently

announced that it intends to market a device similar to ROBODOC System in mid 1998. The principal competition for the NeuroMate System are frame-based and frameless navigators, which are manually operated. Approximately twenty navigator models have been introduced, including those by Radionics, Sofamor-Danek and Ohio Medical Surgical products, all located in the United States; Elekta, located in Sweden; and Fischer Leibingher and Brain Lab, both located in Germany. In general, there are companies in the medical products industry capable of developing and marketing computer-controlled robotic systems for surgical applications, many of whom have significantly greater financial, technical, manufacturing, marketing and distribution resources than the Company, and have established reputations in the medical device industry. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that IBM or the University of California, which developed the technology embodied in the ROBODOC System and hold patents relating thereto, will not enter the market or license the technology to other companies.

There can be no assurance that future competition will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. The cost of the Systems represents a significant capital expenditure for a customer and accordingly may discourage purchases by certain customers. See "Business -- Competition."

UNCERTAINTY REGARDING PATENTS AND PROTECTION OF PROPRIETARY TECHNOLOGY.

Summary. Certain technology underlying the Company's products is the subject of one United States patent issued to IBM, which IBM has agreed not to enforce against the manufacture and sale of the Company's products, and five patent applications by the Company, the outcome of which applications is uncertain. Third party claims to the technology used in the Company's products could, if valid, require the Company to obtain licenses to the technology; those licenses may not be available on acceptable terms. The technology used in the Company's products could be (a) disclosed by Company employees despite their confidentiality obligations to the Company or (b) independently developed or otherwise acquired by potential competitors. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

General. The Company's ability to compete successfully may depend, in part, on its ability to obtain and protect patents, protect trade secrets and operate without infringing the proprietary rights of others. The Company's policy is to seek to protect its proprietary position by, among other methods, filing U.S. and foreign patent applications relating to its technology, inventions and improvements that are important to the development of its business. The Company has filed four patent applications, and is preparing for filing additional patent applications covering various aspects of its technology. In addition, IBM has agreed not to assert infringement claims against the Company with respect to an IBM patent relating to robotic medical technology, to the extent such technology is used in the Company's products. Significant portions of the ROBODOC System and ORTHODOC software are protected by copyrights. IBM has granted the Company a royalty-free license for the underlying software code for the ROBODOC System. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

There can be no assurance that the Company's pending or future patent applications will mature into issued patents, or that the Company will continue to develop its own patentable technologies. Further, there can be no assurance that any patents that may be issued in the future will effectively protect the Company's technology or provide a competitive advantage for the Company's products or will not be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented in the future. In addition, there can be no assurance that competitors, many of which have substantially more resources than the Company and have made substantial investments in competing technologies, will not obtain patents that will prevent, limit or interfere with the Company's ability to make, use or sell its products either in the United States or internationally. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

Secrecy of Patent Applications Until Patents Issued. Patent applications in the United States are maintained in secrecy until patents' issue, and patent applications in foreign countries are maintained in secrecy for a period after filing. Publication of discoveries in the scientific or patent literature tends to lag behind actual discoveries and the filing of related patent applications. Patents issued and patent applications filed relating to medical devices are numerous and there can be no assurance that current and potential competitors and other third parties have not filed or in the future will not file applications for, or have not

received or in the future will not receive, patents or obtain additional proprietary rights relating to products or processes used or proposed to be used by the Company. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

Lack of Infringement Study. The Company's patent counsel has not undertaken any infringement study to determine if the Company's products and pending patent applications infringe on other existing patents due to the Company's belief that an infringement study would not be cost-effective, nor offer sufficient protection against potential infringement claims, if and when made. The medical device industry has been characterized by substantial competition and litigation regarding patent and other proprietary rights. The Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its patents and other proprietary rights relating to its proprietary technology. Litigation alleging infringement claims against the Company (with or without merit), or instituted by the Company to enforce patents and to protect trade secrets or know-how owned by the Company or to determine the enforceability, scope and validity of the proprietary rights of others, is costly and time consuming. If any relevant claims of third-party patents are upheld as valid and enforceable in any litigation or administrative proceedings, the Company could be prevented from practicing the subject matter claimed in such patents, or could be required to obtain licenses from the patent owners of each patent, or to redesign its products or processes to avoid infringement. There can be no assurance that such licenses would be available or, if available, would be available on terms acceptable to the Company or that the Company would be successful in any attempt to redesign its products or processes to avoid infringement. Accordingly, an adverse determination in a judicial or administrative proceeding or failure to obtain necessary licenses could prevent the Company from manufacturing and selling its products, which would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

Possibility of Disclosure or Discovery of Proprietary
Information. Although the Company requires each of its employees, consultants, and advisors to execute confidentiality and assignment of inventions and proprietary information agreements in connection with their employment, consulting or advisory relationships with the Company, there can be no assurance that these agreements will provide effective protection for the Company's proprietary information in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of such information. Furthermore, no assurance can be given that competitors will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to the Company's proprietary technology, or that the Company can meaningfully protect its rights in unpatented proprietary technology. See "Business -- Patents and Proprietary Rights."

Limited Manufacturing Experience. The Company's success will depend in part on its ability to manufacture its products in a timely, cost-effective manner and in compliance with GMP, and manufacturing requirements of other countries, including the International Standards Organization ("ISO") 9000 standards and other regulatory requirements. The manufacture of the Company's products is a complex operation involving a number of separate processes and components. The Company's manufacturing activities to date have consisted primarily of manufacturing limited quantities of systems for use in clinical trials and a limited number of systems for commercial sale. The Company does not have experience in manufacturing its products in the commercial quantities that might be required. Furthermore, as a condition to receipt of PMA approval, the Company's facilities, procedures and practices will be subject to pre-approval and ongoing GMP inspections by FDA.

Manufacturers often encounter difficulties in scaling up manufacturing of new products, including problems involving product yields, quality control and assurance, component and service availability, adequacy of control policies and procedures, lack of qualified personnel, compliance with FDA regulations, and the need for further FDA approval of new manufacturing processes and facilities. There can be no assurance that manufacturing yields, costs or quality will not be adversely affected as the Company seeks to increase production, and any such adverse effect could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Business -- Manufacturing."

Dependence On Supplier for Robot. Although the Company has multiple sources for most of the components, parts and assemblies used in the ROBODOC and NeuroMate Systems, the Company is dependent on Sankyo Seiki of Japan for the ROBODOC System robot and Audemars-Piguet of Switzerland for the supply of the customized NeuroMate robot. The robot for either the ROBODOC System or the

NeuroMate System can be obtained from other suppliers with appropriate modifications and engineering effort. If the Company were no longer able to obtain the robot from its supplier, there can be no assurance that the delays resulting from the required modifications or engineering effort to adapt alternative components would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. See "Business -- Manufacturing."

Reliance on Foreign Sales. From inception through June 30, 1997, substantially all of the Company's sales (other than clinical sales in the United States pursuant to an exemption in the rules and regulations of the FDA for investigational devices) have been to customers in Germany, Austria, France and Japan. The Company believes that until such time, if ever, as it receives approval from the FDA to market the ROBODOC System in the United States, substantially all of its sales for the ROBODOC System will be derived from customers in foreign markets. Foreign sales are subject to certain risks, including economic or political instability, shipping delays, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, changes in regulatory requirements, custom duties and export quotas and other trade restrictions, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business. To date, payment for substantially all ROBODOC Systems in Europe has been fixed in U.S. Dollars However, there can be no assurance that in the future the customers will be willing to make payment to the Company for its products in U.S. Dollars. If the U.S. Dollar strengthens substantially against the foreign currency of a country in which the Company sells its products, the cost of purchasing the Company's products in U.S. Dollars would increase and may inhibit purchases of the Company's products by customers in that country. The Company is unable to predict the nature of future changes in foreign markets or the effect, if any, they might have on the Company. See "Business -- Sales and Marketing."

Dependence on Key Personnel. The Company's business and marketing plan was formulated by, and is to be implemented under the direction of, Dr. Ramesh C. Trivedi, the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company. Dr. Trivedi is employed by the Company pursuant to an employment agreement terminable by the Company or Dr. Trivedi at any time. The Company has obtained key-man insurance on the life of Dr. Trivedi in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Company's growth and future success also will depend in large part on the continued contributions of its key technical and senior management personnel, as well as its ability to attract, motivate and retain highly qualified personnel generally and, in particular, trained and experienced professionals capable of developing, selling and installing the Systems and training surgeons in their use. Competition for such personnel is intense, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in hiring, motivating or retaining such qualified personnel. None of the Company's executive or key technical personnel, other than Dr. Trivedi, is employed by the Company pursuant to an employment agreement with the Company. The loss of the services of Dr. Trivedi or other senior management or key technical personnel, or the inability to hire or retain qualified personnel, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. "See Management."

Control of the Company; Ownership of Shares by Current Management and Principal Securityholders. Upon completion of this Offering, the current executive officers, directors and other significant securityholders of the Company will continue to own or have rights to acquire 4,335,626 shares of Common Stock (or approximately 38% of the shares of Common Stock on a fully diluted basis). Although these securityholders may or may not agree on any particular matter that is the subject of a vote of the stockholders, these securityholders may be effectively able to control the outcome of any issues which may be subject to a vote of securityholders, including the election of directors, proposals to increase the authorized capital stock, or the approval of mergers, acquisitions, or the sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets. See "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management."

Need for Additional Financing. Although the Company anticipates that the net proceeds of this Offering, together with cash flow from operations, will be sufficient to finance its operations for at least 24 months following the date of this Prospectus, there can be no assurance that the Company will not require additional financing at an earlier date. This will depend upon the Company's ability to generate sufficient sales of its products, and the timing of required expenditures. If the Company is required to obtain financing in the future, there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, if

at all. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Product Liability. The manufacture and sale of medical products exposes the Company to the risk of significant damages from product liability claims. The Company maintains product liability insurance against product liability claims in the amount of \$5 million per occurrence and \$5 million in aggregate. In addition, in connection with the sale of ROBODOC Systems, the Company enters into indemnification agreements with its customers pursuant to which the customers indemnify the Company against any claims against it arising from improper use of the ROBODOC System. There can be no assurance, however, that the coverage limits of the Company's insurance coverage, that such insurance can be maintained at acceptable costs, or that customers will be able to satisfy indemnification claims. Although the Company has not experienced any product liability claims to date, a successful claim brought against the Company in excess of its insurance coverage could have a materially adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Limitation on Director Liability. The Company's certificate of incorporation provides that a director of the Company shall not be personally liable to the Company or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, with certain exceptions under Delaware law. This may discourage stockholders from bringing suit against a director for breach of fiduciary duty and may reduce the likelihood of derivative litigation brought by stockholders on behalf of the Company against a director. In addition, the Company's By-laws provide for mandatory indemnification of directors and officers. See "Management -- Indemnification of Officers and Directors and Limitation on Director Liability."

Absence of Dividends. Since inception, the Company has not paid any dividends on its Common Stock and it does not anticipate paying such dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to retain earnings, if any, to finance its operations. See "Dividend Policy."

Possible Volatility of Market Price for the Common Stock. Since the completion of the Company's initial public offering in November 1996, the market price of the Common Stock has fluctuated significantly. The Company believes that factors such as announcement of developments related to the Company's business, announcements of technological innovations or new products by the Company or its competitors, sales of the Company's Common Stock in the public market, and shortfalls or changes in the Company's financial results from analysts' expectations could cause the price of the Common Stock to fluctuate substantially. The Company's operating results and various factors affecting the medical device industry generally also may significantly impact the market price of the Company's securities. In addition, the stock market generally, and the securities of technology companies in particular, have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and market prices for the securities of many companies have experienced wide price fluctuations not necessarily related to the operating performance of such companies. There can be no assurance that the market price of the Common Stock will not experience significant fluctuations or decline below the public offering price.

Possible Volatility of Market Price for Common Stock Due to Dual Listing in Different Currencies. Following the completion of the Offering, the Common Stock will be quoted on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market in US dollars, and quoted on EASDAQ in Deutsche Marks. Fluctuations in the value of the US dollar against the Deutsche Mark may affect the market value of the Common Stock and result in trading therein by currency speculators or otherwise, which may cause further volatility in the price of the Common Stock.

Shares Eligible for Future Sale. No assurance can be given as to the effect, if any, that future sales of Common Stock, or the availability of shares of Common Stock for future sales, will have on the market price of the Common Stock from time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of Common Stock (including shares issued upon the exercise of warrants or stock options), or the possibility of such sales, could adversely affect the market price of the Common Stock and also impair the Company's ability to raise capital through an offering of its equity securities in the future. Upon completion of this Offering, the Company will have 7,158,082 shares of Common Stock outstanding, of which only 4,712,989 shares of Common Stock will be transferable without restriction under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"). The remaining 2,445,093 shares, issued in private transactions, will be "restricted securities" (as that term is defined in Rule

144 promulgated under the Securities Act) which may be publicly sold only if registered under the Securities Act or if sold in accordance with an applicable exemption from registration, such as Rule 144. In general, under Rule 144 as currently in effect, subject to the satisfaction of certain other conditions, a person, including an affiliate of the Company, who has beneficially owned restricted securities for at least one year, is entitled to sell (together with any person with whom such individual is required to aggregate sales), within any three-month period, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of 1% of the total number of outstanding shares of the same class or, if the Common Stock is quoted on Nasdaq or a national securities exchange, the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks preceding the sale. A person who has not been an affiliate of the Company for at least three months and who has beneficially owned restricted securities for at least two years is entitled to sell such restricted securities under Rule 144 without regard to any of the limitations described above. Officers, directors and the other existing securityholders of the Company, owning or having rights to acquire in the aggregate 5,129,759 shares of Common Stock constituting restricted securities, have agreed not to sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock prior to May 21, 1998 ("Lock-Up Agreements"), without the prior written consent of Rickel & Associates, Inc., managing underwriter of the Company's initial public offering. Following expiration of the term of the Lock-Up Agreements, 1,828,778 shares of Common Stock will become eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144 commencing in the second quarter of 1998, subject to the volume limitations and compliance with the other provisions of Rule 144. In addition, securityholders of the Company owning or having rights to acquire in the aggregate 4,030,649 shares of Common Stock granted certain registration rights with respect to those shares have agreed that they will not exercise such registration rights prior to May 21, 1998. The Company has agreed to file a registration statement for the resale in the United States of the 619,355 shares of Common Stock ("the IMMI Shares") issued in connection with the acquisition of IMMI, on or about November 21, 1997. The shareholders of IMMI have agreed not to sell their IMMI Shares prior to March 5, 1999, except as follows: (i) prior to December 5, 1997, an aggregate of 50,000 shares; (ii) from December 6, 1997 through March 5, 1998, an aggregate of 50,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; (iii) from March 6, 1998 through June 5, 1998, an aggregate of 75,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; (iv) from June 6, 1998 through September 5, 1998, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdag during the preceding three month period; (v) from September 6, 1998 through December 5, 1998, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; and (vi) from December 6, 1998 through March 5, 1999, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period. Thereafter, the IMMI Shares must be resold in compliance with the volume limitation and other conditions of Rule 144. The Company also has granted the former shareholders of IMMI piggyback registration rights (other than in connection with the Offering and certain other types of offerings) for resales of the IMMI Shares. The Company granted Rickel & Associates, Inc. certain registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock and warrants issuable upon exercise of the underwriter's warrants issued in connection with that offering. Furthermore, the holders of the Advisors' Warrants have demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise thereof. See "Description of Securities -- Shares Eligible for Future Sale," "Description of Securities -- Registration Rights," "Certain Transactions" and "Underwriting.

Effect of Issuance of Common Stock Upon Exercise of Warrants and Options; Possible Issuance of Additional Options. Immediately after the Offering, the Company will have an aggregate of 1,942,855 shares of Common Stock authorized but unissued and not reserved for specific purposes and an additional 5,899,063 shares of Common Stock unissued but reserved for issuance pursuant to (i) the Company's stock option plans, (ii) outstanding warrants, and (iii) exercise of the Advisors' Warrants . All of such shares may be issued without any action or approval by the Company's stockholders. Although there are no present plans, agreements, commitments or undertakings with respect to the issuance of additional shares or securities convertible into any such shares by the Company, any shares issued would further dilute the percentage ownership of the Company held by the public stockholders. The Company has agreed with Rickel & Associates, Inc. that it will not issue any securities, or rights thereto, without its consent until November 21,

1999. Rickel & Associates, Inc. has consented to the issuance of the securities specifically described herein. The Company also has agreed with Investmentbank Austria that for a period of six months following the closing of this Offering, it will not issue or sell, offer or contract to issue or sell, grant any option for issuance or sale of, or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, any Common Stock or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for, or representing the right to receive Common Stock without, in each case, the prior written consent of Investmentbank Austria, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld.

The exercise of warrants or options and the sale of the underlying shares of Common Stock (or even the potential of such exercise or sale) may have a depressive effect on the market price of the Company's securities. Moreover, the terms upon which the Company will be able to obtain additional equity capital may be adversely affected since the holders of outstanding warrants and options can be expected to exercise them, to the extent they are able, at a time when the Company would, in all likelihood, be able to obtain any needed capital on terms more favorable to the Company than those provided in the warrants and options. See "Management -- Stock Option Plan," "Description of Securities" and "Underwriting."

Possible Adverse Effect of Issuance of Preferred Stock. The Company's certificate of incorporation authorizes the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, with designations, rights and preferences determined from time to time by the Company's Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Company's Board of Directors is empowered, without further stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of the Common Stock. In the event of issuance, the preferred stock could be used, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company, since the terms of the preferred stock that might be issued could effectively restrict the Company's ability to consummate a merger, reorganization, sale of all or substantially all of its assets, liquidation or other extraordinary corporate transaction without the approval of the holders of the preferred stock. The Company has no current plans to issue any shares of preferred stock. However, there can be no assurance that preferred stock will not be issued at some time in the future. The Company has agreed with Rickel & Associates, Inc. that it will not issue any securities, or rights thereto, without its consent until November 21, 1999, Rickel & Associates, Inc. has consented to the issuance of the securities specifically described herein. See "Description of Securities -- Preferred Stock.'

Antitakeover Provisions of Delaware Business Combination Statute. The Company is subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"), which limits transactions between a publicly held company and "interested stockholders" (generally, those stockholders who, together with their affiliates and associates, own 15% or more of a company's outstanding capital stock). This provision of the DGCL also may have the effect of deterring certain potential acquisitions of the Company. See "Description of Securities -- Statutory Provisions Affecting Stockholders."

Risks Associated with Forward-Looking Statements Included in this Prospectus. This Prospectus contains certain forward-looking statements regarding, among other items, the Company's expansion strategy. The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations that involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond the control of the Company. Although the Company believes that its assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Prospectus will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person

that the objectives and plans of the Company will be achieved.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to the Company from the sale of the shares of Common Stock offered hereby, after deducting underwriting discounts and other expenses of the Offering, are estimated to be \$19,530,113 (\$22,507,862 if the Over-Allotment Option is exercised in full). The Company expects to use the net proceeds of the Offering as follows:

	APPROXIMATE AMOUNT	PERCENT
Product development(1)	7,735,000	40.5% 39.6% 1.5% 18.4%
Total	\$19,530,000 ======	100.0%

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- (1) Includes development of software packages for total knee replacement and acetabulum surgeries, as well as neurosurgical applications and product design improvements.
- (2) Represents costs associated with marketing and sales activities with respect to the Company's products, including advertising and promotional activities, as well as participation in trade shows. Also includes costs associated with market development and sales activities.
- (3) Represents costs associated with an investment to be made in a clinic located in Spain which is intended to be a training center for use of the ROBODOC System for surgeons from Southern Europe, Latin America and the Middle East.

Additional proceeds from the exercise of the Over-Allotment Option will be added to the Company's working capital and be available for general corporate purposes. Pending application, the Company will invest the net proceeds of this Offering in United States government securities and investment-grade commercial paper.

The Company has not determined the specific allocation of the net proceeds among the various uses described above. Specific allocations of such net proceeds will ultimately depend on the development of the Company's products and the related technology, the adaptation of its products to additional surgical applications and commercial acceptance of its products. The Company anticipates, based on currently proposed plans and assumptions relating to its operations, that the net proceeds of this Offering will be sufficient to satisfy the Company's anticipated cash requirements for at least 24 months following the date of this Prospectus.

MARKET FOR COMMON STOCK

AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Since November 21, 1996, the Company's Common Stock and Warrants have traded on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market under the symbols "RDOC" and "RDOCW", respectively. The Company's Common Stock and Warrants also are listed on the Pacific Stock Exchange under the symbols "ROB" and "ROBWS", respectively.*

Set forth below are the high and low bid prices for the Common Stock and Warrants on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market for each quarter since November 21, 1996. Nasdaq SmallCap quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission, and may not represent actual transactions.

NASDAQ SMALLCAP MARKET

	COMMON STOCK ("RDOC")		WARRANTS ("RDOCW")	
QUARTER ENDED	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW
December 31, 1996	\$6 3/4 \$7 5/8	\$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$6 5/8	\$ 1 \$1 1/2 \$2 1/4 \$3 1/8	\$ 1/2 \$ 5/8 \$7/16 \$1 5/8

On September 23, 1997, the closing bid price of the Common Stock and Warrants on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market was \$7 1/2 and \$2 1/8, respectively.

As of September 1, 1997, there were 64 holders of record of the Common Stock and 7 holders of record of the Warrants.

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 $^{^{\}star}$ No trading activity has been reported by the Pacific Stock Exchange.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth the capitalization of the Company (i) as of June 30, 1997, (ii) as of June 30, 1997 Pro Forma Combined to reflect the acquisition of IMMI on September 5, 1997 and (iii) such pro forma capitalization on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the sale of the 3,171,771 shares of Common Stock offered hereby, and the application of the estimated net proceeds thereof. The information set forth below should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements, and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Use of Proceeds."

	ACTUAL(1)	PRO FORMA COMBINED(1)(2)	PRO FORMA COMBINED AS ADJUSTED(1)(2)(3)
Long-term debt	\$	\$ 184,727	\$ 184,727
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding			
adjusted	33,669	39,863	71,581
Additional paid-in capital	25,775,656	29,659,011	49, 159, 269
Deferred stock compensation Accumulated translation	(336,417)	(336,417)	(336,417)
adjustment	(29,994)	(29,994)	(29,994)
Accumulated deficit	(20,788,402)	(21,096,948)	(21,096,948)
Total stockholders' equity	4,654,512	8,235,515	27,767,491
Total capitalization	\$ 4,654,512 ========	\$ 8,420,242 ========	\$ 27,952,218

- (2) See the unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.
- (3) Does not include shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option or the Advisors' Warrants, or the proceeds therefrom.

⁽¹⁾ Does not include (i) 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants at exercise prices ranging from \$0.01 to \$8.25 per share, and (ii) 1,168,313 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options granted pursuant to the Company's stock option plans, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$8.25 per share, including options to purchase 53,398 shares granted subsequent to June 30, 1997. See "Certain Transactions."

DILUTION

The pro forma combined net tangible book value of the Company as of June 30, 1997 was \$4,391,273 or approximately \$1.10 per share of Common Stock. The pro forma combined net tangible book value of the Company as of June 30, 1997 includes the effect of the acquisition of IMMI on September 5, 1997. The net tangible book value of the Company is the tangible assets less total liabilities. Dilution per share to new investors represents the difference between the amount paid per share of Common Stock by purchasers in the Offering, and the pro forma combined adjusted net tangible book value per share after the Offering.

After giving effect to the sale by the Company of the 3,171,771 shares of Common Stock offered hereby, the pro forma combined adjusted net tangible book value of the Company as of June 30, 1997, would have been \$23,921,386 or \$3.34 per share. This represents an increase in net tangible book value per share of \$2.24 to the Company's existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$3.79 per share (or approximately 53% of the offering price) to new stockholders purchasing shares of Common Stock in the Offering. The following table illustrates this dilution on a per share basis:

Public offering price per share Pro forma combined net tangible book value before	\$ 7.13
Offering Increase attributable to new investors	
Pro forma combined adjusted net tangible book value	
after Offering	3.34
Dilution to new investors	\$ 3.79
	=====

The above table does not include the possible exercise of outstanding stock options or warrants. As of June 30, 1997, there were outstanding options to purchase an aggregate of 1,114,915 shares of Common Stock having exercise prices from \$0.07 per share to \$7.84 per share and outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock having exercise prices from \$0.01 per share to \$8.25 per share. To the extent that stock options or warrants are exercised at prices below the public offering price per share, there will be further dilution to new investors. See "Certain Transactions," "Description of Securities" and "Underwriting."

The information in the following table summarizes the number and percentages of shares of Common Stock, purchased from the Company through June 30, 1997, the amount and percentage of consideration paid and the average price per share paid to the Company by existing stockholders and by new investors pursuant to the Offering. The information also includes 619,355 shares of Common Stock issued by the Company on September 5, 1997 in connection with the acquisition of IMMI.

	SHARES PURCHASED		TOTAL CONSIDERATION PAID		AVERAGE PRICE PER SHARE	
Existing Stockholders New Investors	, ,	55.7% 44.3%	\$24,551,043 22,624,434	52.0% 48.0%	\$	6.16 7.13
	7,158,082	100.0%	\$47,175,477	100.0%		
	=======	=====	========	=====		

The information in the foregoing table excludes 1,168,313 shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options (including options to purchase 53,398 shares granted subsequent to June 30, 1997), 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants, 475,765 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance upon exercise of the Over-Allotment Option and 317,177 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance pursuant to the Advisors' Warrants. See "Capitalization" and "Underwriting."

DIVIDEND POLICY

The payment of dividends by the Company is within the discretion of its Board of Directors and depends in part upon the Company's earnings, capital requirements and financial condition. Since its inception, the Company has not

paid any dividends on its Common Stock and does not anticipate paying such dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to retain earnings, if any, to finance its operations.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following table sets forth selected consolidated financial information regarding the results of operations and financial position of the Company for the periods and at the dates indicated. The financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 1996 and for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their report thereon included elsewhere in this Prospectus. The selected financial information as of June 30, 1997 and for the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 are derived from the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company set forth elsewhere in this Prospectus and include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for the fair presentation of its results of operations for such periods. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 1997 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The historical selected consolidated financial information set forth below does not include data regarding the results of operations or financial position of IMMI for the periods and at the dates indicated. This data should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements (including the notes thereto) and the Company's unaudited interim consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus, and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA:

	YEAR ENDED D	DECEMBER 31,	SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,			
		1996				
Net sales		\$ 2,280,311 884,152	•	\$ 1,379,696 531,693		
Operating expenses:		1,396,159				
Selling, general and administrative Research and development	2,361,125	2,468,535	887,283 977,616 246,000	1,183,519		
Other income (expense):	4,030,072	4,892,020				
Interest income	(287, 792)	(30,635)		14,374		
Loss before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	(4,050,415)	(3,438,563) 10,266	(1,487,411)	(1,669,591) 18,000		
Net loss Preferred stock dividends	(4,053,528)					
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$(4,989,853)	\$(3,448,829)	\$(1,490,594)			
Net loss per common and common share equivalent		\$ (0.79)		\$ (0.50)		
Shares used in per share calculations(1)						

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997
Working capital Total assets Accumulated deficit Stockholders' equity	8,029,431 (19,100,811)	\$ 4,367,685 6,663,357 (20,788,402) 4,654,512

⁽¹⁾ See Note 2 of notes to consolidated financial statements for an explanation of the determination of the number of shares used in computing net loss per share.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

The following discussion and analysis, which relates solely to the operations of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. and does not include the operations of IMMI which it acquired on September 5, 1997, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., including the notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus.

From its inception in October 1990, the Company has been primarily engaged in the development and clinical evaluation of the ROBODOC System. Net sales are derived from the sale of ROBODOC Systems and related consumables. Prior to 1996, sales of the ROBODOC System were limited to sales for clinical evaluation. The ROBODOC System satisfies the appropriate international standards for medical electrical equipment and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive ("CE Mark"), and complies with the relevant provisions of the Medical Device Directive for a Class IIb Medical Device, thus allowing the Company to distribute the ROBODOC System throughout the European Union. The Company sold its first commercial ROBODOC System to a clinic in Germany in March 1996. The Company intends to use a significant portion of the net proceeds of this Offering for marketing and sales in Europe. See "Use of Proceeds."

In the United States, the Company's products are subject to regulation by the FDA. The Company intends to file an application for pre-market approval with the FDA in late 1997 for approval to market the ROBODOC System in the United States. See "Risk Factors -- Government Regulation" and "Business -- Government Regulation."

Until the commercial introduction of the ROBODOC System in the first quarter of 1996, the Company operated as a development stage enterprise, and incurred a net loss for each period since its inception. The Company intends to develop additional surgical applications for the ROBODOC System and to significantly increase its technical staff. The Company also plans to increase spending on sales and marketing. See "Use of Proceeds." The Company expects operating losses to continue until sales of its products increase significantly. See "Risk Factors -- History of Losses; Accumulated Deficit; Anticipated Future Losses."

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Six Months Ended June 30, 1997 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 1996

Net Sales. Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 1997 (the "1997 Interim Period") were approximately \$1,380,000, largely attributable to the sale of two ROBODOC Systems, compared to the six months ended June 30, 1996 (the "1996 Interim Period") of approximately \$1,064,000 which included the sale of three ROBODOC Systems. The increase in net sales for the 1997 Interim Period is due to a higher average selling price of the ROBODOC System to customers, as compared to the initial commercial units sold in 1996. The selling price of the ROBODOC System is negotiated with each customer and varies based upon the terms of payment, terms of the service contract and arrangements for supplying consumables.

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales for the 1997 Interim Period was approximately \$532,000 (39% of net sales) as compared to the 1996 Interim Period of approximately \$458,000 (43% of net sales). The improved cost as a percent of sales in the 1997 Interim Period is a result of higher selling prices for the ROBODOC System. Manufacturing overhead costs in the 1997 Interim Period increased \$74,000 as the Company moved from it's pilot manufacturing operation in the 1996 Interim Period towards creating the infrastructure necessary to support on-going manufacturing.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the 1997 Interim Period (approximately \$1,384,000) increased by approximately \$497,000, or 56%, as compared to the 1996 Interim Period (approximately \$887,000). Marketing costs increased approximately \$264,000 with the addition of a European Sales Manager, increased aparticipation in medical conferences and travel to potential customer sites. General and administrative costs increased approximately \$233,000 to support increased growth and as well as investor relations.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses for the 1997 Interim Period (approximately \$1,184,000) increased by approximately \$206,000, or approximately 21%, as compared to the 1996 Interim Period (approximately \$978,000), due to additional engineering staff required to support new applications of existing products and new product development projects.

Stock Compensation. Stock compensation expense during the 1997 Interim Period was \$90,000, \$156,000 lower than the 1996 Interim Period (\$246,000). This decrease is due to the immediate vesting of certain stock options in the 1996 Interim Period. The Company charged to operations in 1996 deferred stock compensation relating to stock options granted during 1996 with exercise prices less than the estimated fair value of the Company's Common Stock, as determined by an independent valuation analysis, on the date of grant. Deferred compensation for the non-vested portion is being amortized into expense over the vesting period of the stock options, which generally range from three to five years. Stock compensation expense in the 1997 Interim Period represents the additional vesting which occurred in the first six months of 1997.

Interest Income. Interest income for the 1997 Interim Period (approximately \$125,000) increased by approximately \$86,000, or 221%, as compared to the 1996 Interim Period (approximately \$39,000), primarily due to higher average cash balances during the 1997 Interim Period as a result of the Company's initial public offering in November 1996.

Other Income and Expense. Other income for the 1997 Interim Period was approximately \$14,000 compared to an expense of approximately \$21,000 in the 1996 Interim Period. The primary reason for the difference is the weakening of the Dutch Guilder against the U.S. Dollar during 1996, as compared to a strengthening Dutch Guilder against the dollar in the first six months of 1997. This resulted in currency transaction gains and losses on the U.S. currency obligations of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in The Netherlands, Integrated Surgical Systems BV.

Net Loss. The net loss for the 1997 Interim Period (approximately \$1,688,000) increased by approximately \$197,000, or approximately 13%, as compared to the net loss for the 1996 Interim Period (approximately \$1,491,000), primarily due to the higher operating expenses partially offset by improved gross margins. The improved gross margin is primarily attributable to a higher selling price for the ROBODOC System.

Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 1996 and 1995

Net Sales. Net sales for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996 ("Fiscal 1996") increased by approximately \$2,106,000, as compared to the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995 ("Fiscal 1995"). The increase is a result of commercial sales of the ROBODOC System to customers in Germany and Austria. No ROBODOC Systems were sold during Fiscal 1995. Sales of consumables during Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$140,000, or 6% of net sales), decreased by approximately \$35,000, or 20%, as compared to Fiscal 1995 when sales of consumables accounted for all net revenue, primarily due to certain number of consumables being provided without charge to new customers during 1996.

Cost of Sales. Cost of sales for Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$884,000) increased by approximately \$814,000 as compared to Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$70,000), as a result of the first commercial sales of the ROBODOC System in Fiscal 1996. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales was 39% for Fiscal 1996 and 40% for Fiscal 1995.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expenses for Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$2,066,000), increased by approximately \$397,000, or 24%, as compared to Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$1,669,000), primarily due to the Company's participation in tradeshows in Europe during Fiscal 1996.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses for Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$2,469,000) increased by approximately \$108,000, or approximately 5%, as compared to Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$2,361,000), primarily due to staff increases required for development of additional applications.

Stock Compensation. During Fiscal 1996, the Company recorded deferred stock compensation of approximately \$784,000 relating to stock options granted during the period with exercise prices less than the estimated fair value of the Company's Common Stock, as determined by an independent valuation analysis, on the date of grant. The deferred stock compensation is being amortized into expense over the vesting period of

the stock options, which generally ranges from 3 to 5 years. Deferred compensation relating to stock options which vested immediately was expensed on the date of grant. Compensation expense of approximately \$357,000 was recorded during Fiscal 1996 relating to these stock options, and the remaining \$427,000 will be amortized into expense in future periods.

Interest Income. Interest income for Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$88,000) decreased by approximately \$19,000, or 18%, as compared to Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$107,000), due to money market conditions resulting in improved return on the Company's investments during Fiscal 1995.

Interest Expense. The Company had no interest expense for Fiscal 1996 compared to Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$288,000). Interest expense for Fiscal year 1995 was primarily associated with a \$3,000,000 convertible note, bearing interest at 9.25% per annum. The principal amount of this note, together with interest that had accrued from the date of issuance, was converted in December 1995 into a warrant to purchase Common Stock.

Other Income and Expense. Other expense for Fiscal 1996 was approximately \$31,000, as compared to other income for Fiscal 1995 of approximately \$56,000. The primary reason for the difference is the strengthening of the Dutch Guilder against the U.S. Dollar during Fiscal 1995, as compared to a weakening of the Dutch Guilder against the U.S. Dollar in Fiscal 1996. This resulted in currency transaction gains and losses on the U.S. currency obligations of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in The Netherlands, Integrated Surgical Systems BV.

Provision for Income Taxes. As a result of the issuance of the Company's Series D Preferred Stock in connection with the recapitalization of the Company in December 1995, a change of ownership (as defined in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) occurred. As a result of this change, the Company's federal and state net operating loss carryforwards generated through December 31, 1995 (approximately \$13,500,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively) will be subject to a total annual limitation in the amount of approximately \$400,000. Except for the amounts described below, the Company expects that the carryforward amounts will not be available prior to the expiration of the carryforward periods. As a consequence of the limitation, the Company had at December 31, 1996 a net operating loss carryover of approximately \$8,700,000 for federal income tax purposes which expires between 2005 and 2011, and a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$2,100,000 for state income tax purposes which expires between 1997 and 2001. See Note 7 of notes to consolidated financial statements.

Net Loss. The net loss for Fiscal 1996 (approximately \$3,449,000) decreased by approximately \$605,000, or 15%, as compared to the net loss for Fiscal 1995 (approximately \$4,054,000), primarily due to improved gross margin partially offset by an increase in operating expenses, principally due to stock compensation expense, increased participation in tradeshows in Germany and increased research and development staffing.

Preferred Stock Dividends. The Company accumulated preferred stock dividends on the Series B and Series C Preferred Stock at 8% per annum until December 1995, when these cumulative dividends, together with the Series B and Series C Preferred Stock, were converted into Common Stock. The Series D Preferred Stock, which was outstanding until it was automatically converted upon the close of the Company's Initial Public Offering, did not provide for cumulative dividends.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Since inception, the Company's expenses have exceeded net sales. Operations have been funded primarily from the issuance of debt and the sale of equity securities aggregating approximately \$23.8 million. In addition, the Company was the beneficiary of proceeds from a \$3 million key-man life insurance policy in 1993 upon the death of one of its executives.

The Company used cash from operating activities of approximately \$3,508,000, \$3,432,000, \$1,781,000 and \$2,182,000 in Fiscal 1995, Fiscal 1996, and the 1996 and 1997 Interim Periods, respectively. Net cash used for operations in each of these periods resulted primarily from the net loss. Cash used for operations in Fiscal 1995 reflected a decrease in inventory of approximately \$138,000 due to the disbursement of items in inventory to conduct clinical trials, an increase in other liabilities due to an accrual to recognize costs related to the completion of the Robodoc clinical trials and payments made under a severance agreement with a

former executive officer in the approximate amount of \$163,000. Cash used for operations in Fiscal 1996 reflected a payment made on a note payable held by a supplier, a decrease in a customer deposit relating to the delivery of a commercial system and increases in accounts receivable and inventory. Cash used for operations in the 1996 Interim Period reflected a payment made on a note payable held by a supplier and a decrease in a customer deposit relating to the delivery of a commercial system. Cash used for operations in the 1997 Interim Period reflected an increase in inventories, an increase in customer deposits, a decrease in receivables and a decrease in payables to a subcontractor. The Company is eligible to receive reimbursement for 49% of its qualified expenditures under the terms of a grant from the National Institute for Standards & Technology ("NIST"). The Company received reimbursements from this program of approximately \$19,000 and \$116,000 for Fiscal 1995 and Fiscal 1996, respectively.

The Company's investing activities have consisted primarily of expenditures for property and equipment which totaled approximately \$121,000, \$41,000, \$10,000 and \$102,000 in Fiscal 1995, Fiscal 1996, and the 1996 and 1997 Interim Periods, respectively. Included in Fiscal 1995 is a ROBODOC System owned by the Company and placed in a clinic in Germany for clinical evaluation. This system was sold to the clinic during Fiscal 1996.

Cash provided by financing activities from inception through June 30, 1997 comprised the net cash proceeds from the sale of a convertible note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000, the sale of convertible preferred stock and warrants for \$14,676,000, and the sale of Common Stock and warrants for approximately \$6,090,000, resulting from the Company's initial public offering in November 1996, and approximately \$16,300 from the exercise of stock options during the first six months of 1997. As part of the recapitalization of the Company in December 1995, the entire \$3,000,000 principal amount of the convertible note, together with accrued interest thereon of approximately \$1,224,000, was converted into a warrant to purchase Common Stock. A total of \$11,734,000 and \$2,942,000 of preferred stock and warrants to purchase preferred stock was converted into Common Stock and warrants to purchase common stock in December 1995 and November 1996, respectively.

The Company expects to incur additional operating losses at least through 1997. These losses will be as a result of expenditures related to product development projects and the establishment of marketing, sales, service and training organizations. The timing and amounts of these expenditures will depend on many factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control, such as the requirements for and time required to obtain FDA authorization to market the ROBODOC System, the progress of the Company's product development projects and market acceptance of the Company's products. The Company expects its current funding (including the anticipated proceeds of this Offering) and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to finance its operations through 1999.

INVESTMENTS IN PLANT, PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	1994	1995	1996	1997	
	(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)				
Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc	\$476	\$121	\$41	\$102	
IMMI		\$194	\$39	\$194	
	\$476	\$315	\$80	\$296	

Investments in 1994 included the capitalization of ROBODOC equipment used for clinical evaluations.

Investments in 1995 and 1996 were comprised primarily of computers, office furniture and fixtures and other equipment to support research and engineering development efforts.

Investments during the six months ended June 30, 1997 were for computers, office furniture and fixtures and other equipment necessary to support expanding operations. In addition, IMMI spent \$121,000 on the capitalization of NeuroMate equipment.

GLOSSARY

The following glossary is intended to provide the reader with an explanation of certain terms used in this Prospectus.

510(K)	Pre-market notification application required in the United States to market medical devices that are "substantially equivalent" to medical devices previously approved by the FDA or were marketed in the United States prior to May 28, 1976 (the date of the Medical Device Amendment to the FDC Act) pursuant to the FDC Act.
ACETABULUM	Hip socket.
ACTIVE ROBOT	A robot that is capable of moving by itself. In the context of robotic surgery, active robot refers to a robot that performs a segment of a surgical procedure under the supervision of a surgeon.
CE MARK	The European conformity mark.
CONSUMABLES	Disposable items consumed each time a surgery is performed including sterile drapes, bone screws, cutters and control pendants.
CT SCAN	Computerized tomography scan, which produces multiple x-ray "slices" taken close together, which when reconstructed by a computer provide an accurate three dimensional picture of a patient's anatomy.
FDA	U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
FDC Act	Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
FIXATOR	Device which holds the leg bone still and attaches it to the robot base.
IDE	Investigational device exemption pursuant to the FDC $\ensuremath{Act}\xspace.$
GMP	Good manufacturing practices regulations promulgated by the FDA pursuant to the FDC Act.
IMPLANT	Usually inert metal "hardware" left in the body to repair injuries or replace joints.
IMPLANT LIBRARY	Visual three dimensional renderings of all the sizes and shapes of implants available for use on the system.
ISO	Manufacturing standards established by the International Standards Organization.
MRI	Magnetic resonance imaging, a method of collecting images of the body using radio waves, but without radiation.
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology of the United States Department of Commerce.
ORTHOPAEDICS	The branch of surgery concerned with the skeletal system.
OSTE0T0MY	An angular cut in a bone usually removing a wedge.
PASSIVE ROBOT	A passive robot requires the application of external forces to cause motion. In the context of robotic surgery, a passive robot is used only as an aiming or holding device.
PMA	Pre-market approved application required in the United States to market new medical devices pursuant to the FDC Act.
PROSTHESIS	An artificial substitute for a body part, including joints.
THR	Primary total hip replacement.

TKR..... Total knee replacement.

BUSINESS

The Company develops, manufactures, markets and services image-directed, computer-controlled robotic products for orthopaedic and neurosurgical applications.

Orthopaedic Business

The Company's principal orthopaedic product is the ROBODOC(R) Surgical Assistant System, consisting of a computer-controlled surgical robot and the Company's ORTHODOC(R) Presurgical Planner. The ROBODOC System has been used for primary total hip replacement surgery on over 1,500 patients in Europe and the United States. The Company believes its "active" robotic system is the only available system that can accurately perform key segments of surgical procedures with precise tolerances generally not attainable by traditional manual surgical techniques. The ROBODOC System also allows the surgeon to prepare a preoperative plan specifically designed for the characteristics of the individual patient's anatomy. The technology for the ROBODOC System was initially developed at the University of California, Davis, in collaboration with IBM.

The ORTHODOC is a computer workstation that utilizes the Company's proprietary software for preoperative surgical planning. The ORTHODOC is a part of the ROBODOC System, but the Company also plans to market it separately. The ORTHODOC converts CT scan data of a patient's femur into three-dimensional images, and through a graphical user interface, allows the surgeon to examine the bone more thoroughly and to select the optimal implant for the patient using a built-in library of available implants. A tape of the planned surgical procedure, developed by the ORTHODOC, guides the surgical robot arm of the ROBODOC System to accurately mill a cavity in the bone, thus allowing the surgeon to properly orient and align the implant. Prior to the primary surgery, two titanium locator pins are placed in the patient's femur in an outpatient procedure. These locator pins are used during the primary procedure to orient the ROBODOC System to the ORTHODOC preoperative plan. Non-clinical scientific data published by scientists from the Company and IBM demonstrate that as a result of the precise milling of a cavity, the ROBODOC System achieves over 95% bone-to-implant contact, as compared to an average of 20% bone-to-implant contact when surgery is performed manually.

THR surgery involves the insertion of an implant into a cavity created in the patient's femur. The Company believes that precise fit and correct alignment of the implant within the femoral cavity are key factors in the long-term success of THR surgery. In conventional THR surgery, a bone cavity is cut in the shape of the implant manually with metal tools, and the surgical plan, including the selection of the size and shape of the implant, is generally formulated based upon patient data obtained from two-dimensional x-ray images of the patient's femur. Based upon clinical experience to date in Europe with the ROBODOC System, patients generally have become weight-bearing in a shorter period than generally experienced by patients who have had this surgery performed manually. In addition, clinical data obtained from trials in Europe and the United States indicates that intraoperative fractures have been dramatically reduced in the THR surgeries performed with the ROBODOC System to date). The Company also believes fewer hip revision surgeries (implant replacements) may be necessary for patients who have had primary THR surgery performed with the ROBODOC System, as compared to patients who have this surgery performed manually.

In the past, a majority of THR implants have been held in place with acrylic cement, which fills the spaces between the implant and the bone, thereby anchoring the implant to the femoral cavity ("cemented implants"). During the 1980s, implants that did not require cement ("cementless implants") were developed with materials designed to stimulate bone ingrowth. The selection of a cemented or cementless implant generally is based upon a patient's bone condition and structure, age and activity level. Typically, cemented implants are used for older, less active patients. Furthermore, most implants require replacement within five to 20 years of the first operation. The software package developed by the Company in collaboration with IBM and Johns Hopkins University eliminates the distortion of the x-ray images of the patient's femur used in planning hip revision surgery caused by the metal in the existing implant. Consequently, the surgeon would

have a clearer view of the remaining bone in planning hip revision surgery and thereby be better able to remove fragmented cement without removing any of the remaining thin thigh bone.

Neurosurgical Business

The Company entered the neurosurgical business through the acquisition of IMMI on September 5, 1997. See "Business Acquisition of IMMI." IMMI's principal neurosurgical product is the NeuroMate System, consisting of an image-guided, computer-controlled robotic arm, head stabilizer and monitor. The Company also offers a workstation with presurgical planning software through arrangements with original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs").

The NeuroMate System has been used to perform over 1,500 neurosurgical procedures in France and Japan. The Company believes that the NeuroMate System, which uses IMMI's proprietary robotic arm design and control systems designed specifically for use in the operating room, is the only image-guided, computer-controlled robot currently in use to precisely position and hold critical tools used in the performance of neurosurgical procedures.

Stereotactic neurosurgery involves the registration of the patient's cranium and brain to external anatomical references such as standard population atlases or, as currently implemented, to the patient's presurgical CT and magnetic resonance images (MRI). By registering certain key anatomical features common to both the images and the patient, the images are used to guide the surgeon to specific sites within the brain through small openings (i.e., not necessitating a craniotomy).

The following table sets forth by product category and geographic area sales of orthopedic products by the Company and neurosurgical products by IMMI for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1994, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997.

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	1994		1995		1996		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1997	
	\$'S	% OF SALES	\$'S	% OF SALES	\$'S	% OF SALES	\$'S	% OF SALES
Sales by Product Category								
Orthopaedic	\$ 289,047	100%	\$174,521	100%	\$2,280,311	84%	\$1,335,668	67%
Neurosurgical					447,310	16%	617,580	31%
Other							44,028	2%
Total								
Sales	\$ 289,047	100%	\$174,521	100%	\$2,727,621	100%	\$1,997,276	100%
	=======	===	======	===	=======	===	========	===
Sales by Geographic Area								
United States	\$ 261,778	91%	\$ 9,295	5%				
Europe	27,269	9%	165,226	95%	\$2,727,621*	100%	\$1,410,575	71%
Japan							586,701	29%
Total								
Sales	\$ 289,047	100%	\$174,521	100%	\$2,727,621	100%	\$1,997,276	100%
	========	===	=======	===	=======	===	========	===

THE MARKET

The orthopaedic and neurosurgery markets are well established and are now evolving toward increased reliance on image guidance and computer assistance in the planning and execution of surgical procedures. Industry experts estimate that the worldwide image-guided, computer assisted surgery market will rapidly grow to \$7.6 billion by the year 2000.

^{*} Includes sales of neurosurgical products by IMMI.

Orthopaedic Market

According to an industry study, in 1995 the worldwide orthopaedic market (which includes power surgical instruments, prosthetic devices, fixation devices and bone growth stimulants) was approximately \$6.8 billion, including approximately \$3.9 billion in the United States (constituting approximately 57% of the worldwide market) and approximately \$1.6 billion in Europe (constituting approximately 24% of the worldwide market). In 1995, over 600,000 hip implants were sold worldwide, of which 280,000 were sold in the United States. Similarly in 1995, over 400,000 knee implants were sold worldwide, of which 289,000 were sold in the United States. The growth in hip and knee surgeries is expected to be in the range of 4% to 7% per annum over the next several years. This anticipated growth is based upon the growth in the number of people reaching an age (60 and over) where orthopaedic surgeries are more prevalent, and also on an increasingly active population. Finally, an earlier generation of implanted prostheses have reached an age where replacement is increasingly necessary, thus resulting in an increased demand for hip and knee revision surgeries.

According to the American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons, in the United States there are approximately 15,000 orthopaedic surgeons and over 5,000 hospitals performing orthopaedic surgeries that have, or have access to, CT scanners. Of these, approximately 1,000 hospitals perform over 150 orthopaedic surgeries (hip and knee) per year. There are approximately 800 hospitals in Germany that have a CT scanner and perform the vast majority of the orthopaedic surgeries. Since the procedure for performing THR surgery using the ROBODOC System requires a CT scan of the patient prior to surgery, these are the primary centers that would consider purchasing the ROBODOC System. According to industry sources, there are an additional 1,000 hospitals in the rest of Europe that perform a significant number of orthopaedic and trauma surgeries.

Neurosurgical Market

Because of the relative inaccessibility of the brain and the need to provide brain-conserving surgical techniques, neurosurgery is rapidly moving toward increased utilization and reliance on image guidance and the use of computers in planning and executing surgical procedures. In fact, modern computer assisted, image-guided surgery was chiefly pioneered in neurosurgical applications. The market now consists of traditional frame-based devices; non-microscope, freehand "navigators"; and stereotactic microscopes. All of these systems are capable of using, or are controlled through, image guidance.

The Company estimates that stereotactic neurosurgery is performed at 1,200 sites worldwide. Eighty-five percent of those sites are in the United States, Europe and Japan, where the Company will concentrate its sales and marketing efforts.

STRATEGY

The Company is seeking to establish itself as a leading provider of innovative image-directed, computer-controlled robotic technologies worldwide. The current focus is on the orthopaedic and neurosurgical markets. The Company also plans to further exploit its image-directed robotics technology by incorporating additional imaging modalities for presurgical planning, including ultrasound (which is less expensive than CT) and magnetic resonance imaging (which unlike CT does not involve the risk of radiation).

Orthopaedic Market

The Company currently markets and sells ROBODOC Systems in Europe. The Company's business strategy over the next two years is to concentrate its marketing and sales efforts on selling the ROBODOC System throughout Europe and then Japan, subject to obtaining the requisite approval from the Japanese Ministry of Health. When and if approval is received from the FDA, the Company plans to market and sell the ROBODOC System in the United States. The Company will thereby attempt to establish an installed customer base in Europe, Japan and other foreign markets through the sale of its ROBODOC System, and offer its customers separate software packages for each new orthopaedic application if, as and when developed by the Company. Consequently, the Company's customers would be able to use the ROBODOC System as

the platform for performing a variety of orthopaedic surgical procedures without incurring significant additional hardware costs.

Neurosurgical Market

The NeuroMate is currently marketed in Europe and Japan, and its introduction in the United States is anticipated in early 1998. The Company's strategy is to market its NeuroMate as the platform system for major neurosurgeries, and will require its customers to purchase only the application-specific software and accessories for each new application.

PRODUCTS

The Company's products are:

- ROBODOC System

The ROBODOC System, whose principal components are a computer-controlled, five-axis surgical robot and the Company's ORTHODOC Presurgical Planner, is an active robotic system that can accurately perform key segments of surgical procedures with precise tolerances generally not attainable by traditional surgical techniques. The ROBODOC System allows the surgeon to prepare a preoperative plan customized to the characteristics of the individual patient's anatomy and generates a tape instructing the computer-controlled robot to implement the surgical plan. The ROBODOC System includes a display console for screen prompts and surgical plan simulation, a control cabinet for computers and other electronic components, and proprietary applications and robot control software. The surgeon communicates with the robot via a sterile controller. Attendant supplies include custom surgical drapes, specially designed cutters, a leg-holding device (fixator) and a bone motion-detecting apparatus.

The sales price of the ROBODOC System is currently \$635,000 and includes full warranty that includes a service contract for the first year, installation, training and some consumables. The service contract is renewable annually for \$63,500 and entitles the customer to upgrades and limited consumables.

- ORTHODOC System

The ORTHODOC is a Pentium(R)-based computer workstation that utilizes the Company's proprietary software for preoperative surgical planning. The ORTHODOC, an integral part of the ROBODOC System also may be sold separately as a surgical planner. The ORTHODOC converts CT scan data of a patient's femur into three dimensional models of the femur on a high-resolution monitor, and through a graphical user interface permits the surgeon to examine the bone more thoroughly, select the optimal implant for the patient using a built-in library of available implants and select the position of the implant in the femur prior to surgery. Additional software that will utilize images obtained by digitizing x-ray film is planned as an option for ORTHODOC customers, in addition to other features such as providing surgeons the ability to plan hip revision cases.

The Company expects the price of the ORTHODOC to range from \$33,000 to \$95,000, depending on the features selected.

- NeuroMate System

The NeuroMate's principal component is a five-axis robot designed specifically for surgical applications. This proprietary design includes automatic self-braking joints, sensor redundancy and embedded controllers. In addition, NeuroMate's low electro-magnetic emissions, easy cleaning and ergonomic design are all specific to operating room requirements. The NeuroMate can utilize data (e.g., CT and MRI images) from the site's existing presurgical planning workstation. If the site does not have a presurgical planning workstation, the Company can supply one through OEM arrangements with vendors, or the site can purchase its own independently. Using the workstation and NeuroMate's virtual images, the surgeon plans the optimal trajectory and robot position for the surgery. NeuroMate can be configured to position and hold a variety of surgical tools used in stereotactic surgery with a degree of accuracy unattainable from other stereotactic devices. Tool guide and robot positioning is achieved within 45 seconds.

The sales price of the NeuroMate System is approximately \$300,000 and includes full warranty that includes a service contract for the first year, installation and training. Installation includes interfacing the customer's presurgical planning workstation to NeuroMate, when required. The service contract is renewable annually for \$30,000.

POTENTIAL ORTHOPAEDIC AND NEUROSURGICAL APPLICATIONS

The Company intends to offer separate software packages for each new application if, as and when developed by the Company. Consequently, the Company's customers would be able to use the Systems as platforms to perform a variety of surgical procedures without incurring significant additional hardware costs. The Company plans to develop software packages for the following orthopaedic and neurosurgical surgical procedures.

- Potential Orthopaedic Applications

Hip Revision. Hip revision surgery generally is required to replace loose or otherwise failed implants. Most implants require replacement in five to 20 years after the first operation. Hip revision surgery generally is difficult, time consuming and complex. The metal in the existing implant distorts x-ray images used for planning the surgery, obstructing the view of the remaining bone and, if a cemented implant is to be replaced, the location of the cement mantle. The removal of the fragmented cement without removing any of the remaining thin bone structure is a major challenge for the surgeon.

The Company has developed a software package for hip revision surgery using the ROBODOC System, in collaboration with IBM and Johns Hopkins University. The development of the hip revision application has been funded in part by a grant from the National Institute for Standards and Technology (Advanced Technology Program) of the United States Department of Commerce. See "Business -- Research and Development." The first phase of the hip revision project related to the development and implementation of software to create a clearer image of the remaining bone and fragmented cement in preparing the surgical plan. The second phase of the project involved its validation in a clinical setting. The Company believes that its hip revision software will improve surgical planning and enable the robot to remove cement more precisely than if the hip revision procedure were performed manually. The Company has completed clinical trials of the hip revision application in Europe and plans to commence marketing the software package for the hip revision application to its customers in Europe in early 1998.

Total Knee Replacement. The Company plans to develop a software package for total knee replacement ("TKR") surgery using the ROBODOC System. The proposed application module is intended to enable the ROBODOC System to select the optimal implant for the patient and make accurate cuts in the bone, thus allowing the surgeon to properly orient and align the implant. The proposed application module to be developed by the Company for TKR surgery performed with the ROBODOC System, if and when developed, is intended to result in a precise and accurate fit for implants that are properly sized and placed, regardless of bone quality. Furthermore, the Company believes that if and when this application module is developed, implant longevity and the prognosis for restored biomechanics will be significantly improved as a result of TKR surgery performed with the ROBODOC System.

Acetabulum Replacement and Revision. The Company plans to complement the THR femoral replacement application with acetabular cup planning and bone preparation for hip socket replacement surgery. Currently, surgeons estimate the size of the cup-shaped cavity in hip socket surgery using x-rays, which are subject to distortion. Working in a narrow space with a limited view, the surgeon ultimately selects the final cup size through trial and error. Due to the limitations of available surgical tools, the surgeon is obliged to use a hemispheric reamer and cup, although the human acetabulum (hip socket) is an irregular shape. The Company believes that the application module for this application, if and when developed, would enable the computer-controlled robot to prepare an accurate bed for the implant, based on its specifications, and could prepare an irregularly shaped socket for a custom or anatomically-shaped acetabular component. The three-dimensional capability of the ORTHODOC would better enable it to determine and display the irregular shape of the acetabulum and instruct the robot to prepare the proper socket. This procedure potentially could solve the problem of leg-length discrepancies which often originate at the acetabulum.

Osteotomies. Osteotomies are precise cuts in bone intended to reshape or realign abnormal or deformed structures. The Company's engineers have generated a detailed work plan to adapt the ROBODOC System for use in performing long-bone osteotomies on femurs and tibias (i.e., shin bones). The proposed application module for this application, if and when developed, is intended to enable the surgeon using the views of the bone created by the ORTHODOC from CT scan data, to make trial cuts, remove bone and manipulate the remaining fragments, and experiment with the appropriate placement of plates and screws. The surgeon's final plan would be saved on a tape that would instruct the robot where to make saw cuts. The computer-controlled robot would then orient itself in space by using topographical features of the operative bone. A fixator would secure the bone to the robot. The computer-controlled robot would then pre-place screw holes to facilitate the final realignment and make the actual cuts.

- Potential Neurosurgical Applications

Spine surgery. Surgical interventions in the spine generally involve tumor biopsy/resection; vascular repair; implants of plates, rods, screws, or other implantable devices or substances; and bone fusions of various types. The Company believes that its image-directed, computer-controlled robotic technology is applicable in most of these interventions and will significantly enhance precision and accuracy in many of them. Spine surgery is a large segment of both neurosurgery and orthopaedic surgery, as the nature of the abnormality may involve the nervous system or the vertebral column, or both. A significant part of this application involves the insertion of vertebral pedicle screws, discussed below.

Vertebral Pedicle Screws. Pedicle screws are used to fuse vertebrae in need of repair due to trauma or herniated disc disease. The procedure involves the placement of screws straight down the center of an irregular section of a fragile bone only twice the diameter of the screw itself. Precise placement of a screw affects the outcome of the surgery. Misplacement of a screw can result in failure of the repair, trauma to the adjacent spinal cord, or rupture of nearby blood sinuses which can hemorrhage severely. The Company believes that if and when the development of the proposed application module for this surgical procedure is completed, the NeuroMate System will be capable of performing this surgical procedure more safely and effectively than surgery performed manually since the computer-controlled robot is better able to precisely orient its tool in a manner compatible with what is required for screw placement.

AVAILABLE CLINICAL DATA; RISK VERSUS BENEFIT ISSUES

The Company has conducted a randomized clinical trial in the United States at three centers using the ROBODOC System. Of the 120 patients enrolled in the U.S. clinical study, 71 hips received treatment with the ROBODOC System and 65 hips in a control group received conventional THR surgery. In addition, at least 1,400 patients have received treatment with the ROBODOC System in Europe, although not as part of the formal U.S. clinical study.

In initial communications with the Company, the FDA has indicated a strong "preference" for two-year post-operative data from patients in the U.S. clinical trial. In a recent meeting, however, the FDA indicated that it may accept a PMA application for filing with two-year post-operative data only on some patients and permit the Company to submit the additional post-operative data while the PMA application is under review. However, there can be no assurance that the FDA will not require complete two-year post-operative data on all patients participating in the U.S. clinical trial before accepting a PMA application for filing. The last patient receiving surgery in the U.S. clinical trial will reach the two-year post-operative mark in February 1998.

Although the Company's Investigational Device Exemption ("IDE") application to the FDA for its U.S. clinical study initially requested authorization for 300 patients (150 ROBODOC System; 150 control group), the Company elected to conclude the clinical study after enrolling only 120 patients, since management believed that the clinical data from that study, together with the data obtained from surgeries performed in Europe, would be sufficient to demonstrate the clinical effectiveness and safety of the ROBODOC System. There have been at least 1,500 primary THR surgeries performed with the ROBODOC System in the U.S. clinical trial and the European study (without a control group). If the FDA concludes that the existing clinical data is insufficient to establish the safety and efficacy of the ROBODOC System, the FDA could require the

Company to obtain additional clinical data, which could significantly delay completion of the PMA review process.

The Company believes that achieving better implant fit and alignment in the femoral cavity are significant factors in the success of cementless THR surgery. Based upon a comparison in the U.S. clinical trial of radiographs for ROBODOC System surgeries versus conventional THR surgeries, the Company believes that the clinical data appear to indicate that the ROBODOC System achieves better implant fit and alignment. There can be no assurance that the FDA will reach the same conclusion, or that the FDA will agree that implant fit and alignment are significant surgical endpoints.

The Company also believes that a reduced incidence of intraoperative fractures with the ROBODOC System compared to conventional THR surgery would offer an important benefit. The scientific and medical literature reports an intraoperative fracture rate ranging from approximately 6 to 24 percent with conventional THR surgery. The clinical data from the U.S. clinical trials reflect no such fractures for ROBODOC System patients versus three for the control group patients. The clinical data from the European study reflect no intraoperative fractures with ROBODOC System patients. There can be no assurance that the FDA will agree that the ROBODOC System offers a clinically significant reduction in intraoperative fractures.

The U.S. clinical data reflect significantly greater surgery time and blood loss with the ROBODOC System, which could raise an issue with the FDA as to the risk versus benefit of the device. Based on the clinical data to date, the Company is not aware of clinically significant adverse effects or increased risk to the patient attributable to the increased surgery time or blood loss. Also, the European data suggest that it is possible to reduce surgery time as surgeons gain experience with the device. The surgeons in Europe who have used the ROBODOC System have reduced surgery time to levels roughly comparable to those they have experienced with conventional methods of THR surgery. The more limited clinical data from the U.S. clinical trial, with fewer patients per center, do not show a decrease. Nonetheless, the Company believes that the reduction in surgery time shown in the European data can be replicated in the U.S. as surgeons receive more training and gain more experience with the ROBODOC System. However, there can be no assurance that the FDA will consider the European data adequate to extrapolate that surgery time can be reduced in the U.S.

In February 1995, a law firm specializing in FDA regulatory matters examined an interim report of preliminary data and concluded that it was doubtful that the FDA would find that the device was safe and effective for its intended use, or provided a therapeutic benefit, sufficient to permit PMA approval, if the FDA were presented with the then existing preliminary data or future data qualitatively similar to the preliminary data. One of the Company's principal investigators and a co-inventor of the ROBODOC System reviewed the law firm's report contemporaneously and disagreed with its conclusions. The interim report reflected available data from: (i) the U.S. clinical trial, which at the time consisted of reported data from 34 ROBODOC System hips and 18 control group hips (except for the intraoperative fracture rate data, which was reported for 51 ROBODOC System subjects and 42 control group subjects); and (ii) the German study, which consisted of reported data from 20 ROBODOC System patients. To there is reported data in the U.S. clinical trial from 71 ROBODOC System hips and 65 control group hips, and in the European study from at least 790 ROBODOC System patients. The Company's Director of Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance resigned in September 1996 and subsequently has asserted that one of the reasons for his resignation was his concern about the adequacy of the Company's clinical data.

The Company believes that the preliminary data at the time of the interim report were not sufficient to allow a meaningful evaluation. For example, the radiographic interpretations measuring the implant fit and alignment parameters were not yet completed and, therefore, were not included in the interim report upon which the law firm's analysis was based. Similarly, the law firm's analysis of the surgery time and blood loss safety concerns does not reflect additional clinical data collected subsequent to February 1995, which the Company believes continue to show a lack of clinically significant adverse effects and, in the German data, a reduction in surgery time as surgeons gain experience with the ROBODOC System. Also, the more complete data appear to show that the variety of other adverse events cited in the law firm's report are roughly comparable to those experienced by the control group subjects, with the exception of post-operative knee pain (lasting up to six weeks) resulting from the locator pins used to orient the ROBODOC System. Finally, the law firm's report cited reliability problems with the device, which at the time was in the prototype stage. The

Company believes that subsequent refinements in the device and the development of a commercial model have improved the ROBODOC System's reliability. The Company has not engaged an independent third party to review the currently available data.

No assurance can be given that the FDA would agree that the Company's currently available clinical data show that the ROBODOC System is safe and effective for its intended use, provides a therapeutic benefit, or has an acceptable risk/benefit ratio in light of increased surgery time and intraoperative blood loss or other adverse events not generally associated with conventional THR surgery. Further, no assurance can be given that the FDA would not require the Company to obtain additional clinical data to resolve any concern about the risk/benefit ratio offered by the ROBODOC System. If the Company were required to obtain such additional data, the FDA review process could be prolonged by several years.

SALES AND MARKETING

The ROBODOC System cannot be marketed in the United States until clearance or approval is obtained from the FDA. The Company has received 510(k) clearance from the FDA to sell the ORTHODOC in the United States. The NeuroMate System also has received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for marketing in the United States and from the Japanese Ministry of Health for marketing in Japan. Presentations to potential customers focus on the clinical benefits obtained by patients, and the potential financial and marketing benefits obtained by hospitals and surgeons.

The Company has commenced marketing the ROBODOC System to orthopaedic and trauma surgeons and hospitals in Europe through direct sales and arrangements with implant manufacturers. To date, the Company's direct sales efforts have been primarily in Germany and Austria. Over 850 THR surgeries have been performed with the ROBODOC Systems at the Berufsgenossenschaftliche Unfallklinik ("BGU") clinic in Frankfurt, Germany since August 1994. As result of a significant increase in the number of THR surgeries performed at the clinic with the ROBODOC System, the BGU clinic purchased a second ROBODOC System in the second quarter of 1996. The Company intends to commence marketing the ORTHODOC to hospitals, orthopaedic surgeons and implant manufacturers in the United States and Europe in early 1998.

The NeuroMate System is being marketed in Europe through a direct sales force and in Japan through a Japanese distributor. In the United States it will be marketed through a direct sales force and select distributors beginning in early 1998.

The Company promotes its products through presentations at trade shows and advertisements in professional journals and technical and clinical publications, as well as through direct mail campaigns. A significant portion of the net proceeds of this Offering will be used for marketing and sales activities with respect to Company's products, primarily in Europe, and to establish a sales and marketing staff. See "Use of Proceeds."

To accelerate sales and reduce the lengthy sales cycle, the Company has entered into informal leasing arrangements with two major multinational leasing companies. Based upon lease financing proposals offered to customers in Germany by leasing companies, the monthly lease payment for a five-year lease for the ROBODOC System would be equivalent to the average price of one THR surgery.

MANUFACTURING

The Company's manufacturing process consists primarily of final assembly of purchased components, testing of the products and packaging, and is conducted at its facilities in Sacramento, California and Lyon, France. The Company purchases substantially all the components for its Systems from outside vendors, then assembles these parts and installs its proprietary software.

The ROBODOC System consists of the robot, base and the control cabinet, which are connected through four interface cables, and the ORTHODOC. The NeuroMate System consists of a robot arm, electronics control and base. Sankyo Seiki of Japan supplies the robot for the ROBODOC System customized to the Company's specifications and Audemars-Piguet supplies the customized robot for the NeuroMate System. Upon delivery of a robot, the Company performs a series of tests to verify proper functioning. The

customization and supply process for the robots currently requires approximately four months lead time. While the robots can be obtained from other suppliers with appropriate modifications and engineering effort, there can be no assurance that delays resulting from the required modifications or engineering effort to adopt alternative components would not adversely affect the Company. See "Risk Factors -- Dependence on Supplier for Robot." Ancillary items required to perform robotic surgeries, including devices for fixing the hip and attaching it to the robot, numerous probes, cutter bearing sleeves and tool guides, are assembled and tested separately.

Consumables, including sterile drapes, bone screws, cutters and pendants, are also manufactured by outside vendors according to the Company's specification and are inspected upon receipt to ensure that these specifications are consistently met. The Company purchases these items in quantity and distributes them on a per order basis. The Company also coordinates the packaging and sterilization of certain items. The Company's policy is to procure its consumables from vendors that it approves after ensuring that the goods comply with the Company's sterilization requirements.

The ORTHODOC consists of a pentium-based computer workstation and associated peripherals, and includes the Company's proprietary software. The Company purchases and then tests the computer as a complete package. A computer board is added to interface to CT/x-ray scanner input modules and, if required, the ROBODOC System's tape output drive. The hard drive is reformatted to accept the operating system, and appropriate ORTHODOC software is installed. The unit is built configured for 110 or 220 AC volt operation.

The Company's manufacturing facilities are subject to periodic inspection by the FDA for compliance with Good Manufacturing Practices ("GMP"). In addition, the Company's products will be required to satisfy European manufacturing standards for sale in Europe. The Company believes that it is in compliance with GMP and expects to obtain ISO-9000 certification, which will be required for sales of its products in Europe after June 14, 1998, by the end of 1997. See "Business -- Government Regulation."

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Since its inception, the Company's research and development activities have focused on the development of innovative image-directed computer-controlled robotic products for surgical applications and operating software for these products. The Company incurred research and development expenses of approximately \$2,469,000 and \$2,361,000 in connection with the development of the ROBODOC System and the ORTHODOC for the years ended December 31, 1996 and December 31, 1995, respectively.

The Company has developed a software package for hip revision surgery, in collaboration with IBM and Johns Hopkins University, funded in part by a grant from the National Institute for Standards and Technology (Advanced Technology Program) of the United States Department of Commerce ("NIST"). Hip revision surgery generally is difficult, time consuming and complex. The metal in the existing implant distorts x-ray images used for planning the surgery, obstructing the remaining bone and, if a cemented implant is to be replaced, the location of the cement mantle. The removal of the cement mantle without removing any of the remaining thin bone structure is a major challenge for the surgeon. The first phase of the hip revision project related to the development and implementation of software to create a clearer image of the remaining bone and fragmented cement in preparing the surgical plan. The second phase of the project involved its validation in a clinical setting. The Company believes that its hip revision application module will improve surgical planning for hip revision surgery and enable the robot to remove cement more precisely than if the hip revision procedure were performed manually.

Under the terms of the NIST grant, the Company, IBM and Johns Hopkins University are entitled to reimbursement for 49% of the expenses incurred in connection with the project for a period of three years. The maximum amount of expenses subject to reimbursement under the grant is approximately \$4,000,000, so that not more than \$1,960,000 in expenses may be reimbursed in the aggregate to the Company, IBM and Johns Hopkins University under the grant. The Company has incurred research and development expenses of approximately \$787,000 in connection with the hip revision project through June 30, 1997. As of June 30, 1997, the Company had received \$304,000 under the terms of the grant. See "Use of Proceeds" and

"Business -- Potential Orthopaedic and Neurosurgical Applications." The Company has completed clinical trials for the hip revision application in Europe and plans to commence marketing the software for the hip revision application to its customers in Europe in early 1998.

The Company offers five lines of prostheses on its library of hip implants at clinical sites. It is expanding the library to include multiple implant lines, revision stems, and custom-made prostheses. The Company has received orders from Howmedica, a division of Pfizer, and Johnson & Johnson Professional, Inc. ("J&J") to add their respective hip prostheses to its existing software library, which included the implant libraries of Biomet and DePuy. When completed, this will allow orthopaedic surgeons to plan hip replacement surgeries using Howmedica's and J&J's line of implants. The Company will further expand the library of implants used at clinical sites to include multiple implant lines, revision stems, and custom-made prostheses. The Company has also commenced preliminary work with respect to the application of the base technology for total knee replacement and with respect to the application of the base technology for total knee replacement surgery.

IMMI is the recipient of an interest-free loan from ANVAR (a national agency in France established to aid research and development projects) in the amount of approximately \$153,000. This loan provides funding for the development of the NeuroMate System for spine surgery. This project is currently in its first phase of development in connection with a University hospital in Lille, France. Under certain conditions (e.g., if at the completion of the project it is not deemed a "success") there will be no requirement to repay the loan.

IMMI also is the recipient of a grant from ANVAR in the amount of approximately \$222,000, of which IMMI has received approximately \$174,000 through June 30, 1997. This grant funds 50% of the cost to build and install NeuroMate Systems at two clinics in France as well as the costs to perform a clinical study at these sites.

As of September 1, 1997, the Company's engineering staff comprised 34 engineers (including 4 Ph.D.s) in a variety of specialities.

ACQUISITION OF IMMI

On September 5, 1997, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of IMMI in exchange for 619,355 shares of Common Stock (the "IMMI Shares") in a transaction to be accounted for as a purchase. In connection with the acquisition, the Company agreed to file a registration statement for the resale of the IMMI Shares in the United States on or about November 21, 1997, subject to certain volume limitations. See "Description of Securities -- Shares Eligible for Future Sale." In addition, the Company guaranteed the payment of indebtedness incurred by IMMI under a revolving line of credit with Societe Generale and Banque Populaire du Dauphine Et Des Alpes Du Sud ("Banque Populaire"). As of June 30, 1997, the aggregate amount of indebtedness payable under this credit facility was approximately \$290,000. The payment of this indebtedness is secured by a lien on substantially all of the assets of IMMI.

Based on management's preliminary allocation of the purchase price, the Company expects to incur a charge of approximately \$300,000 for in-process research and development. In addition, the Company will record approximately \$800,000 in annual amortization charges for the acquired technology in connection with the acquisition of IMMI.

SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY BOARD

The Company has established relationships with the outside scientific advisors listed below. These scientific and medical experts provide strategic advice to the Company regarding its research and development programs, new technological advances and medical requirements. It is anticipated that meetings of the Company's scientific advisors will be held quarterly.

RUSSELL TAYLOR, PH.D., has been a professor of Computer Science at Johns Hopkins University since 1995. From 1976 through 1995, Dr. Taylor was a staff member or manager of various departments at the Research Division of IBM. Dr. Taylor is a member of the editorial board of the International Journal of Robotics Research and the Journal of Image Guided Surgery and Medical Image Analysis. Dr. Taylor received a Ph.D. in Computer Science from Stanford University in 1976.

RONALD KIKINIS, M.D. has been the Director of the Surgical Planning Laboratory of the Department of Radiology, Brigham & Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School since 1990 and has been a Research Assistant Professor of Biomedical Engineering at Boston University since 1992. From 1986 to 1988, Dr. Kikinis was a research fellow at the University Hospital in Zurich, Switzerland. He received his M.D. from the University of Zurich in 1982.

KENNETH ALAN KRACKOW, M.D., an orthopaedic surgeon specializing in total knee replacement, has been a professor of Orthopaedics at the State University of New York at Buffalo and head of the Department of Orthopaedic Surgery at Buffalo General Hospital since 1992. From 1978 through 1992, he was a Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery at Johns Hopkins University. Dr. Krackow received an M.D. from Duke University in 1971.

RAINER KOTZ, M.D., an orthopaedic surgeon specializing in total hip replacement and limb salvage, has been the Head of the Department of Orthopaedics, University of Vienna, Austria since 1984. He is President-elect of the German Association for Orthopaedics and Traumatology. Dr. Kotz received an M.D. from the University of Vienna in 1967.

COMPETITION

The principal competition for the ROBODOC System is manual surgery performed by orthopaedic surgeons, using surgical power tools and manual devices. The providers of these instruments are the major orthopaedic companies, which include Howmedica, Inc. (a subsidiary of Pfizer, Inc.), located in New York; Zimmer, Inc. (a subsidiary of Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), located in Indiana; Johnson & Johnson Orthopaedics, Inc. (a subsidiary of Johnson & Johnson), located in New Jersey; DePuy, Inc., located in Indiana; Biomet, Inc. located in Indiana; and Osteonics, Inc. (a subsidiary of the Stryker Corporation), located in New Jersey. MAQUET, a manufacturer of operating tables located in Germany, has recently announced that it intends to market a device similar to ROBODOC in mid 1998. The principal competition for NeuroMate is from manufacturers of frame-based and frameless stereotactic systems, some of which are commonly called "navigators". Approximately twenty navigator models have been introduced, including those by Radionics, Sofamor Danek, and Ohio Medical Surgical Products, all located in the U.S.; Elekta, located in Sweden; and, Fischer Leibingher and Brain Lab, both located in Germany. In addition, there are companies in the medical products industry capable of developing and marketing computer-controlled robotic systems for surgical applications, many of whom have significantly greater financial, technical, manufacturing, marketing and distribution resources than those of the Company, and have established reputations in the medical device industry. However, the Company believes that it enjoys a significant competitive advantage over such companies in view of the time required to develop an image-directed, computer controlled robotic system and to obtain the necessary regulatory approvals, including the sponsorship of clinical trials. There can be no assurance that future competition will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business.

The Company's ROBODOC System represents a significant technological advancement with respect to the manner in which THR surgery is performed. The Company's image-directed, computer-controlled robotic technology is intended to complement, rather than replace, surgeons in performing THR and other orthopaedic surgeries. Although there are companies which market technologically advanced surgical tools used by surgeons in performing orthopaedic surgeries, including passive robot systems that direct the surgeon in planning and performing surgical procedures (e.g., aiming and holding devices), the Company believes that the ROBODOC System is the only active robotic system that performs a key segment of THR surgery (i.e., milling a bone cavity) under the supervision of a surgeon.

The Company believes the NeuroMate System is the only robotic system presently used for neurosurgery which provides superior accuracy and flexibility as compared to other techniques.

WARRANTY AND SERVICE

The Company offers a full warranty, covering parts and labor, for the first year following the purchase of its products, which warranty coverage can be extended on an annual basis by purchasing a maintenance agreement at a price of approximately 8 to 10% of the original purchase price of the product.

Generally, minor problems have been diagnosed through modem and fixed on-site by users. The Company has developed a service program using a high volume clinical site as a model. The Company plans to provide 24-hour turnaround time for any site. The Company has contracted with a third party in Europe to service the Company's customer base.

The Company trains its customers with its in-house technical staff and with a third party trainer in Europe.

PATENTS AND PROPRIETARY RIGHTS

The Company relies on a combination of patent, trade secret, copyright and trademark laws and contractual restrictions to establish and protect proprietary rights in its products and to maintain its competitive position.

The Company has filed four patent applications, and is preparing for filing additional patent applications covering various aspects of its technology. In addition, IBM has agreed not to assert infringement claims against the Company with respect to an IBM patent relating to robotic medical technology, to the extent such technology is used in the Company's products. Furthermore, significant portions of the ORTHODOC and ROBODOC System software are protected by copyrights. IBM has granted the Company a royalty-free license for the underlying software code for the ROBODOC System. In addition, the Company has registered the marks ROBODOC and ORTHODOC.

The Company's ability to compete successfully may depend, in part, on its ability to obtain and protect patents, protect trade secrets and operate without infringing the proprietary rights of others. However, there can be no assurance that patents will issue from pending or future patent applications, or that the Company will continue to develop its own patentable technologies. Further, there can be no assurance that any patents that may be issued in the future will effectively protect the Company's technology or provide a competitive advantage for the Company's products or will not be challenged, invalidated, or circumvented in the future. In addition, there can be no assurance that competitors, many of which have substantially more resources than the Company and have made substantial investments in competing technologies, will not obtain patents that will prevent, limit or interfere with the Company's ability to make, use or sell its products either in the United States or internationally.

Patent applications in the United States are maintained in secrecy until patents issue, and patent applications in foreign countries are maintained in secrecy for a period after filing. Publication of discoveries in the scientific or patent literature tends to lag behind actual discoveries and the filing of related patent applications. Patents issued and patent applications filed relating to medical devices are numerous, and there can be no assurance that current and potential competitors and other third parties have not filed or in the future will not file applications for, or have not received or in the future will not receive, patents or obtain additional proprietary rights relating to products or processes used or proposed to be used by the Company.

The Company's patent counsel has not undertaken any infringement study to determine whether the Company's products and pending patent applications infringe on other existing patents due to the Company's belief that an infringement study would not be cost-effective, nor offer significant protection against potential infringement claims, if and when made. The medical device industry has been characterized by substantial competition and litigation regarding patent and other proprietary rights. The Company intends to vigorously protect and defend its patents and other proprietary rights relating to its proprietary technology. Litigation alleging infringement claims against the Company (with or without merit), or instituted by the Company to enforce patents issued to the Company or to protect trade secrets or know-how owned by the Company or to determine the enforceability, scope and validity of the proprietary rights of others, is costly and time consuming. If any relevant claims of third-party patents are upheld as valid and enforceable in any litigation or administrative proceedings, the Company could be prevented from practicing the subject matter claimed in such patents, or could be required to obtain licenses from the patent owners of each patent, or to redesign its products or processes to avoid infringement. There can be no assurance that such dicenses would be available or, if available, would be available on terms acceptable to the Company or that the Company would be successful in any attempt to redesign its products or processes to avoid infringement. Accordingly, an adverse determination in a judicial or administrative proceeding or failure to obtain necessary licenses could prevent

the Company from manufacturing and selling its products, which would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company requires each of its employees, consultants, and advisors to execute confidentiality and assignment of inventions and proprietary information agreements in connection with their employment, consulting or advisory relationships with the Company. These agreements generally provide that all inventions, ideas and improvements made or conceived by the individual arising out of his relationship with the Company will be the exclusive property of the Company. This information is required to be kept confidential and not disclosed to third parties, except with the consent of the Company or under certain circumstances. However, there can be no assurance that these agreements will provide effective protection for the Company's proprietary information in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of such information, or that the Company will have adequate remedies in the event of such breach. Furthermore, no assurance can be given that competitors will not independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques or otherwise gain access to the Company's proprietary technology, or that the Company can meaningfully protect its rights in unpatented proprietary technology.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

The medical devices to be marketed and manufactured by the Company are subject to extensive regulation by the FDA and, in some instances, by foreign and state governments. Pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of 1976, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder (the "FDC Act"), the FDA regulates the clinical testing, manufacture, labeling, distribution, and promotion of medical devices. Noncompliance with applicable requirements can result in, among other things, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, recall or seizure of products, total or partial suspension of production, failure of the government to grant pre-market clearance or pre-market approval for devices, withdrawal of marketing clearances or approvals, and criminal prosecution. The FDA also has the authority to request repair, replacement or refund of the cost of any device manufactured or distributed by the Company.

In the United States, medical devices are classified into one of three classes (Class I, II or III), on the basis of the controls deemed necessary by the FDA to reasonably assure their safety and effectiveness. Under FDA regulations, Class I devices are subject to general controls (e.g., labeling, pre-market notification and adherence to good manufacturing practices ("GMP")) and Class II devices are subject to general and special controls (e.g., performance standards, postmarket surveillance, patient registries, and FDA guidelines). Generally, Class III devices are those which must receive pre-market approval by the FDA to ensure their safety and effectiveness (e.g., life-sustaining, life-supporting and implantable devices, or new devices which are not substantially equivalent to legally marketed devices).

Before a new device can be introduced into the market, the manufacturer must generally obtain FDA permission to market through either a 510(k) notification or a pre-market approval ("PMA") application. A 510(k) clearance will be granted if the submitted information establishes that the proposed device is "substantially equivalent" to a legally marketed Class I or II medical device, or to a pre-amendment Class III medical device for which the FDA has not called for PMAs. The FDA has recently been requiring a more vigorous demonstration of substantial equivalence than in the past, including in some cases requiring clinical data. It generally takes from four to 12 months from the date of submission to obtain a 510(k) clearance, but it may take longer. The FDA may determine that a proposed device is not substantially equivalent to a legally marketed device, or that additional information is needed before a substantial equivalence determination can be made. A "not substantially equivalent" determination, or a request for additional information, could delay the market introduction of a new product that falls into this category and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. For any of the Company's products that are cleared through the 510(k) process, modifications or enhancements that could significantly affect the safety or efficacy of the device or that constitute a major change to the intended use of the device will require new 510(k)

A PMA application must be filed if a proposed device is not substantially equivalent to a legally marketed Class I or Class II device, or if it is a pre-amendment Class III device for which FDA has called for PMAs. A

PMA application must be supported by valid scientific evidence, which typically includes extensive data, including human clinical trial data to demonstrate the safety and effectiveness of the device. The PMA application must also contain the results of all relevant bench tests, laboratory and animal studies, a complete description of the device and its components, and a detailed description of the methods, facilities and controls used to manufacture the device. In addition, the submission must include the proposed labeling, advertising literature and any required training materials.

Upon receipt of a PMA application, the FDA makes a threshold determination as to whether the application is sufficiently complete to permit a substantive review. If the FDA determines that the PMA application is sufficiently complete to permit a substantive review, the FDA will accept the application for filing. Once the submission is accepted for filing, the FDA begins an in-depth review of the PMA. An FDA review of a PMA application generally takes one to two years from the date the PMA application is accepted for filing, but may take significantly longer. The review time is often significantly extended by the FDA asking for more information or clarification of information already provided in the submission. During the review period, an advisory committee, typically a panel of clinicians, will likely be convened to review and evaluate the application and provide recommendations as to whether the device should be approved. The FDA is not bound by the recommendations of the advisory panel. Toward the end of the PMA review process, the FDA generally will conduct an inspection of the manufacturer's facilities to ensure that the facilities are in compliance with applicable GMP requirements.

If the FDA's evaluations of both the PMA application and the manufacturing facilities are favorable, the FDA will either issue an approval letter or an approvable letter, which usually contains a number of conditions which must be met in order to secure final approval of the PMA. When and if those conditions have been fulfilled to the satisfaction of FDA, the agency will issue a PMA approval letter, authorizing commercial marketing of the device for certain indications. If the FDA's evaluation of the PMA application or manufacturing facilities are not favorable, the FDA will deny approval of the PMA application or issue a "non-approvable letter." The FDA may also determine that additional clinical trials are necessary, in which case PMA approval may be delayed for years while additional clinical trials are conducted and submitted in an amendment to the PMA. The PMA process can be expensive, uncertain and lengthy and a number of devices for which FDA approval has been sought by other companies have never been approved for marketing.

Modifications to a device that is the subject of an approved PMA, its labeling, or manufacturing process may require approval by the FDA of PMA supplements or new PMAs. Supplements to a PMA often require the submission of the same type of information required for an initial PMA, except that the supplement is generally limited to that information needed to support the proposed change from the product covered by the original PMA.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain necessary regulatory approvals for the ROBODOC System or products under development on a timely basis, or at all, or that the Company will have the necessary resources to obtain such approval. Delays in receipt of or failure to receive such approvals, the loss of previously received approvals, or failure to comply with existing or future regulatory requirements would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operation.

If human clinical trials of a device are required in connection with either a 510(k) notification or a PMA application, and the device presents a "significant risk," the sponsor of the trial (usually the manufacturer or the distributor of the device) is required to file an investigational device exemption ("IDE") application prior to commencing human clinical trials. The IDE application must be supported by data, typically including the results of animal and laboratory testing. If the IDE application is reviewed and approved by the FDA and one or more appropriate Institutional Review Boards ("IRBs"), human clinical trials may begin at a specific number of investigational sites with a specific number of patients, as approved by the FDA. If the device presents a "nonsignificant risk" to the patient, a sponsor may begin the clinical trial after obtaining approval for the study by one or more appropriate IRBs, without the need for FDA approval. Sponsors of clinical trials are permitted to sell those devices distributed in the course of the study provided such compensation does not exceed recovery of the costs of manufacture, research, development and handling. An IDE supplement must

be submitted to and approved by the FDA before a sponsor or an investigator may make a change to the investigational plan that may affect its scientific soundness or the rights, safety or welfare of human subjects.

Any products manufactured or distributed by the Company pursuant to the FDA clearances or approvals are subject to pervasive and continuing regulation by the FDA, including recordkeeping requirements and reporting of adverse experiences with the use of the device. Device manufacturers are required to register their establishments and list their devices with the FDA and with certain state agencies and are subject to periodic inspections by the FDA and certain state agencies. The FDC Act requires devices to be manufactured in accordance with the QSR regulation, which imposes certain procedural and documentation requirements upon the Company with respect to manufacturing and quality assurance activities. The QSR revises the previous GMP regulation and imposes certain enhanced requirements that are likely to increase the cost of compliance, including design controls.

The Company intends to submit a PMA to the FDA in late 1997 for approval to market the ROBODOC System in the United States. The Company intends to make an informal pre-PMA submission of the clinical data to the FDA. Depending upon the FDA's review of this submission, the target date for submitting a PMA application could be extended. There can be no assurance that the PMA application, once submitted, will be accepted for filing, found approvable, or, if found approvable, will not take longer than expected to obtain approval, or will not include unfavorable post-approval restrictions (for example, limitations on the indicated patient population). See "Risk Factors -- Available Clinical Data; Risk Versus Benefit Issues."

After receipt of PMA approval, if any, the Company expects that the FDA would consider new surgical applications for the ROBODOC System to be new indications for use, which generally would require FDA approval of a PMA supplement or, possibly, a new PMA. The FDA is also likely to require additional approvals before the agency will permit the Company to incorporate new imaging modalities (such as ultrasound and MRI) or other new technologies in the ROBODOC System. The FDA likely will require that such additional approvals be supported by new clinical data.

In February 1996, the Company filed a 510(k) submission for the ORTHODOC as a stand-alone device. Such 510(k) submission is the first product clearance or approval filing made by the Company with the FDA. In January 1997, the ORTHODOC received clearance from the FDA for marketing in the United States.

The NeuroMate System received 510(k) clearance from the FDA for marketing in the United States in May 1997.

Labeling and promotion activities are subject to scrutiny by the FDA and, in certain instances, by the Federal Trade Commission. Current FDA enforcement policy prohibits marketing approved medical devices for unapproved uses. The Company and its products are also subject to a variety of state laws and regulations in those states or localities where its products are or will be marketed. Any applicable state or local regulations may hinder the Company's ability to market its products in those states or localities. Manufacturers are also subject to numerous federal, state and local laws relating to such matters as safe working conditions, manufacturing practices, environmental protection, fire hazard control and disposal of hazardous or potentially hazardous substances. There can be no assurance that the Company will not be required to incur significant costs to comply with such laws and regulations now or in the future or that such laws or regulations will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

Exports of products subject to the 510(k) notification requirements, but not yet cleared to market, are permitted without FDA export approval provided certain requirements are met. Unapproved products subject to the PMA requirements must receive prior FDA export approval unless they are approved for use by any member country of the European Union and certain other countries, including Australia, Canada, Israel, Japan, New Zealand, Switzerland and South Africa, in which case they can be exported to any country without prior FDA approval. To obtain FDA export approval, when it is required, certain requirements must be met and information must be provided to the FDA, including documentation demonstrating that the product is approved for import into the country to which it is to be exported and, in some instances, safety data from animal or human studies. There can be no assurance that the Company will receive FDA export approval when such approval is necessary, or that countries to which the devices are to be exported will approve the

devices for import. Failure of the Company to obtain CPEs, meet FDA's export requirements, or obtain FDA export approval when required to do so, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The introduction of the Company's products in foreign markets has subjected will continue to subject the Company to foreign regulatory clearances which may impose additional substantive costs and burdens. International sales of medical devices are subject to the regulatory requirements of each country. The regulatory review process varies from country to country. Many countries also impose product standards, packaging requirements, labeling requirements and import restrictions on devices. In addition, each country has its own tariff regulations, duties and tax requirements. Approval by the FDA and foreign government authorities is unpredictable and uncertain, and no assurance can be given that the necessary approvals or clearances for the Company's products will be granted on a timely basis or at all. Delays in receipt of, or a failure to receive, such approvals or clearances, or the loss of any previously received approvals or clearances, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The ROBODOC System satisfies international electromedical standard IEC 601-1 and the protection requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (89/336/EEC), thus allowing the Company to apply the CE Mark. This conformity is evidenced by the grant of a GS-Mark by Technische Ubermachtungs Verein Rheinland ("TUV"), a testing body in Germany, under current German regulations. The ROBODOC System also satisfies the relevant provisions of the Medical Device Directive for a Class II b Medical Device.

The NeuroMate System satisfies the relevant provisions of the Medical Device Directive for a Class IIb Medical Device, thus allowing the Company to apply the CE Mark. In June 1997, the NeuroMate System received clearance from the Japanese Ministry of Health for marketing in Japan.

The Company's products are subject to continued and pervasive regulation by the FDA and foreign and state regulatory authorities. Changes in existing requirements or adoption of new requirements or policies could adversely affect the ability of the Company to comply with regulatory requirements. Failure to comply with regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. There can be no assurance that the Company will not be required to incur significant costs to comply with laws and regulations in the future or that the failure to comply with such laws or regulations will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

PRODUCT LIABILITY

The manufacture and sale of medical products exposes the Company to the risk of significant damages from product liability claims. The Company maintains product liability insurance against product liability claims in the amount of \$5 million per occurrence and \$5 million in the aggregate. In addition, in connection with the sale of its ROBODOC System, the Company enters into indemnification agreements with its customers pursuant to which the customers indemnify the Company against any claims against it arising from improper use of the ROBODOC System. There can be no assurance, however, that the coverage limits of the Company's insurance policies will be adequate, that the Company will continue to be able to procure and maintain such insurance coverage, that such insurance can be maintained at acceptable costs, or that customers will be able to satisfy indemnification claims. Although the Company has not experienced any product liability claims to date, a successful claim brought against the Company in excess of its insurance coverage could have a materially adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, and results of operations.

FACILITIES

The Company's executive offices and production facilities, comprising a total of approximately 17,000 square feet of space, are located in Sacramento, California and Lyon, France. The Company occupies the facilities in Sacramento pursuant to two leases that expire on June 30, 1998. The total rent expense for these premises is approximately \$12,600 per month. The lease for the Company's manufacturing facility in Sacramento provides for escalation of rent at the rate of 5% per annum. The facility in Lyon is located within a

university and is provided free of charge to the Company at this time. See Note 8 of notes to IMMI's consolidated financial statements. The Company is considering alternative lease arrangements, and believes that alternative space is available on reasonable terms. While the Company believes that its existing facilities are adequate for its present operations, it anticipates that after its leases expire, it will be required to relocate to larger facilities in Sacramento and Lyon to accommodate future growth in manufacturing and research and development.

EMPLOYEES

As of August 31, 1997, the Company had 50 full time employees, of which 8 employees are employed by other entities but work full time for the Company, including 26 in research and development, 9 in manufacturing, 2 in regulatory affairs, 6 in sales and marketing and 7 in administration. The Company also has 3 part-time employees. None of the Company's employees is covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The Company believes its relationship with its employees is satisfactory.

LITIGATION

The Company is not a party to any legal proceedings.

44

MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND KEY EMPLOYEES

The directors, executive officers and key employees of the Company are as follows:

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Ramesh C. Trivedi	57	President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director
James C. McGroddy	60	Chairman of the Board
Mark Winn	47	Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
Leland Witherspoon	45	Vice President, Engineering
Peter Kazanzides	35	Director of Robotics and Software
Brent D. Mittelstadt	38	Director of Biomedical Applications
Mary Edwards	42	Director of Regulatory Affairs
Hans Weynschenk	47	Director of Marketing, Orthopaedics
Jerome Lebon	42	Director of Marketing, Neurosurgery
Stu Heald	60	Manager of Manufacturing
Jeffrey A. Johnson	46	Director of Marketing, U.S.A.
John N. Kapoor	53	Director
Paul A.H. Pankow	67	Director
Gerald D. Knudson	53	Director
Patrick G. Havs	54	Director

The Board of Directors has two standing committees, an Audit Committee and a Compensation Committee.

The Audit Committee is composed of Dr. McGroddy, Dr. Kapoor and Mr. Pankow. The duties of the Audit Committee include recommending the engagement of independent auditors, reviewing and considering reports of the auditors and others relating to management and internal controls. The Audit Committee was appointed in December 1996 and therefore held no meetings in 1996.

The Company's Compensation Committee is composed of Dr. McGroddy, Dr. Kapoor and Mr. Pankow. The duties of the Compensation Committee are to recommend to the Board remuneration for officers of the Company to determine the number and issuance of options pursuant to the Company's stock option plans and to recommend the establishment of and to monitor a compensation and incentive program for all executives of the Company. The Compensation Committee held four meetings in 1996.

RAMESH C. TRIVEDI, PH.D., has been President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director of the Company since November 1995, and served as a consultant to the Company from February 1995 until November 1995. Dr. Trivedi has over 25 years experience in the healthcare field. Dr. Trivedi founded California Biomedical Consultants in 1987, an international consulting firm. From 1985 to 1986, Dr. Trivedi was the President and Chief Executive Officer of DigiRad Corporation, a medical imaging company. From 1978 to 1984, he was the director of business development of Syva Company and the General Manager of Synaco, Inc., divisions of Syntex Corporation, a pharmaceutical company. From 1972 to 1978, Dr. Trivedi was the head of the product management group at the Worthington division of Millipore Corporation, a membrane filtration company, and the head of the Chemistry group of the Diagnostic Division of Pfizer, Inc. from 1971 to 1972. Dr. Trivedi received a Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering from Lehigh University in 1970 and an MBA from Pepperdine University in 1981.

JAMES C. MCGRODDY, PH.D., has been Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company since November 1995. From 1965 through December 1996, Dr. McGroddy was employed by IBM. From January 1996 through December 1996, Dr. McGroddy served as Senior Vice President and Special Advisor to the Chairman of IBM. From May 1989 to December 1995, Dr. McGroddy was Senior Vice President of Research of IBM with responsibility for approximately 2,500 technical professionals in IBM's seven research laboratories around the world. He was a member of IBM's Worldwide Management Council. Dr. McGroddy has been involved in the development of the Company since its inception in October 1990, initially as an advisor and since November 1995 as a Director. Dr. McGroddy received a Ph.D. in physics from the University of Maryland in 1965. See "Certain Transactions -- Initial Transactions with IBM."

MARK W. WINN has been Chief Financial Officer of the Company since September 1997. From November 1991 to August 1997 Mr. Winn served as the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Research Medical, Inc., a manufacturer and developer of specialty cardiovascular and pharmaceutical products. From 1984 to 1991 Mr. Winn was the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Gory Associated Industries, a South Florida building products manufacturer. He received his MBA and BA from Brigham Young University in 1975 and 1974 respectively.

LELAND WITHERSPOON, has been Vice President, Engineering since April 1997. From February 1992 to April 1997, Mr. Witherspoon was Director Product Research and Development for Sorin Biomedicals, Inc., a developer and manufacturer of cardiopulmonary and cardiovascular products. From November 1990 to January 1992, he was Manager of Research and Development for Pfizer/Shiley, a developer and manufacturer of cardiopulmonary and cardiovascular equipment and disposables. From March 1979 to October 1990, Mr. Witherspoon held various technical and management positions with Xerox Medical Systems, a manufacturer and developer of diagnostic medical electronic and mechanical systems. Mr. Witherspoon received a BSEE from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1974.

PETER KAZANZIDES, PH.D., a co-founder of the Company, has been an employee of the Company since November 1990 and Director of Robotics and Software of the Company since December 1995. He received Sc.B., Sc.M., and Ph.D. degrees in electrical engineering from Brown University in 1983, 1985, and 1988, respectively. His dissertation focused on force control and multiprocessor systems for robotics. He performed post-doctoral research in surgical robotics from March 1989 to March 1990 at the IBM T.J. Watson Research Center.

BRENT D. MITTELSTADT, a co-founder of the Company, has been an employee of the Company since November 1990 and Director of Surgical Applications of the Company since December 1995. He began research in surgical robotics in 1986 as a visiting research scientist at the IBM T.J. Watson Research Center and is responsible for much of the early development of CT guided robotic systems for total hip replacement surgery. Mr. Mittelstadt received a B.S. in Biology from the University of Arizona in 1984.

MARY J. EDWARDS has been Director of Regulatory Affairs of the Company since July, 1997. Ms. Edwards served as a Senior Consultant for C.L. McIntosh, Inc., a Washington, D.C. based regulatory consulting group directing its west coast operations. Ms. Edwards also worked as the Director of Regulatory Affairs for Nobel Biocare, an international medical device company located in Gothenburg, Sweden, and for W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc., a Class III medical device manufacturer. Ms. Edwards also served as the Industry Representative to FDA's Scientific Advisory Panel for Dental Products.

HANS WEYENSCHENK has been Director of Marketing, Orthopaedics, of the Company since February 1997. Prior thereto, he was employed by Vitatron Medical, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Medtronics (a manufacturer of cardiac products), as Director of Marketing, Communications and Services from 1996 to February 1997 and Director of International Sales from 1987 to 1995.

JEROME LEBON has been Director of Marketing, Neurosurgery, of the Company since September 5, 1997. From 1996 until September 1997, he was Executive Vice President of International Sales of IMMI. From 1987 to 1995, he was International Vice President of Technomed International, a lithrotripsy company in France. From 1984 to 1986, Mr. Lebon was Business Development Manager of Sopa Development Company, an engineering hospital turn-key company in France. From 1980 to 1985, he was employed by Thomson CGR, initially as Area Manager for Latin America and then as Vice President, Sales and Marketing of its Brazilian and Argentinian subsidiaries.

STU HEALD has been Manager of Manufacturing of the Company since June 1996. Mr. Heald has over 30 years experience in manufacturing products. From September 1993 to June 1996, Mr. Heald served as Operations Manager at Advanced Power Solutions, a division of M&L Enterprises, Inc., a manufacturer of power supplies. From October 1986 to August 1993, Mr. Heald served as Shop Operation Manager at Resonex Inc., a manufacturer of magnetic resonance imaging systems. Mr. Heald received a B.S. in Industrial Management from California State University San Francisco in 1962.

JEFFREY A. JOHNSON has been Director of Marketing, U.S.A. of the Company since June 1997. From 1992 to June 1997 Mr. Johnson was Marketing Manager for Sorin Biomedical, Inc., a developer and manufacturer of cardiopulmonary and cardiovascular equipment. From 1984 to 1991 Mr. Johnson was a Product Manager for the Ultrasound division of Philips Medical Systems, Inc. He received an MBA from the University of California, Irvine in 1991 and an MS from University of California, Los Angeles in 1976.

JOHN N. KAPOOR, PH.D., has been a Director of the Company since December 1995. Dr. Kapoor founded EJ Financial Enterprises, Inc., a healthcare consulting and investment company, in March 1990, of which he is currently President. Since October 1990, Dr. Kapoor has been Chairman of Option Care, Inc., a franchiser of home infusion therapy businesses. Dr. Kapoor has been the Chairman of Unimed Pharmaceuticals, Inc., a specialty pharmaceutical company since 1990. Since May 1996, Dr. Kapoor has been Chief Executive Officer of Akorn, Inc., a manufacturer and distributor of ophthalmic products, of which Dr. Kapoor has also served as Chairman since May 1996. In addition, Dr. Kapoor has served as chairman of NeoPharm, Inc., a cancer drug research and development company. Dr. Kapoor also served as Chairman of Lyphomed, Inc., a pharmaceutical company, from 1983 to 1990, and was a Director of Lunar Corp., a manufacturer and marketer of x-ray and ultrasound systems, from May 1990 to April 1996. Dr. Kapoor received a Ph.D. in medicinal chemistry from State University of New York in 1970.

PAUL A.H. PANKOW has been a Director of the Company since May 1995. Since March 1995, Mr. Pankow has been President of PAP Consulting, a business and technical consulting firm. From September 1959 to February 1995, Mr. Pankow held various positions with 3M Corporation, most recently as a Vice President, and as Chief Executive Officer of its Imaging Systems Division. He has served as chairman of the Optoelectronic Industry Development Association and is a member of several other industry boards. Mr. Pankow received a B.S. in mechanical engineering and business administration from the University of Minnesota in 1956.

GERALD D. KNUDSON has been a Director of the Company since May 1997. Since January 1997, Mr. Knudson has been Executive Vice President of Sterling Diagnostic Imaging, Inc., a manufacturer and distributor of medical diagnostic imaging products. From 1994 to 1996, Mr. Knudson was President, Medical Systems Division of Polaroid which manufactured medical diagnostic imaging printers and film. From 1988 to 1994, Mr. Knudson was Chief Executive Officer of Resonex, Inc., a manufacturer of MRI systems. Previously, Mr. Knudson held various executive and marketing positions in the life science industry since 1966. Mr. Knudson received a B.A. in Biology from Augustana College in 1965.

PATRICK G. HAYS has been a Director of the Company since May 1997. Since February 1995, Mr. Hays has been President and Chief Executive Officer of Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association, the national coordinating body for the United States' sixty-two community-based and independent Blue Cross and Blue Shield Plans, collectively, the United States' largest insurer. From 1980 to 1995, Mr. Hays was President and Chief Executive Officer of Sutter Health, a vertically integrated provider of health services in northern California. Previously, Mr. Hays held various administrative and executive positions with healthcare providers since 1971. Mr. Hays received a Master's degree in Healthcare Administration from the University of Minnesota in 1971.

On August 16, 1992, a lawsuit was filed against Dr. Kapoor in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois by Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. and Fujisawa USA, Inc. ("Fujisawa"). The complaint alleged that Dr. Kapoor, while President and Chief Executive Officer of Lyphomed, Inc., a company acquired by Fujisawa, violated provisions of the Federal securities laws and the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO), and also asserted certain state law claims. The factual basis of the complaints alleges that Dr. Kapoor filed false applications for generic drug approvals with the FDA on behalf

of Lyphomed, Inc. On July 25, 1996, the complaint was dismissed in part, and Dr. Kapoor was granted summary judgment on the remaining claims. On June 16, 1997, the Court of Appeals for the 7th Circuit reversed the District Court's order granting summary judgment and remanded the case to the District Court. Dr. Kapoor vigorously denies the allegations and filed a complaint against Fujisawa in Illinois state court on August 27, 1996 claiming breach of contract, defamation of character and other state law claims.

All directors hold office until the annual meeting of stockholders of the Company following their election or until their successors are duly elected and qualified. Officers are appointed by the Board of Directors and serve at its discretion.

The Company has adopted a policy of compensating independent directors in the amount of \$7,500 annually and \$500 additional for each Board of Directors meeting attended and \$250 for each telephonic Board of Directors meeting attended. Members who serve on either the Audit or Compensation Committees are to be paid \$300 for each meeting attended and \$150 for each telephonic meeting attended. Committee chairmen are also to be paid a fee of \$500 per annum.

The Company will also grant independent members of the Board of Directors ten year non-qualified stock options to purchase 3,500 shares of the Company's Common Stock at an exercise price equal to the greater of the fair market value on the date of issue or \$5.00 per share.

No member of the Compensation Committee was an officer or employee of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries during the prior year or was formerly an officer of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries. None of the Executive Officers of the Company has served on the Board of Directors or Compensation Committee during the last fiscal year of any other entity, any of whose officers served either on the Board of Directors of the Company or on the Compensation Committee of the Company.

On July 26, 1996, Mr. Pankow was granted an option to purchase 2,704 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$2.07 per share. On January 24, 1997, Dr. McGroddy was granted an option to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table sets forth the compensation awarded to, earned by or paid to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and each other executive officer of the Company whose salary and bonus for the year ended December 31, 1996 exceeded \$100,000 (collectively, the "Named Executive Officers").

		COMPE	NUAL NSATION	OTHER ANNUAL	LONG-TERM COMPENSATION SECURITIES UNDERLYING	
NAME AND PRI	NCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY	COMPENSATION(3)	OPTIONS	
Ramesh C. Trived: Chief Executive President	ie Officer and	1996	\$264,000	\$50,000	316,907	
	ul(1) of Medical Affairs	1996	\$120,000	\$30,000	30,415	
	ak(2) and Chief Financial	1996	\$112,000	\$30,000	30,415	

- (1) Dr. Shelton-Paul resigned from her position as Vice President of Medical Affairs effective December 31, 1996.
- (2) Mr. Tomczak has resigned from his positions with the Company and will cease to be an employee of the Company effective September 30, 1997.
- (3) Represents cash incentive bonus.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

On December 8, 1995, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Dr. Ramesh C. Trivedi, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and President. The agreement is for no specified term and provides for the at-will employment of Dr. Trivedi. Pursuant to the employment agreement, Dr. Trivedi is to receive an annual salary of \$264,000 (\$22,000 per month), plus out-of-pocket expenses. Dr. Trivedi's employment agreement provides for the grant of options to purchase 316,907 shares of the Company's

Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share, which were granted in February 1996. Upon termination by the Company, other than for cause (as defined in the employment agreement), Dr. Trivedi is entitled to receive his monthly salary for a period of nine months following the date of termination and consulting fees (at his then prevailing consulting rate) for three months of consulting services to be rendered during the 12 months following such termination

None of the other Named Executive Officers has an employment agreement with the Company.

STOCK OPTIONS

The following table contains information concerning the grant of stock options under the Company's 1995 Stock Option Plan to Dr. Trivedi, Dr. Shelton-Paul and Mr. Tomczak during the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996. See "Management -- Stock Option Plan" and Note 6 to notes to consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus.

NAME	NUMBER OF SHARES UNDERLYING OPTIONS GRANTED(1)(3)	PERCENT OF TOTAL OPTIONS GRANTED TO EMPLOYEES IN FISCAL YEAR(3)	EXERCISE PRICE PER SHARE(2)	EXPIRATION DATE
Ramesh C. Trivedi	316,907	41.7%	\$ 0.07	02/16/06
	30,415	4.3%	\$ 0.07	02/16/06
	30,415	4.3%	\$ 0.07	02/16/06

- (1) Stock options are granted at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. Stock options have a 10-year term and vest periodically over a period not to exceed five years.
- (2) The Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors may elect to reduce the exercise price of any option to the current fair market value of the Common Stock if the value of the Common Stock has declined from the date of grant.
- (3) Does not include the options previously outstanding under the Company's 1991 Stock Option Plan which were repriced on February 16, 1996. See the table captioned "Repricing of Options" below.

The following table summarizes for each of the Named Executive Officers the total number of unexercised options, if any, held at December 31, 1996, and the aggregate dollar value of in-the-money, unexercised options, held at December 31, 1996, in each case after giving effect to the replacement in February 1996 of previously held options. The value of the unexercised, in-the-money options at December 31, 1996, is the difference between the value of the underlying Common Stock on December 31, 1996 (\$5.00 per share) and their exercise or base price (\$0.07 per share).

AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES -- JANUARY 1, 1996 -- DECEMBER 31, 1996 AND DECEMBER 31, 1996 OPTION VALUES

SHARES ACQUITED LIPON

	EXERCISE OF OPTIONS DURING FISCAL 1996(1)		UNDERLYING	SECURITIES UNEXERCISED EMBER 31, 1996	VALUE OF UNEXERCISED IN-THE-MONEY OPTIONS AT DECEMBER 31, 1996	
NAME 	NUMBER	VALUE REALIZED	EXERCISABLE	UNEXERCISABLE	EXERCISABLE	UNEXERCISABLE
Ramesh C. Trivedi			163,559	153,348	\$ 806,346	\$ 756,006
Wendy Shelton-Paul Michael J. Tomczak			40,553 64,620	57,449 33,850	\$ 199,926 \$ 318,577	\$ 283,224 \$ 166,881

					LENGTH OF
	NUMBER OF		EXERCISE		ORIGINAL
	SECURITIES		PRICE OF		OPTION
	UNDERLYING	MARKET PRICE OF	STOCK AT		TERM REMAINING
REPRICE/	OPTIONS	STOCK AT TIME	TIME OF	NEW	AT DATE OF
REGRANT	REPRICED	OF REPRICING	REPRICING OR	EXERCISE	REPRICING OR
DATE	OR AMENDED	OR AMENDMENT	AMENDMENT	PRICE	AMENDMENT
2/16/96	67,587	\$.888	\$ 4.88	\$.07	9.25 years
2/16/96	43,932	\$.888	\$ 4.88	\$.07	9.25 years
2/16/96	6,759	\$.888	\$ 7.84	\$.07	8 years
2/16/96	13,308	\$.888	\$ 7.84	\$.07	6.5 years
2/16/96	4,056	\$.888	\$ 3.33	\$.07	6 years
	REGRANT DATE 	SECURITIES UNDERLYING PTIONS REGRANT REPRICED OR AMENDED 2/16/96 67,587 2/16/96 43,932 2/16/96 6,759 2/16/96 13,308	SECURITIES UNDERLYING MARKET PRICE OF REPRICE/ OPTIONS STOCK AT TIME OF REGRANT REPRICED OF REPRICING OR AMENDED OR AMENDMENT 2/16/96 67,587 \$.888 2/16/96 43,932 \$.888 2/16/96 6,759 \$.888 2/16/96 13,308 \$.888	SECURITIES	SECURITIES

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the replacement of these options to Dr. Shelton-Paul and Mr. Tomczak, and options to other employees of the Company, at an exercise price of \$.07 per share, having concluded that the principal purpose of the Company's stock option program (i.e., to provide an equity incentive to employees to remain in the employment of the Company and to work diligently in its best interests) would not be achieved for those employees holding options exercisable above the market price of the Common Stock. In connection with the granting of these replacement options, participating option holders agreed not to exercise any option for a period of six months from the date of such regrant.

STOCK OPTION PLAN

On December 13, 1995, the Board of Directors adopted, and stockholders approved, the 1995 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is to be administered by the Board of Directors or a committee thereof. The Plan is currently administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Plan, as initially adopted, authorized the Company to grant stock purchase rights and/or options to acquire an aggregate of 1,108,949 shares of Common Stock to directors, employees (including officers) and consultants of the Company ("Plan participants"). On September 16, 1996, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted an amendment to the Plan, increasing the number of shares of Common Stock covered by the Plan to 1,249,070 shares, and approved by the stockholders in November 1996.

The Company has outstanding options to purchase an aggregate of 1,162,905 shares granted pursuant to the Plan and options to purchase an aggregate of 5,408 shares granted pursuant to the Company's 1991 Stock Option Plan, which was terminated in December 1995. Options to purchase an aggregate of 65,442 shares of Common Stock remain available for grant under the Plan. No stock purchase rights have been granted pursuant to the Plan.

The Plan authorizes the issuance of incentive stock options ("ISOs"), as defined in Section 422A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, non-qualified stock options ("NQSOs", and together with ISOs, "Options") and stock purchase rights ("SPRs"). Consultants and directors who are not also employees of the Company are eligible for grants of only NQSOs and/or SPRs. The exercise price of each ISO may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Common Stock at the time of grant, except that in the case of a grant to an employee who owns 10% or more of the outstanding stock of the Company or a subsidiary or parent of the Company (a "10% Stockholder"), the exercise price may not be less than 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant. The aggregate fair market value the shares covered by ISOs granted under the Plan that become exercisable by a Plan participant for the first time in any calendar year is subject to a \$100,000 limitation. The exercise price of each NQSO is determined by the Board, or committee thereof, in its discretion, provided that the exercise price of a NOSO is not less than 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the date of grant. The Board, or committee thereof, determines the term of the Options and SPRs, except that in no event may an Option have a term of more than ten (10) years (five (5) years with respect to ISOs granted to a 10% Stockholder), and the terms of vesting, except that in no event may an Option vest at a rate less than 20% per year. A recipient of an SPR must exercise such right within the period, not to exceed thirty (30) days from the date of grant, determined by the Board, or committee thereof. The Board, or committee thereof, may reserve to the Company upon the grant of an SPR, an option to repurchase upon a Plan participant's termination of employment, any stock acquired upon his exercise of the SPR at the

SPR exercise price. Any such repurchase option will lapse at a rate of not less than 20% per year commencing on the date of the Plan participant's purchase. Options and SPRs granted under the Plan are not transferable, other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution. No stock options or SPRs may be granted under the Plan after December 12, 2005.

Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Board, or a committee thereof, has the authority to determine the individuals to whom the stock options or SPRs are to be granted, the number of shares to be covered by each option or SPR, the exercise price, the type of option, the exercise period, the restrictions, if any, on the exercise of the option or SPR, the terms for the payment of the exercise price and other terms and conditions. Payments by holders of options or SPRs upon exercise of an option may be made (as determined by the Board or a committee thereof) in cash or such other form of payment as may be permitted under the Plan, including without limitation, by promissory note or by delivery of shares of Common Stock.

In February 1996, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors authorized the grant of options to purchase an aggregate of 242,746 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share, to certain officers, directors and employees of the Company pursuant to the Company's 1995 Stock Option Plan, including options to purchase 67,587 shares granted to Dr. Wendy Shelton-Paul, Vice President of Medical Affairs of the Company, and options to purchase 68,055 shares granted to Michael J. Tomczak, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. These options were issued in replacement of options previously granted pursuant to the Company's 1991 Stock Option Plan, with exercise prices ranging from \$3.33 to \$7.84 per share, surrendered for cancellation.

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS AND LIMITATION ON DIRECTOR LIABILITY

Article VI of the Company's by-laws provides that a director or officer shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement (provided such settlement is approved in advance by the Company) in connection with certain actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation -- a "derivative action") if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. A similar standard of care is applicable in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification only extends to expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such an action, except that no person who has been adjudged to be liable to the Company shall be entitled to indemnification unless a court determines that despite such adjudication of liability, but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, the person seeking indemnification is fairly and reasonably entitled to be indemnified for such expenses as the court deems proper.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Company pursuant to the foregoing provisions or otherwise, the Company has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

Article 11 of the Company's certificate of incorporation eliminates the personal liability of the Company's directors to the Company or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of their fiduciary duties as a director to the fullest extent provided by Delaware law. Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") provides for the elimination of such personal liability, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Company or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the DGCL or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived any improper personal benefit.

CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

TRANSACTIONS WITH FOUNDERS

In connection with the formation of the Company, the Company sold 38,880 shares, 20,935 shares, 5,441 shares and 2,332 shares of Common Stock to Howard A. Paul, William Bargar, Brent Mittelstadt and Peter Kazanzides (collectively the "Founders"), respectively, for a purchase price of \$0.07 per share. Dr. Paul served as the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company from inception until his death in February 1993. Dr. Kazanzides and Mr. Mittelstadt are key employees of the Company, and Dr. Bargar serves as a consultant to the Company. See "Management."

INITIAL TRANSACTIONS WITH IBM

In connection with the formation of the Company and pursuant to a Loan and Warrant Purchase Agreement dated as of February 6, 1991 (the "IBM Loan Agreement"), the Company granted IBM a warrant to purchase 67,587 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share, originally exercisable until February 6, 1998. The expiration date of the warrant was extended until December 31, 2000 in connection with the recapitalization of the Company in December 1995, described below. In addition, pursuant to the IBM Loan Agreement, during 1991 the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$3,000,000 from IBM in consideration for the Company's 9.25% Convertible Subordinated Loan Note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 (the "IBM Note"). The IBM Note was convertible into shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a conversion price of \$33.29 per share.

In connection with the IBM loan transaction, the Company entered into a Stockholders' Agreement with the Founders and IBM dated February 6, 1991 (the "Stockholders' Agreement"). Pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, IBM has the right to nominate a member of the Board of Directors of the Company (and the stockholders agreed to vote their shares for such nominee) and to have a non-voting observer attend meetings of the Board of Directors. In addition, the Stockholders' Agreement grants IBM a right of first refusal with respect to proposed transfers of Founder's shares to a "Competitor" (as defined). The Stockholders' Agreement also restricts transfers of Founder's shares other than to the Company, IBM or to a third party approved by IBM in writing. The foregoing restriction will terminate on February 6, 1998, or earlier upon consummation of (i) an initial underwritten firm commitment public offering of the Common Stock resulting in gross proceeds of at least \$15 million, or (ii) the acquisition of the Company, whether by merger, acquisition of all or substantially all of its assets, or acquisition of substantially all of its voting securities.

Pursuant to a License Agreement, dated February 6, 1991, IBM granted the Company a non-exclusive, worldwide royalty-free license to the underlying software code for the ROBODOC System.

SERIES B PREFERRED STOCK FINANCING

Pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of April 10, 1992, Sutter Health and The John N. Kapoor Trust (the "Kapoor Trust") each purchased 30,482 shares of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock, or a total of 60,964 shares, for a purchase price of \$4,000,370 (\$65.62 per share). The Series B Preferred Stock was convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price of \$65.62 per share.

SERIES C PREFERRED STOCK FINANCING

Pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of November 13, 1992, Sutter Health and Keystone Financial Corporation ("Keystone") purchased 89,604 and 12,801 shares, respectively, for a total of 102,405 shares, of the Company's Series C Preferred Stock, for a purchase price of \$7,000,002 and \$1,000,000, respectively (\$78.12 per share). The Series C Preferred Stock was convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price of \$78.12 per share.

DECEMBER 1995 RECAPITALIZATION

Pursuant to a Series D Preferred Stock and Warrant Purchase Agreement (the "1995 Stock Purchase Agreement") dated as of December 21, 1995, the Company effected the recapitalization described below.

The Company effected a one-for-five reverse stock split of its capital stock, and all outstanding shares of Series B and Series C Preferred Stock were converted into shares of Common Stock. Upon conversion of the Series B Preferred Stock, the Company issued 30,482 shares of Common Stock to each of Sutter Health and

the Kapoor Trust, or a total of 60,964 shares. In addition, the Company issued 8,955 shares of Common Stock to each of Sutter Health and the Kapoor Trust, or a total of 17,910 shares, in exchange for the cancellation of all accumulated dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock. Upon conversion of the Series C Preferred Stock, the Company issued 89,604 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health and 12,801 shares of Common Stock to Keystone, or a total of 102,405 shares. In addition, the Company issued 19,512 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health and 3,169 shares of Common Stock to Keystone, or a total of 22,681 shares, in exchange for the cancellation of all accumulated dividends on the Series C Preferred Stock.

As part of the recapitalization, IBM received a warrant to purchase 126,895 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, which expires on December 31, 2005, in exchange for the cancellation of the IBM Note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 and accrued interest thereon of \$1,224,373. In addition, the expiration date of the warrant issued to IBM in connection with the formation of the Company was extended until December 31, 2000.

Pursuant to the 1995 Stock Purchase Agreement, EJ Financial Investments V, L.P. ("EJ Financial") purchased 693,194 shares of Series D Preferred Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$666,667 (\$0.96 per share), and IBM purchased a warrant to purchase 1,386,390 shares of Series D Preferred Stock, exercisable at any time prior to December 31, 2005, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,333,333 (\$0.96 per warrant). In addition, EJ Financial received an option to purchase an additional 346,597 shares of Series D Preferred Stock, on the same terms as it purchased the Series D Preferred Stock and IBM received an option to purchase warrants to purchase an additional 693,194 shares of Series D Preferred Stock, on the same terms it purchased the Series D Warrants (the options granted to EJ Financial and IBM being hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Standby Options"). On February 19, 1996, each of EJ Financial and IBM exercised its Standby Option, as required by the terms thereof, since the Company was unable to obtain alternative financing on substantially the same terms as the Standby Options prior to the expiration thereof.

As part of the recapitalization of the Company, Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners and Keystone received warrants to purchase 390,888 shares, 11,899 shares and 43,300 shares, of Common Stock, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share, in consideration for their consent to the terms of the recapitalization, including the sale of the Series D Preferred Stock. Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners and Keystone received additional warrants to purchase 121,686 shares, 3,705 shares and 13,481 shares, respectively, of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share, in connection with the exercise by EJ Financial and IBM of the Standby Options. Subsequently, Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners and Keystone agreed to amend these warrants to permit payment of the exercise price by surrender of a portion of the warrants in lieu of payment of the cash exercise price. Accordingly, on August 25, 1996, Sutter Health and Sutter Health Venture Partners received 449,374 shares and 13,680 shares of Common Stock, respectively (or 63,200 fewer shares and 1,924 fewer shares, respectively, than they would have received if the exercise price had been paid in cash) and on October 29, 1996, Keystone received 49,777 shares of Common Stock (or 7,002 fewer shares than it would have received if the exercise price had been paid in cash.)

In connection with the recapitalization of the Company, the Company granted stockholders who did not purchase Series D Preferred Stock or warrants to purchase Series D Preferred Stock rights to purchase Series D Preferred Stock on the same terms and conditions as those shares purchased under the 1995 Stock Purchase Agreement, which rights expired unexercised on March 5, 1996.

REGRANT OF LOWER-EXERCISE PRICE OPTIONS TO REPLACE PRIOR GRANTS

In February 1996, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors authorized the grant of options to purchase an aggregate of 242,736 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share, to certain officers, directors, and employees of the Company pursuant to the Company's 1995 Stock Option Plan, including options to purchase 67,587 shares granted to Dr. Wendy Shelton-Paul, Vice President of Medical Affairs of the Company, and options to purchase 68,055 shares granted to Michael J. Tomczak, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. These options were issued in replacement of options previously granted pursuant to the Company's 1991 Stock Option Plan, with exercise prices ranging from \$3.33 to \$7.84 per share, surrendered for cancellation. See the table captioned "Repricing of Options" under "Management -- Stock Options."

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the beneficial ownership of the Company's Common Stock immediately prior to and after the Offering by (i) each stockholder known by the Company to be a beneficial owner of more than five percent of the outstanding Common Stock, (ii) each director of the Company and each executive officer listed in the Compensation Table under the caption "Management -- Summary Compensation Table" and (iii) all directors and officers as a group.

	AMOUNT AND NATURE OF BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP(1)		PERCENTAGE OF COMMON STOCK BENEFICIALLY OWNED(1)		
		BEFORE	AFTER		
NAME	OWNERSHIP(1)	OFFERING(2)	OFFERING(3)		
International Duainess Machines Comparation	0.074.000(5)	20 20%/(0)	04 440//7)		
International Business Machines Corporation Old Orchard Road Armonk, NY 10504	2,274,000(5)	36.32%(6)	24.11%(7)		
EJ Financial Investments V, L.P	1,039,792	26.08%	14.53%		
225 East Deer Path Road Suite 250					
Lake Forest, IL 60045					
Sutter Health and Sutter Health Venture Partners, L.P	611,607(8)	15.34%	8.54%		
One Capitol Mall					
Sacramento, CA 95814					
Ramesh C. Trivedi(4)	210,743(9)	5.02%(10)	2.86%(11)		
John N. Kapoor(4)	1,039,792(12)	26.08%	14.53%		
James C. McGroddy(4)	21,000(13)	*	*		
Paul A.H. Pankow(4)	1,465(14)	*	*		
Patrick G. Hays(4)					
Gerald D. Knudson(4)					
Michael J. Tomczak	77,103(9)	1.90%(15)	1.07%(16)		
Wendy Shelton Paul	99,850(17)	2.47%(18)	13.83%(19)		
All directors and officers as a group (8					
persons)	1,449,953(20)	33.44%(21)	19.36%(22)		

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- * Less than one percent.
- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, each person has sole investment and voting power with respect to the shares indicated, subject to community property laws, where applicable. For purposes of computing the percentage of outstanding shares held by each person or group of persons named above on September 1, 1997, any security which such person or group of persons has the right to acquire within 60 days after such date is deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership for such person or persons, but is not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.
- (2) Except as otherwise stated, calculated based upon 3,986,311 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (3) Gives effect to the issuance of 3,171,771 shares of Common Stock in the Offering.
- (4) Address is c/o the Company, 829 West Stadium Lane, Sacramento, California 95834.
- (5) Includes warrants to purchase 2,079,584 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share exercisable until December 31, 2005, warrants to purchase 67,587 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share exercisable until December 31, 2000, and warrants to purchase 126,895 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share exercisable until December 31, 2005, all of which warrants are presently exercisable.
- (6) Calculated based upon 6,260,377 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

- (7) Calculated based upon 9,432,148 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (8) Includes 593,538 shares of Common Stock owned by Sutter Health and 18,069 shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by Sutter Health Venture Partners I, L.P. ("Sutter Partners"), an affiliate of Sutter Health.
- (9) Represents shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options exercisable within 60 days, at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share.
- (10) Calculated based upon 4,197,054 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (11) Calculated based upon 7,368,825 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (12) Represents shares of Common Stock owned by EJ Financial Investments V, L.P., a limited partnership of which Mr. Kapoor is the managing general partner. Mr. Kapoor disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares.
- (13) Includes 20,000 shares of Common Stock owned by Dr. McGroddy and 1,000 shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by his daughter.
- (14) Represents shares issuable upon exercise of stock options exercisable within 60 days, at an exercise price of \$2.07.
- (15) Calculated based upon 4,063,414 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (16) Calculated based upon 7,235,185 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (17) Includes 60,970 shares issuable upon exercise of stock options exercisable within 60 days at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share.
- (18) Calculated based upon 4,047,281 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (19) Calculated based upon 7,219,052 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (20) Includes 331,734 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$2.07 per share.
- (21) Calculated based upon 4,336,592 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.
- (22) Calculated based upon 7,489,816 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 15,000,000 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share and 1,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. As of the date of this Prospectus, 3,986,311 shares of Common Stock are issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock are outstanding.

The following are brief descriptions of the securities offered hereby and other securities of the Company. The rights of the holders of shares of the Company's capital stock are established by the Company's certificate of incorporation, as amended, the Company's by-laws and Delaware law. The following statements do not purport to be complete or give full effect to statutory or common law, and are subject in all respects to the applicable provisions of the certificate of incorporation, by-laws and state law.

COMMON STOCK

Holders of the Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share, and subject to the rights of holders of preferred stock, to receive dividends when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors and to share ratably in the assets of the Company legally available for distribution to holders of Common Stock in the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company. Holders of the Common Stock do not have subscription, redemption, conversion or preemptive rights.

Each share of Common Stock is entitled to one vote on any matter submitted to the holders, except that holders are entitled to cumulate their votes in the election of Directors. In other words, a stockholder may give one nominee a number of votes equal to the number of Directors to be elected, multiplied by the number of votes to which the stockholder's shares are normally entitled, or he may distribute his votes among as many candidates as he sees fit. The candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected. If a stockholder gives notice at the meeting prior to the voting, of such stockholder's intention to cumulate his votes, all stockholders may cumulate their votes for candidates in nomination. On all other matters which may properly come before the meeting, each share has one vote. The Board is empowered to fill any vacancies on the Board created by the resignation of Directors. Except as otherwise required by the DGCL, all stockholder action (other than the election of the Directors, who are elected by a plurality vote) is subject to approval by a majority of the shares of Common Stock present at a stockholders' meeting at which a quorum (a majority of the issued and outstanding shares of the Common Stock) is present in person or by proxy, or by written consent pursuant to Delaware law.

All shares of Common Stock outstanding are fully paid and non-assessable, and the shares of Common Stock offered hereby, when issued upon payment of the purchase price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus, will be fully paid and non-assessable.

The Board of Directors is authorized to issue additional shares of Common Stock within the limits authorized by the Company's certificate of incorporation, as amended, without further stockholder action. The Company has agreed that it will not issue any securities, except as disclosed in this Prospectus, through November 21, 1998, without the consent of Rickel & Associates, Inc. The Company has agreed with Investmentbank Austria that for a period of six months following the closing of this Offering, it will not issue or sell, offer or contract to issue or sell, grant any option for issuance or sale of, or otherwise dispose of, directly or indirectly, any Common Stock or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for, or representing the right to receive Common Stock without, in each case, the prior written consent of Investmentbank Austria, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld.

OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Options. The Company has outstanding options to purchase an aggregate of 1,168,313 shares of Common Stock, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$8.25, which expire at various dates from February 4, 2002 to September 2, 2007. See "Management -- Stock Option Plan."

Warrants. The Company has outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,332,816 shares of Common Stock, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.01 to \$8.25, which expire at various dates through

December 31, 2005. Warrants to purchase 1,753,750 shares of Common Stock were issued in the Company's initial public offering in November 1996 (the "Public Warrants"). Each Public Warrant entitles the registered holder thereof to purchase one share of Common Stock at \$6.00 per share for a period of four years commencing November 20, 1997 and ending November 19, 2001 (the "Exercise Period"). The exercise price and the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of each Public Warrant are subject to adjustment in the event of a stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation or certain other events. The Public Warrants may be redeemed by the Company, at a price of \$.10 per Public Warrant, upon not less than 30 days prior written notice at any time during the Exercise Period, provided the average of the closing bid quotations of the Common Stock, during the period of twenty (20) consecutive trading days ending on the third day prior to the date upon which the notice of redemption is given, as reported on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market (or if the Common Stock is not quoted thereon, the closing sale price of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market or other principal securities exchange upon which the Common Stock is then quoted or listed, or such other reporting system that provides closing sale prices for the Common Stock), has been at least 150% of the then exercise price of the Public Warrants. The Company has agreed to pay Rickel & Associates, Inc. under circumstances in accordance with applicable NASD rules a fee of 5% of the exercise price of each Public Warrant exercised for soliciting the exercise of outstanding Public Warrants.

PREFERRED STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue up to 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with such designations, rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors. Accordingly, the Board of Directors is empowered, without further stockholder approval, to issue preferred stock with dividend, liquidation, conversion, voting or other rights that could decrease the amount of earnings and assets available for distribution to holders of Common Stock or adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of the Company's Common Stock. In the event of issuance, the preferred stock could be utilized, under certain circumstances, as a method of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company. The Company has no present intention to issue any shares of preferred stock, and following the Closing, no shares of preferred stock will be outstanding. Until November 21, 1998, the Company is required to obtain the consent of Rickel & Associates, Inc., to the issuance of any securities other than as specified in this Prospectus.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING STOCKHOLDERS

The Company is subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, the State of Delaware's "business combination" statute. In general, such statute prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in various "business combination" transactions with any "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an "interested stockholder," unless (i) the transaction in which the interested stockholder obtained such status or the "business combination" approved by the Board of Directors prior to the date the interested stockholder obtained such status; (ii) upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an "interested stockholder," the "interested stockholder" owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares outstanding those shares owned by (a) persons who are directors and officers and (b) employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine confidentially whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or (iii) on or subsequent to such date the "business combination" is approved by the Board of Directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the "interested stockholder." A "business combination" includes mergers, asset sales and other transactions resulting in financial benefit to a stockholder. An "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years, did own) 15% or more of a corporation's voting stock. The statute could prohibit or delay mergers or other takeover or change in control attempts with respect to the Company and, accordingly, may discourage attempts to acquire the Company.

REGISTRATION RIGHTS

Pursuant to a Registration Rights Agreement dated as of December 21, 1995 entered into in connection with the 1995 Stock Purchase Agreement and the recapitalization of the Company effected thereby, the Company granted certain registration rights to IBM, the Kapoor Trust, EJ Financial, Sutter Health Venture Partners I, L.P., and Keystone (collectively, the "Rights Holders"), with respect to shares of Common Stock issued or issuable to the Rights Holders in certain financing transactions, including shares issuable upon exercise of warrants or issued on the conversion of the Series D Preferred Stock (collectively, "Registrable Shares").

If the Company proposes to register any of its securities under the Securities Act (other than in connection with an employee benefit plan or pursuant to a merger, exchange offer or other acquisition transaction requiring registration under the Securities Act), whether for its own account or for the account of another holder of Company securities, the Rights Holders are entitled to include Registrable Shares owned by them in any such registration ("piggyback registration rights"). If any such registration is an underwritten registration, the Company is required to include that portion of the Registrable Shares that each Rights Holder proposes to sell representing an aggregate of 25% of the offering (or in the case of an initial public offering, an aggregate of 15% of such offering) before inclusion of other shares. If, after taking into account shares offered by the Company and other holders of registration rights, the managing underwriter for that offering determines that additional Registrable Shares can be sold, the balance of the Registrable Shares will be included pro rata in the registration.

Rights Holders holding at least 35% of the aggregate Registrable Shares and securities convertible into Registrable Shares also have the right to require the Company to prepare and file on two occasions a registration statement with respect to the Registrable Shares. However, the Company is not required to effect a registration (x) with respect to less than 35% of the aggregate Registrable Shares and shares convertible into Registrable Shares, unless the aggregate offering price (net of underwriting discounts and commissions), would exceed \$7,500,000 or (y) if the Company delivers an opinion reasonably acceptable to counsel for the Rights Holders that the Registrable Shares may be sold without registration under Rule 144 under the Securities Act without any limitation with respect to offerees or the size of the transaction. The Registered Holders have agreed not to exercise their registration rights until May 21, 1998.

Pursuant to a Registration Rights Agreement dated as of September 5, 1997 entered into in connection with the acquisition of IMMI, the Company granted piggyback registration rights to the former shareholders of IMMI with respect to the shares of Common Stock issued to them in connection with the acquisition. If the Company proposes to register any of its securities under the Securities Act (other than the Offering or in connection with an employee benefit plan or pursuant to a merger, exchange offer or other acquisition transaction requiring registration under the Securities Act), whether for its own account or for the account of another holder of Company securities, the former shareholders of IMMI are entitled to include the IMMI shares owned by them in any such registration. These registration rights expire on the earlier of September 5, 1999 and the resale of all the IMMI Shares.

The Company granted Rickel & Associates, Inc., managing underwriter of its initial public offering in November 1996, certain registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock and warrants issuable upon the exercise of the underwriter's warrants issued in connection with that offering. Rickel & Associates, Inc. has agreed not to exercise such registration rights until May 21, 1998, or until such earlier date as the Company gives holders of the warrants issued in that offering written notice of the redemption of such warrants. The Company also has granted the holders of the Advisors' Warrants certain registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise thereof. See "Underwriting."

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon completion of this Offering, the Company will have 7,158,082 shares of Common Stock outstanding, of which only 4,712,989 shares of Common Stock will be transferable without restriction under the Securities Act. The remaining 2,445,093 shares, issued in private transactions, will be "restricted securities" (as that term is defined in Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act) which may be publicly

sold only if registered under the Securities Act or if sold in accordance with an applicable exemption from registration, such as Rule 144. In general, under Rule 144 as currently in effect, subject to the satisfaction of certain other conditions, a person, including an affiliate of the Company, who has beneficially owned restricted securities for at least two years, is entitled to sell (together with any person with whom such individual is required to aggregate sales), within any three-month period, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of 1% of the total number of outstanding shares of the same class, or, if the Common Stock is quoted on Nasdaq or a national securities exchange, the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks preceding the sale. A person who has not been an affiliate of the Company for at least three months, and who has beneficially owned restricted securities for at least three years is entitled to sell such restricted securities under Rule 144 without regard to any of the limitations described above. Officers, directors and the other existing securityholders of the Company owning or having rights to acquire in the aggregate 5,129,759 shares of Common Stock constituting restricted securities, have agreed not to sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock (other than shares purchased in open market transactions), until May 21, 1998 without the prior written consent of Rickel & Associates, Inc.. Following expiration of the term of the Lock-Up Agreements, 1,806,850 shares of Common Stock will become eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144 commencing in the second quarter of 1998, subject to the volume limitations and compliance with the other provisions of Rule 144. An additional 2,465 shares, 1,722 shares and 15,604 shares constituting restricted securities not subject to Lock-Up Agreements will become eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144 following the completion of this Offering, in the second quarter of 1997 and in the fourth quarter of 1997, respectively, subject to the volume limitations and compliance with the other provisions of Rule 144. In addition, securityholders of the Company owning or having rights to acquire in the aggregate 4,030,649 shares of Common Stock granted certain registration rights with respect to those shares have agreed that they will not exercise such registration rights until May 21, 1998. The Company has agreed to file a registration statement for the resale in the United States of the 619,355 shares of Common Stock (the "IMMI Shares") issued in connection with the acquisition of IMMI, on or about November 21, 1997. The shareholders of IMMI have agreed not to sell their IMMI Shares prior to March 5, 1999, except as follows: (i) prior to December 5, 1997, an aggregate of 50,000 shares; (ii) from December 6, 1997 through March 5, 1998, an aggregate of 50,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; (iii) from March 6, 1998 through June 5, 1998, an aggregate of 75,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; (iv) from June 6, 1998 through September 5, 1998, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; (v) from September 6, 1998 through December 5, 1998, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period; and (vi) from December 6, 1998 through March 5, 1999, an aggregate of 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total number of shares of Common Stock traded on Nasdaq during the preceding three month period. Thereafter, resales of the IMMI Shares must be in compliance with the volume limitation and other conditions of Rule 144. The Company also has granted the former shareholders of IMMI piggyback registration rights (other than in connection with the Offering and certain other types of offerings) for resales of the IMMI Shares. The Company granted Rickel & Associates, Inc. certain registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock and warrants issuable upon exercise of the underwriter's warrants issued in connection with that offering. Furthermore, the holders of the Advisors' Warrants have demand and piggyback registration rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise thereof. See "Description of Securities -- Registration Rights" and "Certain Transactions.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Since its inception, the Company has not paid any dividends on its Common Stock and it does not anticipate paying such dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to retain earnings, if any, to finance its operations.

59

REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS

The Company distributes to its stockholders annual reports containing financial statements audited and reported upon by its independent certified public accountants after the end of each fiscal year, and makes available such other periodic reports as the Company may deem to be appropriate or as may be required by law or by the rules or regulations of any stock exchange on which the Company's Common Stock is listed. The Company's fiscal year end is December 31

TRANSFER AGENT AND WARRANT AGENT

The Company has engaged American Stock Transfer and Trust Company to act as Transfer Agent for the Company's Common Stock and Warrant Agent for the Warrants.

UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions of the purchase agreement between the Company and the Managers (the "Purchase Agreement"), the Company has agreed to sell to the Managers named below, and the Managers have severally, and not jointly, agreed to purchase, the number of securities set forth opposite their respective names below.

		MANAGERS		SHARES
Investmentbank	Austria		 	
				3,171,771
				=======

The Purchase Agreement provides that the obligations of the Managers are subject to certain conditions precedent. The Managers are committed to purchase all of the above securities if any are purchased.

Investmentbank Austria has advised the Company that the managers propose initially to offer the shares of Common Stock offered hereby at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus.

The Company has entered into a Restated Placement Agreement with Investmentbank Austria and VMR (the "Placement Agreement") pursuant to which VMR will act as Placement Coordinator for the Offering and receive a fee of 3.5% of the gross proceeds of the Offering.

The Purchase Agreement and the Placement Agreement provide that Investmentbank Austria and VMR will receive a non-accountable expense allowance equal to 2% and 0.75%, respectively, of the gross proceeds of the Offering, of which \$25,000 has been paid to VMR by the Company to date. The Company also has agreed to pay all expenses in connection with qualifying the Shares of Common Stock offered hereby for sale under the laws of such states and other jurisdictions as the Managers may designate, including expenses of counsel retained for such purpose by the Managers.

Pursuant to the Over-Allotment Option, which is exercisable for a period of 30 days after the closing of the Offering, Investmentbank Austria may purchase up to 15% of the total number of shares of Common Stock offered hereby, solely to cover over-allotments.

The Company has agreed to sell to each of Investmentbank Austria and VMR, for nominal consideration, the Advisors' Warrants to purchase that number of shares of Common Stock equal to 5% of the shares of Common Stock sold in the Offering (exclusive of the Over-Allotment Option). The Advisors' Warrants will not be exercisable for a period of one year after the date of this Prospectus. Thereafter, for a period of four years, the Advisors' Warrants will be exercisable at an amount equal to 120% above the offering price of the Common Stock sold in this Offering. The Advisors' Warrants are not transferable for a period of one year after the date of this Prospectus, except to the other Managers, officers of the Managers or VMR, members of the selling group and their officers and partners. The Company also has granted certain demand and "piggyback" registration rights to the holders of the Advisors' Warrants.

For the life of the Advisors' Warrants, the holders thereof are given, at nominal cost, the opportunity to profit from a rise in the market price of the Common Stock with a resulting dilution in the interest of other stockholders. Further, such holders may be expected to exercise the Advisors' Warrants at a time when the Company would in all likelihood be able to obtain equity capital on terms more favorable than those provided in the Advisors' Warrants.

The Purchase Agreement requires the Company to indemnify the Managers against certain liabilities in connection with the Offering, including liabilities under the Securities Act. The Placement Agreement also requires the Company to indemnify Investmentbank Austria and VMR against such liabilities.

The Company has agreed to retain VMR as a consultant for a 12 month period following the Offering for a fee of \$2,000 per month, or a total of \$24,000. VMR will provide the Company with general financial advisory services on an as-needed basis with respect to possible financing or acquisitions by the Company and related matters. VMR will not be obligated to provide any minimum number of hours of consulting services to the Company.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the securities registered in the Registration Statement of which this Prospectus forms a part will be passed upon for the Company by Snow Becker Krauss P.C., 605 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10158-0125. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Managers as to English law by Skadden, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, London, United Kingdom, English counsel to the Managers.

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. at December 31, 1996 and for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 1996, appearing in this Prospectus and Registration Statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The consolidated financial statements of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. at December 31, 1996 and for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 1996, appearing in this Prospectus and Registration Statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young Entrepreneurs Department D'Ernst & Young Audit, independent auditors, as set forth in their report thereon appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of such firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a Registration Statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act with respect to the securities offered hereby. This Prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits thereto as permitted by the Rules and Regulations of the Commission. For further information with respect to the Company and such securities, reference is made to the Registration Statement and to the exhibits filed therewith. Statements contained in this Prospectus as to the contents of any contracts or other documents referred to herein are not necessarily complete and where such contract or other document is an exhibit to the Registration Statement, each such statement is qualified in all respects by the provisions of such exhibit to which reference is made for a full statement of the provisions thereof. The Registration Statement, including exhibits filed therewith, may be inspected, without charge, at the principal office of the Commission located at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Room 1024, Washington, D.C. 20549 and at the Commission's regional offices located at Seven World Trade Center, Suite 1300, New York, New York 10048, and at 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400 Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511. Copies of all or any part of the Registration Statement (including the exhibits thereto) also may be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Commission at the Commission's principal office in Washington, D.C., at the Commission's prescribed rates. Electronic registration statements made through the Electronic Data Gathering Analysis and Retrieval system are publicly available through the Commission's web site at http://www.sec.gov.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 1996 (audited) and June 30, 1997 (unaudited)	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 (unaudited)	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 1997 (unaudited)	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 (audited) and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 (unaudited)	F-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-7
INNOVATIVE MEDICAL MACHINES INTERNATIONAL, SA.	
Report of Ernst & Young Entrepeneurs Department D'Ernst & Young Audit, Independent Auditors	F-16 F-17 F-18 F-19 F-20 F-21
Unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Statements	F-28 F-29 F-30 F-31 F-32

REPORT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. as of December 31, 1996, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. at December 31, 1996, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Sacramento, California

January 31, 1997, except for

Note 10, as to which the date

is September 5, 1997

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents. Accounts receivable. Inventory. Other current assets. Total current assets. Net property and equipment. Other assets.	\$ 6,001,079 600,568 1,030,262 128,648 7,760,557 251,037 17,837	\$ 3,685,731 655,023 1,790,371 245,405
	\$ 8,029,431 =======	\$ 6,663,357 =======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable Value added taxes payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Customer deposits Accrued product retrofit costs Payable to subcontractor Other current liabilities	\$ 676,201 272,596 195,742 125,000 135,348 110,176 192,064	\$ 1,046,771 270,289 103,673 257,172 135,348 195,592
Total current liabilities	1,707,127	2,008,845
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized; 3,361,161 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 1996 and 3,366,956 shares issued and outstanding at June		
30, 1997 Additional paid-in capital Deferred stock compensation Accumulated translation adjustment Accumulated deficit	33,611 25,807,264 (426,417) 8,657 (19,100,811)	33,669 25,775,656 (336,417) (29,994) (20,788,402)
Total stockholders' equity	6,322,304	4,654,512
	\$ 8,029,431 ======	\$ 6,663,357

See accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		DECEMBER 31,	SIX MONTH JUNE	30,
	1995	1996	1996	
			(UNAUD	
Net sales	\$ 174,521 70,179	\$ 2,280,311 884,152	\$ 1,064,206 458,483	\$ 1,379,696 531,693
		1,396,159		
Operating expenses: Selling, general and				
administrative	1,668,947	2,066,236 2,468,535	887,283	1,383,596
Research and development			977,616	1,183,519
Stock compensation		357,249	246,000	90,000
Other income (expense):	4,030,072	4,892,020	2,110,899	2,657,115
Interest income	107,306	87,933	38,723	125,147
Interest expense	(287,792)			·
Other	` 55,801 [°]	(30,635)	(20,958)	14,374
Loss before provision for income				
taxes	(4,050,415)	(3,438,563)	(1,487,411)	(1,669,591)
Provision for income taxes	3,113	10,266	3,183	18,000
	()		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(
Net loss	(4,053,528)	(3,448,829)	(1,490,594)	(1,687,591)
Preferred stock dividends	(936,325)			
Not loss applicable to common				
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$(4,989,853)	\$(3,448,829)	\$(1,490,594)	\$(1,687,591)
Stockholuers	Φ(4,969,655) =======	Φ(3,446,629) =======	\$(1,490,594) =======	Φ(1,007,591)
Net loss per common and common share				
equivalent	\$(1.19)	\$(0.79)	\$(0.34)	\$(0.50)
	=========		========	, ,
Shares used in per share				
calculations	4,178,877	4,373,947	4,377,643	3,364,567
	=======================================	=========	========	=========

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK			COMMON STOCK		DEFERRED	ACCUMULATED TRANSLATION
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID-IN CAPITAL	STOCK TRANSLAT	
Balance at December 31, 1994	163,369	\$ 1,634	69,205 781	\$ 691 8	\$11,748,261 2,585	\$ 	\$ 1,754
warrant to purchase common stock Conversion of Series B and Series C					4,224,373		
preferred stock into common stock Conversion of accumulated dividends	(163,369)	(1,634)	163,369	1,634			
preferred stock into common stock Sale of Series D convertible preferred stock and a warrant to purchase			40,591	406	(406)		
Series D preferred stock	693,195	6,932			1,934,719		
Net loss	,	,					
Translation adjustment							3,543
Dolonos et Docomber 21 1005	602 105	6,932	273,946	2,739	17 000 F22		 E 207
Exercise of stock options Sale of Series D convertible preferred stock and a warrant to purchase	693,195 	6,932	9,592	96	17,909,532 587		5,297
Series D preferred stock	346,597	3,466			996,534		
of expense Exercise of warrants Conversion of Series D convertible			1,525,000 512,831	15,250 5,128	6,122,073 (5,128)		
preferred stock to common stock	(1,039,792)	(10,398)	1,039,792	10,398			
Deferred stock compensation					783,666	(783,666)	
Stock compensation expense					·	357, 249	
Net loss							
Translation adjustment							3,360
Dalamas at Dasambar 21 1000			0 004 404		25 007 204	(400, 447)	0.057
Balance at December 31, 1996 Exercise of stock options			3,361,161	33,611	25,807,264	(426,417)	8,657
(unaudited) Stock compensation expense			5,795	58	16,214		
(unaudited) Additional offering expenses						90,000	
(unaudited)					(47,822)		
Translation adjustment (unaudited)							(38,651)
Net loss (unaudited)							
Balance at June 30, 1997 (unaudited)		\$ =======	3,366,956	\$33,669 =====	\$25,775,656 =======	\$ (336,417) =======	\$ (29,994) ======
	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	TOTAL STOCKHOL FOLITY	.DERS'				

	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Balance at December 31, 1994	\$(11,598,454) 	\$ 153,886 2,593
warrant to purchase common stock Conversion of Series B and Series C		4,224,373
preferred stock into common stock Conversion of accumulated dividends		
preferred stock into common stock Sale of Series D convertible preferred stock and a warrant to purchase		
Series D preferred stock Net loss Translation adjustment	(4,053,528) 	-,,
Balance at December 31, 1995 Exercise of stock options Sale of Series D convertible preferred stock and a warrant to purchase	(15,651,982)	2,272,518 683
Series D preferred stock Sale of common stock and warrants, net		1,000,000
of expense Exercise of warrants Conversion of Series D convertible		6,137,323
preferred stock to common stock		
Deferred stock compensation Stock compensation expense		357, 249
Net lossTranslation adjustment	(3,448,829)	
Balance at December 31, 1996 Exercise of stock options	(19,100,811)	
(unaudited)Stock compensation expense		16,272

(unaudited)		90,000
Additional offering expenses		
(unaudited)		(47,822)
Translation adjustment (unaudited)		(38,651)
Net loss (unaudited)	(1,687,591)	(1,687,591)
Balance at June 30, 1997 (unaudited)	\$(20,788,402)	\$ 4,654,512
	=========	=========

See accompanying notes.

F-5

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	YEARS ENDED D	ECEMBER 31,	SIX MONTH JUNE	30,
	1995	1996	1996	1997
			(UNAUD	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss	\$(4,053,528)	\$(3,448,829)	\$(1,490,594)	\$(1,687,591)
DepreciationStock compensationChanges in operating assets and liabilities:	288,344	221,162 357,249	103,692 246,000	83,678 90,000
Accounts receivable	(30,326) 137,625 850	(549,761) (283,290) 15,769	(102,983) 96,985 785	(54,455) (760,108) (116,756)
Note payableAccounts payableValue added taxes payable	20,701 (42,058) 9,321	(274, 498) 466, 796 258, 395	(207,461) (43,089) (469,991)	370,570 (2,307)
Accrued payroll and related expenses Customer deposits Accrued product retrofit costs	(222,896) (1,883) (114,680)	156,142 (344,991) (24,652)	19,652 (9,652)	(92,069) 132,172
Accrued interest	286,645 210,023	110,176 (94,852)	 80,980	(110,176) 3,527
Translation adjustment	3,543	3,360	(5,038)	(38,651)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,508,319)	(3,431,824)	(1,780,714)	(2,182,166)
Purchase of property and equipment Decrease (increase) in other assets	(121,008) 1,035	(41,348) (3,578)	(10,034) 217	(102,300) 668
Net cash used in investing activities Cash flows from financing activities:	(119,973)	(44,926)	(9,817)	(101,632)
Proceeds from convertible preferred stock Net proceeds from sale of common stock and	1,941,651	1,000,000	1,000,000	
warrants Proceeds from exercise of stock options	2,593	6,137,323 683	17 	(47,822) 16,272
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,944,244	7,138,006	1,000,017	(31,550)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,684,048)	3,661,256	(790,514)	(2,315,348)
period	4,023,871	2,339,823	2,339,823	6,001,079
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,339,823	\$ 6,001,079 ======	\$ 1,549,309 ======	\$ 3,685,731 ======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1996

(INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO JUNE 30, 1997 AND

THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on October 1, 1990 in Delaware. The Company develops, manufactures, markets and services image-directed, robotic products for surgical applications. The Company's principal product is the ROBODOC(R) Surgical Assistant System ("ROBODOC System"), a computer-controlled surgical robot, and the Company's ORTHODOC(R) Presurgical Planner, consisting of a computer workstation that utilizes the Company's proprietary software for pre-operative surgical planning. The first application for the ROBODOC System has been directed at cementless primary total hip replacement surgery and is currently marketed to customers in Europe.

On June 1, 1994, the Company acquired all shares of Gasfabriek Thijssen Holding BV (later renamed Integrated Surgical Systems BV), a non-operating Netherlands corporation, for approximately \$4,000. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Integrated Surgical Systems BV purchases and licenses products and technology from Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. for distribution in Europe and other markets.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

The financial position and results of operations of Integrated Surgical Systems BV are measured using the subsidiary's local currency (Guilders). The subsidiary's balance sheet accounts are translated at the current year-end exchange rate and statement of operations amounts are translated at the average exchange rate for the period. Translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses were not material during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues from sales without significant Company obligations beyond delivery are recognized upon delivery of the products. Revenues pursuant to agreements which include significant Company obligations beyond delivery are deferred until the Company's remaining obligations are insignificant. Revenues are recognized net of any deferrals for estimated future liabilities under contractual product warranty provisions. Estimated future product retrofit costs for ROBODOC Systems sold for clinical trials have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Future retrofit costs are those expected to be required to update ROBODOC Systems to the equivalent level of performance expected to be approved by the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA").

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Software development costs incurred subsequent to the determination of the product's technological feasibility and prior to the product's general release to customers are not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations, and have been charged to research and development expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. Grants received from third parties for research and development activities are recorded as revenue over the term of the agreement as the related activities are conducted. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company sells its products to companies in the healthcare industry and performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. The Company believes that adequate provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Company maintains substantially all of its cash at three financial institutions.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company invests its excess cash in high-quality debt instruments. The Company considers highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date of the instrument to be cash equivalents. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents approximate those assets' fair values. Cash equivalents consist primarily of commercial paper. At December 31, 1996, and June 30, 1997, the fair value of available-for-sale securities of \$4,969,266 and \$2,984,636, respectively, included in cash and cash equivalents approximates their historical cost.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years, or the lease term, whichever is shorter.

INVENTORY

INVENTORY CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING:

		JUNE 30, 1997
	DECEMBER 31, 1996	
		(UNAUDITED)
Raw materials	\$ 321,313	\$ 706,114
Work-in process	459,524	363,803
Finished goods	249,425	720,454
	\$1,030,262	\$ 1,790,371
	=======	=======

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

As permitted under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"), the Company has elected to account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB No. 25"). Under the intrinsic value method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price or fair value of the stock at the grant date or other measurement date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

INCOME TAXES

The liability method is used to account for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that are scheduled to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

NET LOSS PER SHARE

Except as noted below, net loss per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock warrants and stock options have been excluded from the computation because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletins, common and common equivalent shares issued by the Company at prices below the initial public offering price during the 12 month period prior to the offering date of November 21, 1996 have been included in the calculation as if they were outstanding for all periods presented prior to the initial public offering (using the treasury stock method at the initial public offering price of \$5.00 per share). As described in Note 6, common stock was issued on December 20, 1995 in connection with the conversion of preferred stock and accumulated dividends. Net loss per share for the year ended December 31, 1995 would have been (\$0.93) per share had the conversion occurred on January 1, 1995.

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share, which is required to be adopted on December 31, 1997. At that time, the Company will be required to change the method currently used to compute earnings per share and to restate all prior periods. Under the new requirements for calculating primary earnings per share, the dilutive effect of stock options will be excluded. The impact of Statement 128 on the Company's calculation of earnings per share is not expected to be material.

SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS AND FOREIGN SALES

The Company recognized approximately 95% of its revenue from one customer during the year ended December 31, 1995, and approximately 100% of its revenues from four customers during the year ended December 31, 1996. Foreign sales were approximately \$165,000 and \$2,280,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995 and December 31, 1996, respectively. During each of the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997, the Company recognized 100% and 92%, respectively, of its revenues from two different customers in each period. Foreign sales for the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 were \$1,064,206 and \$1,379,696, respectively.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts reported in prior years financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 1996 presentation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)
POPOPOC Custom aguisment	ф 007 700	,
ROBODOC System equipment	\$ 327,793 800,374	\$ 327,793 881,629
Furniture and fixtures	41,258	56,219
Leasehold improvements	86,816	92,899
	1,256,241	1,358,540
Less accumulated depreciation	1,005,204	1,088,882
	\$ 251,037	\$ 269,658
	========	========

4. REVERSE STOCK SPLIT

On December 20, 1995, the Company effected a one-for-five reverse split of the Company's common stock. In November 1996, the Company effected a one-for-1.479586 reverse split of the Company's common stock. All references in the accompanying financial statements to the number of capital shares and per-share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the reverse splits.

5. NOTES PAYABLE

A long-term note payable was entered into between the Company and a large corporation, a representative of which was a member of the Company's Board of Directors. The corporation is also a warrant holder of the Company. Simple interest on the note payable accrued at 9.25% per annum. On December 20, 1995, the long-term note payable and accrued interest totaling \$4,224,373 was converted into a warrant to purchase 126,895 shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.01 per share which is currently exercisable and expires on December 31, 2005.

In conjunction with the note agreement, the Company also entered into a License Agreement with this corporation whereby the corporation granted the Company the rights to the technology underlying the ROBODOC System at the time of the Company's incorporation. In consideration for this License Agreement, the Company issued to the corporation a warrant to purchase 67,587 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.07 per share. This warrant expires on December 31, 2000 and has not been exercised as of June 30, 1997.

6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

COMMON STOCK

As of December 31, 1996 the Company has reserved a total of 5,572,366 shares of common stock pursuant to warrants and options outstanding and reserved for future issuance.

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

In November 1996, the Company sold in its initial public offering, a total of 1,525,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share and 1,753,750 warrants at \$0.10 per warrant. In addition, the Company sold to its underwriter warrants to purchase an additional 305,000 shares for total consideration of \$10.00. The net proceeds after underwriters' commissions and fees and other costs associated with the offering were approximately \$6,090,000.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share, subject to adjustment in certain events, at any time during the period commencing November 20, 1997, and thereafter for a period of four years. The warrants are subject to redemption by the Company at \$0.10 per warrant at any time during the exercise period on not less than 30 days prior written notice to the holders of the warrants provided certain criteria regarding the price performance of the Company's common stock are met.

CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

On December 20, 1995, all outstanding shares of Series B and Series C preferred stock were converted into 60,964 and 102,405 shares of common stock, respectively. Also on that date, all accumulated and unpaid dividends on Series B and Series C were converted into 17,910 and 22,681 shares of the Company's common stock, respectively.

The Company entered into a Series D preferred stock and warrant agreement during 1995. Under the terms of this agreement, the Company received \$2 million in proceeds at the first closing which occurred on December 21, 1995, and granted an option to purchase additional Series D stock and a warrant to purchase Series D Stock as described below. At the first closing, the Company sold 693,195 shares of Series D preferred stock for \$0.96 per share. It also sold for \$1,333,333 a warrant to purchase 1,386,390 shares of Series D at \$0.01 per share. The warrant expires on December 31, 2005 and has not been exercised as of June 30, 1997. The purchasers received an option to purchase an additional 346,597 shares of Series D preferred stock and a warrant to purchase an additional 693,194 shares of Series D preferred stock, all with the same terms as in the first closing. On February 19, 1996, the option holder exercised the option and the Company sold 346,597 shares of Series D preferred stock for \$0.96 per share. The Company also sold a warrant for \$666,667 to purchase 693,194 shares of Series D at \$0.01 per share.

Series B and Series C preferred stockholders who did not purchase Series D stock were issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 584,959 shares of the Company's common stock at a price of \$0.74 per share in consideration for their consent to the terms of the recapitalization and Series D stock sale.

On August 25, 1996 and October 29, 1996, certain holders of these warrants entered into amended warrant agreements with the Company which included a provision allowing for a cashless exercise. Under the terms of the cashless exercise, these warrant holders accepted a 72,126 fewer shares as consideration for not being required to make the cash exercise payment of \$0.74 per share. This resulted in these warrant holders receiving 512,831 shares of Common Stock upon their exercise on August 25, 1996 and October 29, 1996.

As per the terms of the convertible preferred stock agreement, upon the closing of the Company's initial public offering in November 1996, each of the 1,039,792 shares of outstanding Series D preferred stock were automatically converted into the same number of shares of common stock. On the same date, the warrants outstanding to purchase a total of 2,079,584 shares of Series D preferred stock were converted into warrants to purchase the same number of shares of common stock.

In November 1996, the Board of Directors amended, and the stockholders subsequently approved, the Company's Articles of Incorporation to authorize 1,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock. Preferred stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions granted to and imposed upon any wholly unissued series of preferred stock and designation of any such series without any vote or action by the Company's stockholders.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

STOCK OPTION PLANS

The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and related Interpretations in accounting for its employees stock options because, as discussed below, the alternative fair value accounting provided for under FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," requires use of option valuation models that were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options.

The Company established a stock option plan in 1991 (the "1991 Plan") and on December 13, 1995, it established a new stock option plan (the "1995 Plan"). Certain employees of the Company surrendered their options under the 1991 Plan in return for new and additional options granted under the 1995 Plan. Officers, employees, directors and consultants to the Company may participate in the Plans. Options granted under the Plans may be incentive stock options or non-statutory stock options. 1,249,070 shares of the Company's common stock have been reserved for issuance under the Plans. Options granted generally have a term of ten years from the date of the grant. The exercise price of incentive stock options granted under the Plans may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant. The exercise price of non-statutory stock options granted under the Plans may not be less than 85% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant. For a person who, at the time of the grant, owns stock representing 10% of the voting power of all classes of Company stock, the exercise price of the incentive stock options or the non-statutory stock options granted under the Plans may not be less than 110% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the grant.

Pro forma information regarding net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share is required by SFAS No. 123, which also requires that the information be determined as if the Company has accounted for its employee stock options granted subsequent to December 31, 1994 under the fair value method of that Statement. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions for 1995 and 1996, respectively: risk-free interest rates of 6.25% and 5.43%; a dividend yield of 0%; volatility factors of the expected market price of the Company's common stock of 0.50; and an expected life of the option of 5 and 3.2 years.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options. For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the vesting period. The Company's pro forma information follows:

	1995	1996
Pro forma net loss	\$(4,064,392)	\$(3,464,434)
Pro forma net loss per share	\$ (1.20)	\$ (0.79)

Because SFAS No. 123 is applicable only to options granted subsequent to December 31, 1994, its pro forma effect will not be fully reflected until 1999.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

The following summarizes activity under the Plans for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997:

	NUMBER OF SHARES	PRICE
Outstanding at December 31, 1994	53,032 32,713 (9,439) (781)	
Outstanding at December 31, 1995 (at \$3.33 to \$7.84 per share)	75,525 951,545 (70,294) (9,592)	0.27 4.08
Outstanding at December 31, 1996 (at \$0.07 to \$7.84 per share)	947,184 211,332 (37,806) (5,795)	0.42
Outstanding at June 30, 1997 (at \$0.07 to \$7.84 per share)(unaudited)	1,114,915	

The weighted average exercise price of options granted in 1996 with option prices less than the fair market value of the Company's stock on the grant date was \$0.48 and the weighted average grant date fair value of these options was \$0.89. The weighted average exercise price of options granted in 1996 with option prices equal to the fair market value of the Company's stock on the grant date was \$5.00 and the weighted average grant date fair value of these options was \$2.31.

The following summarizes information related to options outstanding and options exercisable at December 31, 1996:

		WEIGHTED AVERAGE	
EXERCISE	OPTIONS	REMAINING CONTRACTUAL	OPTIONS
PRICE	OUTSTANDING	LIFE (IN YEARS)	EXERCISABLE
\$ 0.07	873,949	9.2	344,352
\$ 2.07	21,631	9.6	1,014
\$ 3.33	4,867	5.1	4,867
\$ 4.88	2,704	8.4	902
\$ 5.00	30,277	9.8	
\$ 7.84	13,756	6.0	10,777
	947,184		361,912
	========		========

Of the options outstanding at December 31, 1996, options to purchase 361,912 shares of common stock were immediately exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.36 per share. A total of 292,366 shares were still available for grant under the 1995 Plan at December 31, 1996.

During the year ended December 31, 1996, the Company recorded deferred stock compensation of \$783,666 relating to stock options granted during the period with exercise prices less than the estimated fair value of the Company's common stock, as determined by an independent valuation analysis, on the date of grant. The deferred stock compensation is being amortized into expense over the vesting period of the stock options which generally range from 3 to 5 years. Deferred compensation relating to stock options which vested

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

immediately was expensed on the date of grant. Compensation expense of \$357,249 was recorded during the year ended December 31, 1996 relating to these options, and the remaining \$426,417 will be amortized into expense in future periods.

7 TNCOME TAXES

The income tax provisions for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 are comprised of currently payable state franchise taxes and currently payable foreign income taxes.

Deferred taxes result from temporary differences in the recognition of certain revenue and expense items for income tax and financial reporting purposes. The significant components of the Company's deferred taxes as of December 31, 1995 and 1996 are as follows:

	1995	1996
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryover	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 3,000,000
Capitalized research and development	16,000	245,000
Accrued product retrofit costs	95,000	56,000
Inventory	97,000	85,000
Depreciation	65,000	102,000
Stock compensation	,	154,000
Other	39,000	158,000
	2,512,000	3,800,000
Less: Valuation allowance	(2,512,000)	(3,800,000)
Net deferred taxes	\$	\$
	========	========

The principal reasons for the difference between the effective income tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate are as follows:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	1995	1996	
Federal benefit expected at statutory rates Net operating loss with no current benefit State franchise taxes Foreign income taxes		\$(1,172,000) 1,172,000 10,000 266	
	\$ 3,113	\$ 10,266	

In connection with the Company's Series D preferred stock sale (Note 6) a change of ownership (as defined in Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) occurred. As a result of this change, the Company's federal and state net operating loss carryforwards generated through December 21, 1995 (approximately \$13,500,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively) will be subject to a total annual limitation in the amount of approximately \$400,000. Except for the amounts described below, the Company expects that the carryforward amounts will not be available prior to the expiration of the carryforward periods.

As a consequence of the limitation, the Company has at December 31, 1996 a net operating loss carryover of approximately \$8,700,000 for federal income tax purposes which expires between 2005 and 2011, and a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$2,100,000 for state income tax purposes which expires between 1997 and 2001.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

The Company paid \$5,280 and \$1,600 for income and franchise taxes during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, respectively.

8. COMMITMENTS

The Company leases its facilities under two non-cancelable operating leases. One of the leases has an escalation clause of 5% per annum and has a term of approximately five years. The Company's other facility does not have an escalation clause and has a term of approximately 3 years. Future payments under non-cancelable facility operating leases are approximately as follows:

1997	\$86,000
1998	\$44,000

Aggregate rental expense under these leases amounted to \$135,980, \$141,456 and \$76,128 during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, and the six months ended June 30, 1997, respectively.

Future minimum payments under non-cancelable equipment operating leases are approximately \$13,000 per year through the year ended December 31, 2000. Rental expense for these non-cancelable leases during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997 was approximately \$14,000, \$13,000 and \$7,000, respectively.

9. NIST GRANT

During 1994, the Company received notification it was awarded a \$1,960,000 National Institute of Science and Technology ("NIST") grant from the U.S. Department of Commerce ("USDC"). The grant is shared by the Company and two strategic partners to fund approximately 49% of a \$4 million joint development project to adapt the ROBODOC System for use in hip revision surgery. The development project and related NIST Grant began in 1995. The Company received \$19,409 and \$116,049 in proceeds under this grant during the years ended December 31, 1995 and December 31, 1996, respectively. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had received \$110,176 from the USDC which is payable to a subcontractor for work performed by it under the development agreement.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Effective September 5, 1997, the Company acquired all of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A.'s ("IMMI") issued and outstanding capital stock, stock warrants and convertible debt in a transaction accounted for as a purchase. The purchase price consisted of 619,355 shares of the Company's common stock with a fair market value of approximately \$3.9 million and the assumption of approximately \$1 million of IMMI's liabilities. The purchase agreement places certain restrictions for a period of eighteen months on the future sale of the Company's stock issued in connection with the purchase.

REPORT OF ERNST & YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS DEPARTMENT D'ERNST & YOUNG AUDIT, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. as of December 31, 1996, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. at December 31, 1996, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Note 1, the Company has incurred recurring operating losses. This condition raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to this matter are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

ERNST & YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS DEPARTMENT

D'ERNST & YOUNG AUDIT

Marc Bonhomme

Partner

Villeurbanne, France

September 10, 1997

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	DE	CEMBER 31,		JNE 30, 1997
		1996	(U	NAUDITED)
ASSETS			,	•
Current assets				
Cash Accounts receivable. Value added tax receivable. Tax credit receivable. Inventory. Other current assets.	\$	93,658 39,353 110,264 274,158 80,538	\$	91,285 198,401 27,599 98,373 134,572 14,344
Total current assetsProperty and equipment, net		597,971 125,111		564,574 258,368
	\$	723,082	\$	822,942 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFI	CIT	-)		
Current liabilities Accounts payable to affiliates	\$	53,315 137,009 114,248 107,966 317,265 	\$	105,238 242,797 84,078 313,620 94,110 61,611
Total current liabilities Long term bank loans Convertible debt Note payable		799,137 143,221 164,856		901,454 37,648 127,777 147,079
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1 and 8) Stockholders' equity (deficit) Common stock, \$28.41 par value, 25,225 shares authorized, issued		·		·
and outstanding Additional paid in capital Accumulated translation adjustment Accumulated deficit		716,578 466,932 9,654 (1,577,296)		716,578 466,932 30,165 1,604,691)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	-	(384,132)		(391,016)
	\$ =	723,082	\$ ==	822,942 ======

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		31, 30,	
	1995	1996	1996	1997
			(UNAUDI	
Net Sales	\$ 	200,882	\$ 147,158 90,525	285,120
Gross profit			56,633	
Operating expenses: Selling, general and administrative Research and development	266,144 458,728	545,823	231,592 244,373	
Total operating expenses	724,872	1,146,289	475, 965	
Loss from operations				
Other income (expense): Interest income Interest expense Grant income	(7,350) 	567 (10,625)	(4,155) 	59,787
Loss before benefit for income taxes Benefit for income taxes	(703, 466) (73, 940)	· , , ′		(27,395)
Net loss	\$(629,526) =======	\$(909,919) =======	\$(422,918) =======	\$(27,395) ======
Net loss per share	\$ (39.01)	\$ (39.77)	\$ (20.60)	\$ (1.09)
Shares used in per share calculations	16,137 ======		20,531 ======	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

	СОММ	ON STOCK	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN	ACCUMULATED TRANSLATION	ACCUMULATED	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
		AMOUNT		ADJUSTMENT	DEFICIT	(DEFICIT)
Balance at December 31, 1994 Net loss Cumulative translation	10,000	\$ 187,056 	\$	\$ 	\$ (37,851) (629,526)	\$ 149,205 (629,526)
adjustment				15,514		15,514
Issuance of common stock Legal change in par	8,182	164,188	638,693	,		802, 881
value		638,503	(638,503)			
Balance at December 31,						
1995	18,182	989,747	190	15,514	(667,377)	338,074
Net lossCumulative translation	,	,		,	(909, 919)	(909, 919)
adjustment				(5,860)		(5,860)
Issuance of common stock Issuance of common stock	7,043	192,650				192,650
warrants Legal change in par			923			923
value		(465,819)	465,819			
Balance at December 31,					((
1996 Net loss (unaudited) Cumulative translation adjustment	25, 225	716,578 	466,932 	9,654 	(1,577,296) (27,395)	
(unaudited)				20,511		20,511
Balance at June 30, 1997						
(unaudited)	25,225 =====	\$ 716,578 ======	\$ 466,932 ======	\$30,165 ======	\$(1,604,691) =======	\$(391,016) ======

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		SIX MONTH JUNE	30,
	1995	1996	1996	1997
			(UNAUD	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss	\$ (629,526)	\$(909,919)	\$(422,918)	\$ (27,395)
Depreciation	31,983	101,776	28,298	43,019
Accounts receivable	(10,287)	37,313	37,447	(204,789)
Value added tax receivable	(49, 354)	17,079	36,255	7,752
Tax credit receivable Inventory	(73,940) (148,790)	28,737	 5,695	113,563
Other current assets	7,996	(70,511)	(17,396)	59,362
Accounts payable to affiliates	84,552	(138, 150)	(153,084)	38,806
Accounts payable	(48, 213)	78,452	24,963	121,706
Accrued payroll and related				·
expenses	47,695		40,213	(18,424)
Customer deposits	156,625	,	140,914	(292, 166)
Deferred grant incomeOther current liabilities	7,621	62,756	11,253	97,140 246
Net cash used in operating activities			(268,360)	(61,180)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment	(194,078)	(38,808)	(4,764)	(194,329)
Net cash used in investing activities			(4,764)	(194,329)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from bank loans	355,167	95,475		264,054
Payments on bank loans	(4,560)	(327,099)	(323,257)	(901)
Increase in notes payable Net proceeds from sale of common stock and		168,795	12,430	
warrants Net proceeds from issuance of convertible	802,881	193,573	193,573	
debt		148,258	148,258	
Net cash provided by financing				
activities	1,153,488	279,002	31,004	263,153
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	12,629	(18, 295)	(15,352)	(10,017)
Increase (decrease) in cash	348, 401 84, 294	(339,037) 432,695	(257,472) 432,695	(2,373) 93,658
Cash end of period		\$ 93,658 ======	\$ 175,223 ======	\$ 91,285 ======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 1996

(INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO JUNE 30, 1997 AND THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 AND 1997 IS UNAUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND FINANCING REQUIREMENTS

Innovative Medical Machines International (the "Company") was incorporated on July 28, 1993 in Grenoble, France. The Company develops, manufactures and markets image guided robotic devices for surgical applications. The Company's principal product is the NeuroMate(R), a computer controlled surgical robot dedicated to stereotactic neurosurgery.

On August 14, 1995 the Company established a wholly owned subsidiary, Innovative Medical Machines International Inc., as a Delaware corporation for the purpose of developing its business in the United States.

The Company has incurred substantial losses since inception and has not yet generated significant revenue. The Company incurred a net loss of \$909,919 for the year ended December 31, 1996 and has an accumulated deficit of \$1,577,296 as of December 31, 1996. To date, the Company has funded its operations primarily through the sale of debt and equity. Accordingly, the Company's ability to accomplish its business strategy and to ultimately achieve profitable operations is dependent upon its ability to raise additional financing. The Company's management is exploring several funding options and expects to raise additional capital during 1997. Ultimately, however, the Company will need to achieve profitable operations in order to continue as a going concern.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the uncertainties related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

CURRENCY TRANSLATION

The financial position and results of operations of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. are measured using the Company's functional currency (French Francs). The Company's balance sheet accounts are translated at the current year-end exchange rate and statement of operations are translated at the average exchange rate for the period. Translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses were not material during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues from sales without significant Company obligations beyond delivery are recognized upon delivery of the products. Revenues pursuant to agreements which include significant Company obligations beyond delivery are deferred until the Company's remaining obligations are insignificant.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Software development costs incurred subsequent to the determination of the product's technological feasibility and prior to the product's general release to customers are not material to the Company's financial

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

position or results of operations, and have been charged to research and development expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

GRANT INCOME

Grant income for clinical tests is recognized as the related clinical tests are performed. Grants received in advance of work to be performed are recorded as deferred grant income.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company sells its products to companies in the healthcare industry and performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not request collateral. The Company believes that adequate provision for doubtful accounts receivable has been made in the accompanying financial statements. The Company maintains substantially all of its cash at two banking institutions.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

NeuroMate system equipment used for grant related clinical testing is included in property and equipment. Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 3 to 8 years.

INVENTORY

Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market and consists of materials and supplies used in the manufacture of the NeuroMate System.

Inventory consists of the following:

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997
		(UNAUDITED)
Raw materials	\$	\$ 50,081
Finished Goods	274, 158	84,491
	\$ 274,158	\$ 134,572
	=======	=======

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

As permitted under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"), the Company has elected to account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB No. 25"). Under the intrinsic value method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price or fair value of the stock at the grant date or other measurement date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

INCOME TAXES

The liability method is used to account for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that are scheduled to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

NET LOSS PER SHARE

Net loss per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock warrants and convertible debt have been excluded from the computation because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 128, Earnings Per Share, which is required to be adopted on December 31, 1997. At that time, the Company will be required to change the method currently used to compute earnings per share and to restate all prior periods. Under the new requirements for calculating primary earnings per share, the dilutive effect of stock options will be excluded. The impact of Statement 128 on the Company's calculation of earnings per share is not expected to be material.

CUSTOMERS AND FOREIGN SALES

Approximately 99% of the Company's revenues were from two customers in France during the year ended December 31, 1996 and approximately 95% of the Company's revenues during the six months ended June 30, 1997 were from a different customer in Japan.

3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997
		(UNAUDITED)
NEUROMATE System equipment	\$ 72,560 92,768	\$ 194,207 135,751
Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	35,820 61,247	36,725 55,953
Less accumulated depreciation	262,395 (137,284)	422,636 (164,268)
Total property and equipment	\$ 125,111 =======	\$ 258,368 ======

4. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE TO AFFILIATES

Accounts payable to affiliates consists of the following:

	AT DECEMBER 31, 1996	AT JUNE 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)
Accounts payable for purchases of materials	\$ 12,918	\$ 63,909
Wages and salaries due to stockholders Accrued interest on convertible debt	33,992 6,405	31,142 10,187
Total accounts payable to affiliates	\$ 53,315 ======	\$105,238 ======

Purchases for substantially all of the mechanical components of the robot are made from an affiliate. Total purchases from this company for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 were \$286,805, \$157,334, \$37,013 and \$36,927 respectively.

Certain stockholders who are also employees have elected to defer payment of their wages and salaries in order to provide short-term financing for the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

BANK LOANS

Bank loans consist of the following :

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)
Revolving line of credit established in July 1996 for five years with an available amount of \$386,347 at a fixed rate of interest of 7.15%. The amount available decreases quarterly by 5% of the original amount, beginning October 1996	\$ 95,474	\$ 290,146
5.75% Bank term loan with monthly principal and interest payments		56,575
through October 1997 at a fixed rate of interest of 8%	12,492	4,547
Less current portion	107,966 (107,966)	351,268 (313,620)
Total long-term bank loans	\$	\$ 37,648
	=======	=======

The revolving line of credit is under a single agreement with the Company's two banks in France. During 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997 the proceeds under this line of credit were obtained equally from each bank. Half of the credit line was secured by the Company's common stock. On September 5, 1997 the banks waived their security interests in order to enable the sale of the Company's common stock to Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., as more fully described in Note 10. At December 31, 1996, \$267,328, of the line of credit was unused. At June 30, 1997 no amounts were unused by the Company.

The bank term loans are secured by substantially all of the Company's assets.

CONVERTIBLE DEBT

In May 1996, the Company sold 2,143 units of convertible debt at \$67.42 per unit which may be converted into common stock at a rate of one unit of convertible debt for one share of common stock between January 1, 1999 and December 31, 1999. The convertible debt earns interest at 5% which is payable at December 31 each year.

If the convertible debt is not converted into common stock, it will be repayable at 102% of the original offering price on December 31, 1999. In agreement with the convertible debt holders no interest was paid in 1996. The amount due for interest is accrued and shown in the balance sheet as accounts payable to affiliates.

On May 31, 1996, the Company sold 1,057 warrants to purchase its common stock at \$28.41 per share for approximately \$0.19 per warrant in conjunction with the convertible debt offering. These warrants expire on December 31, 1999.

NOTE PAYABLE

The Company received an interest free loan of \$152,561 from a grant organization for the development of a new system. In the case of the failure of the project, the contractual agreement is that the grant organization may decide to forgive all or part of the repayments.

If the Company sells either a license for technology, the prototype developed, or articles manufactured specifically for the research project, 50% of the revenue must be paid to the grant body in the subsequent year up to the balance of the loan amount outstanding. According to the contract, any such payments would be

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

considered to be an advance repayment of the loan. The Company has not made any sales of this type through June 30, 1997.

FUTURE PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS

As of December 31, 1996, future principal payments by year on long-term debt are due as follows :

	AT DECEMBER 31,
1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 and thereafter	\$ 107,966 184,435 41,214 82,428
Less current portion	416,043 (107,966)
Total long-term debt	\$ 308,077 ======

Interest payments on total long-term debt during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 and 1997 were \$800, \$14,813, \$8,104 and \$12,858, respectively.

6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

COMMON STOCK

As of December 31, 1996 pursuant to warrants and convertible debt outstanding, a total of 4,789 and 2,143 shares of common stock would be issued upon conversion or exercise of the warrants and convertible debt, respectively. As the Company's authorized common stock is fully issued the Company will need to increase authorized common stock prior to any issuance or conversion related to the warrants or the convertible debt.

During 1995 the Company increased par value from \$18.71 to \$54.44 resulting in a reclassification of additional paid in capital to common stock. The Company subsequently decreased the par value to \$28.41 in 1996 resulting in a further reclassification from common stock to additional paid in capital.

COMMON STOCK WARRANTS

On May 31, 1996, the Company sold to an executive officer 3,732 warrants to purchase its common stock at \$28.41 per share for approximately \$0.19 per warrant. These warrants expire on December 31, 1999.

The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and related Interpretations in accounting for these warrants because, as discussed below, the alternative fair value accounting provided for under FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123") requires use of valuation models that were not developed for use in valuing employee common stock warrants.

Pro forma information regarding net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share is required by SFAS No. 123, which also requires that the information be determined as if the Company has accounted for warrants granted to the employees subsequent to December 31, 1994 under the fair value method of that Statement. The fair value for these warrants was estimated at the date of the grant using the minimum value pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 5.5%; a dividend yield of 0%; and an expected life of the warrants of 3.5 years. As determined by the minimum value pricing model using the above assumptions, the fair value of the warrants on the grant date was \$4.97 per warrant.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

Valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions. Because the Company's warrants granted to its President have characteristics significantly different from those of traded warrants and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its warrants.

For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the warrants granted to the President is amortized to expense over the vesting period. The following is the Company's pro forma information for the year ended December 31, 1996:

	1996
Pro forma net loss	\$(913,013)
Pro forma net loss per share	\$ (39.91)

7. INCOME TAXES

Deferred taxes result from temporary differences in the recognition of revenue and expense items for income tax and financial reporting.

The significant components of the Company's deferred taxes as of December 31, 1996 are as follows:

Net operating loss carryover	
Income recognition	
Research and development	38,803
Other	23,643
	594,858
Less: valuation allowance	(594,858)
Net deferred taxes	\$
	=======

The principal reasons for the difference between the effective income tax and the statutory income tax rate are as follows:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
	1995	1996
Income tax benefit expected at statutory rates Net operating loss with no current benefit Net research tax credit		\$(328,268) 328,268
	\$ (73,940)	\$
	=======	=======

The research tax credit is allowable based on the increase in research expenditures in the fiscal year as compared to the average of the two prior fiscal years. The research tax credit is subject to a review by the tax authorities up to three years after the credit is claimed. The research tax credit is payable by tax authorities after the third year following the year in which it arose. Management has recorded an allowance against a portion of the research tax credit. At December 31, 1996 and June 30, 1997 the total tax research credit due for payment between 1998 and 2000 and the related allowance are as follows:

	DECEMBER 31, 1996	JUNE 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)
Research tax credit receivable	\$ 235,496 (125,232)	\$ 210,101 (111,728)
	\$ 110,264	\$ 98,373
	=======	=======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

The Company has at December 31, 1996 a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$610,300 which expires between 1999 and 2002, and a net operating loss carryforward which does not expire of \$141,189 for statutory income taxes.

8. COMMITMENTS

LEASES

Through December 31, 1996, the Company leased its facilities under a 9 year operating lease, cancelable every 3 years. The Company relocated in January 1997. Future lease payments of \$33,080 which are due until the end of the current three year period are accrued in other current liabilities and charged to operations at December 31, 1996 because the Company no longer uses the premises. An additional amortization of leasehold improvements of \$42,375 was also recorded during 1996 because of early termination of the lease.

The aggregate annual rental expense under this lease amounted to \$22,598 and \$22,054 during 1995 and 1996.

In January 1997, the Company obtained an 18 month operating lease of its facilities from a university in Lyon. This lease is given free of charge by the University and the local council, as part of a program to encourage the relocation of new technical companies to Lyon.

Future minimum payments under non-cancelable equipment operating leases are \$12,000 per year through the year ended December 31, 1998. Rental expense for these non-cancelable leases during the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997 was approximately \$12,000, \$12,000 and \$6,000, respectively.

SALE OF RECEIVABLES WITH RECOURSE

In May 1997 a note for \$173,595 was sold to the bank with recourse. No gain or loss was recognized on this transaction; however, the Company has an obligation to pay the bank interest on all amounts outstanding on the note at 10.70% until the bank is paid in full. The full amount remained unpaid as of June 30, 1997.

9. ANVAR GRANT

During 1996, the Company received notification it was awarded a \$222,492 grant from the French agency Agence Nationale de Valorisation de la Recherche ("ANVAR") which is a French national agency set up to aid research and development projects. The grant is to fund the clinical tests to be performed at two university hospitals on the NeuroMate system over a period of one year. The project and related ANVAR grant began in March 1997 and will last for one year. The Company received \$173,595 in proceeds (Note 8) under this grant during the period ended June 30, 1997, of which \$59,787 has been recognized as income and the remainder has been recorded as deferred grant income to be recognized as income over the period of the project.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Effective September 5, 1997, Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. ("ISS") acquired all of the Company's issued and outstanding capital stock, stock warrants and convertible debt in a transaction accounted for as a purchase. The purchase price consisted of 619,355 shares of ISS common stock with a fair market value of approximately \$3.9 million and the assumption of approximately \$1 million of the Company's liabilities. The purchase agreement places certain restrictions for a period of eighteen months on the future sale of the ISS stock issued in connection with the purchase.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Financial Statements, including the notes thereto, are qualified in their entirety by reference to and should be read in conjunction with the historical Consolidated Financial Statements of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., ("ISS") and Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A., ("IMMI"), including the notes thereto, included herein.

The unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Balance Sheet as of June 30, 1997 and the unaudited Pro Forma Combined Condensed Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1997, give effect to the business combination involving Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. and Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The Pro Forma Combined Condensed Balance Sheet is presented as if the business combination had occurred on June 30, 1997, and the Pro Forma Combined Condensed Statements of Operations are presented as if the business combination had occurred as of January 1, 1996. The pro forma information is presented for illustrative purposes only and may not be indicative of the results that would have been obtained had the transaction actually occurred on the dates assumed nor is it necessarily indicative of the future combined results of operations. ISS has retained independent valuation professionals to assist in the final determination of the value to be assigned to the individual assets acquired including the intangibles and in-process research and development. The results of the preliminary valuation have been included in the pro forma adjustments to the combined condensed financial statements; however, results of the final valuation could differ from those reflected herein.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 1997

			PRO FORMA	
	ISS	IMMI	ADJUSTMENTS	COMBINED
	ASSETS			
Current assets:	ASSETS	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,685,731	\$ 91,285	\$	\$ 3,777,016
Accounts receivable	655,023	198,401		853,424
Inventory	1,790,371	134,572		1,924,943
Other current assets	245,405	140,316		385,721
Total current assets	6,376,530	564,574		6,941,104
Net property and equipment	269,658	258, 368		528,026
Other assets	17,169	230,300		17,169
Intangible assets			3,844,242(a)	3,844,242
3				
	\$ 6,663,357	\$ 822,942	\$ 3,844,242	\$11,330,541
	=========	========	========	========
LTARTI	TTTEC AND CTOCK	VIOLDEDEL FOUTTV		
Current liabilities:	TITES AND STUCK	(HOLDERS' EQUITY		
Accounts payable to affiliates	\$	\$ 105,238	\$	\$ 105,238
Accounts payable	1,046,771	242,797		1,289,568
Value added taxes payable Accrued payroll and related	270,289	,		270,289
expenses Current portion of long-term bank	103,673	84,078		187,751
loans		313,620		313,620
Customer deposits	257,172			257,172
Accrued product retrofit costs	135,348			135,348
Deferred grant income		94,110		94,110
Other current liabilities	195,592	61,611		257,203
Total current lightlities	2 000 045	001 454		2 010 200
Total current liabilities	2,008,845	901,454		2,910,299
Long-term bank loans		37,648		37,648
Convertible debt		127,777	(127,777)(b)	
Note payable		147,079		147,079
Stockholders' equity (deficit)	00.000	740 570	(740,004)/-)	00.000
Common stock	33,669	716,578	(710,384)(a)	39,863
Additional paid-in capital Deferred stock compensation	25,775,656 (336,417)	466,932	3,416,423(a)	29,659,011 (336,417)
Accumulated translation	(330,417)			(330,417)
adjustment	(29,994)	30,165	(30,165)(a)	(29,994)
Accumulated deficit	(20,788,402)	(1,604,691)	1,296,145(a)	(21,096,948)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	4,654,512	(391,016)	3,972,019	8,235,515
	\$ 6,663,357	\$ 822,942	\$ 3,844,242	\$11,330,541
	φ 0,003,357 =======	Φ 022,942 ========	Φ 3,044,242 ========	Φ11, 330, 541 =======

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996

PRO FORMA ISS IMMI ADJUSTMENTS COMBINED ----------\$ 447,310 --\$ 2,727,621 Net sales..... \$ 2,280,311 --Cost of sales..... 884,152 200,882 1,085,034 -----1,396,159 246,428 1,642,587 Operating expenses: Selling, general and administrative... 3,446,978 2,066,236 600,466 780,276(c) --Research and development..... 2,468,535 545,823 3,014,358 357,249 Stock compensation..... 357,249 4,892,020 1,146,289 780,276 6,818,585 Other income (expense): 567 Interest income..... 87,933 88,500 Interest expense..... (6,041)(10,625)4,584(d) (30,635) (30,635)Other.... -----Loss before provision for income (775,692) taxes..... (3,438,563)(909, 919)(5, 124, 174)Provision for income taxes..... 10,266 10,266 -------\$ (775,692) \$(3,448,829) \$ (909,919) \$(5,134,440) ========= ========= ========= ======== \$ (1.03) Net loss per share..... (0.79) \$ (39.77) _____ _____ Shares used in per share calculations... 4,373,947 22,879 4,993,302

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See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

			PRO F	ORMA
	ISS	IMMI	ADJUSTMENTS	COMBINED
Net sales	\$ 1,379,696 531,693	\$617,580 285,120	\$	\$ 1,997,276 816,813
0030 01 3010311111111111111111111111111				
	848,003	332,460		1,180,463
Operating expenses:	,	•		
Selling, general and administrative	1,383,596	295,865	390,138(c)	2,069,599
Research and development	1,183,519	107,739		1,291,258
Stock compensation	90,000			90,000
	2,657,115	403,604	390,138	3,450,857
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	125,147	(40.000)		125,147
Interest expense		(16,038)	3,066(d)	
Other	14,374	59,787		74,161
Loss before provision for income toyon	(1 660 501)	(27, 205)	(207 072)	(2.004.050)
Loss before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	(1,669,591) 18,000	(27,395)	(387,072)	(2,084,058) 18,000
Provision for income taxes	10,000			10,000
Net loss	\$(1,687,591)	\$(27,395)	\$ (387,072)	\$(2,102,058)
NCC 1033	=========	Ψ(27,393)	Ψ (301,012)	Ψ(2,102,030)
Net loss per share	\$ (0.50)	\$ (1.09)		\$ (0.53)
	========	=======		=======
Shares used in per share calculations	3,364,567	25,225		3,983,922
,		=======		=======

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined condensed financial statements.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. ACQUISITION OF INNOVATIVE MEDICAL MACHINES INTERNATIONAL, S.A.

Effective September 5, 1997, ISS acquired all of IMMI's issued and outstanding capital stock, stock warrants and convertible debt in a transaction accounted for as a purchase. The purchase price consisted of 619,355 shares of ISS common stock with a fair market value of approximately \$3.9 million. The purchase agreement places certain restrictions on the future sale of the ISS stock issued in connection with the purchase for a period of eighteen months.

The estimated purchase price consists of the following:

619,355 shares of ISS common stock	\$3,889,549
Liabilities assumed	1,086,181
	\$4,975,730 ======
Certain items affecting the purchase price remain unresolved at this time. A summary of management's preliminary allocation of purchase price is as follows:	
Tangible assets acquired	\$ 822,942
Identified intangible assets	3,844,242
In-process research and development	308,546
	\$4,975,730 ======

2. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets include developed technology and assembled work force. The estimated useful lives are expected to range from 3 to 5 years. ISS management does not believe that technological feasibility of the acquired in-process research and development has been established. Further, ISS management believes the acquired in-process research and development has no alternative future uses. Therefore, the amount allocated to in-process research and development is required to be immediately expensed under generally accepted accounting principles. Such amount is a nonrecurring charge related to the acquisition and as such is not reflected in the Pro Forma Statements of Operations pursuant to Regulation S-B.

3. PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS

Adjustments to the Proforma Combined Condensed Balance Sheet were made:

- (a) To record ISS' acquisition of IMMI
- (b) To eliminate convertible debt that will not be assumed.

- (c) To record the amortization of the intangible assets acquired in ISS' acquisition of ${\tt IMMI}\,.$
 - (d) To eliminate interest expense accrued on convertible debt.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 24. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Article VI of the Registrant's by-laws provides that a director or officer shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement (provided such settlement is approved in advance by the Registrant) in connection with certain actions, suits or proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation -- a "derivative action") if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. A similar standard of care is applicable in the case of derivative actions, except that indemnification only extends to expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such an action, except that no person who has been adjudged to be liable to the Registrant shall be entitled to indemnification unless a court determines that despite such adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, the person seeking indemnification is fairly and reasonably entitled to be indemnified for such expenses as the court deems proper.

Article 6.5 of the Registrant's by-laws further provides that directors and officers are entitled to be paid by the Registrant the expenses incurred in defending the proceedings specified above in advance of their final disposition, provided that such payment will only be made upon delivery to the Registrant by the indemnified party of an undertaking to repay all amounts so advanced if it is ultimately determined that the person receiving such payments is not entitled to be indemnified.

Article 6.4 of the Registrant's by-laws provides that a person indemnified under Article VI of the by-laws may contest any determination that a director, officer, employee or agent has not met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the by-laws by petitioning a court of competent jurisdiction.

Article 6.6 of the Registrant's by-laws provides that the right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in the Article will not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or acquire under the by-laws, or any statute or agreement, or otherwise.

Finally, Article 6.7 of the Registrant's by-laws provides that the Registrant may maintain insurance, at its expense, to reimburse itself and directors and officers of the Registrant and of its direct and indirect subsidiaries against any expense, liability or loss, whether or not the Registrant would have the power to indemnify such persons against such expense, liability or loss under the provisions of Article VI of the by-laws. The Registrant has applied for such insurance, and expects to have such insurance in effect on the date this Registration Statement is declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Article 11 of the Registrant's certificate of incorporation eliminates the personal liability of the Registrant's directors to the Registrant or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of their fiduciary duties as a director to the fullest extent provided by Delaware law. Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL provides for the elimination off such personal liability, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Registrant or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the DGCL or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived any improper personal benefit.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, the Registrant has been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

ITEM 25. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the expenses (other than underwriting discounts and commissions, and the fee payable to the Placement Coordinator) which will be paid by the Registrant in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities being registered hereby. With the exception of the SEC registration fee and the NASD filing fee, all amounts indicated are estimates.

SEC Registration fee	\$ 9,582
NASD filing fee	4,000
Easdaq Filing Fee	10,000
Nasdaq Filing Fee	7,500
Pacific Stock Exchange filing fee	8,125
Non-accountable expense allowance	621,468
Printing expenses (other than stock certificates)	95,000
Printing and engraving of stock and warrant certificates)	3,000
Legal fees and expenses (other than blue sky)	80,000
Accounting fees and expenses	100,000
Transfer Agent fees and expenses	5,000
Miscellaneous	1,325
Total	\$945,000

ITEM 26. RECENT SALE OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the past three years, the Registrant has sold securities to a limited number of persons, as described below. Except as indicated, there were no underwriters involved in the transactions and there were no underwriting discounts or commissions paid in connection therewith. The purchasers of securities in each such transaction represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof and appropriate legends were affixed to the certificates for the securities issued in such transactions. All purchasers of securities in each such transaction had adequate access to information about the Registrant, and in the case of transactions exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, were sophisticated investors.

- On December 20, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued 30,482 shares of Common Stock to each of Sutter Health and the John N. Kapoor Trust (the "Kapoor Trust") upon conversion of the Series B Preferred Stock. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.
- 2. On December 20, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued 8,955 shares of Common Stock to each of Sutter Health and the Kapoor Trust in consideration for the cancellation of all accumulated dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 3. On December 20, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued 89,604 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health and 12,801 shares of Common Stock to Keystone Financial Corporation ("Keystone") upon conversion of the Series C Preferred Stock. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.
- 4. On December 20, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued 19,512 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health and 3,169 shares of Common Stock to Keystone in consideration for the cancellation of all accumulated dividends on the Series C Preferred Stock. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

- 5. On December 21, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued a warrant to purchase 126,895 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$0.02 per share, to International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") in exchange for the cancellation of the Company's promissory note in the principal amount of \$3,000,000 and accrued interest thereon. The issuance of this warrant was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 6. On December 21, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued 693,195 shares of Series D Preferred Stock to EJ Financial Investments V, L.P. ("EJ Financial") for an aggregate purchase price of \$666,667 (\$0.96 per share). In addition, EJ Financial received an option to purchase an additional 346,597 shares of Series D Preferred Stock on the same terms and conditions as it purchased the Series D Preferred Stock, which option was exercised on February 19, 1996. The issuance of these securities was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 7. On December 21, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued a warrant to purchase 1,386,390 shares of Series D Preferred Stock (the "Series D Warrants") to IBM, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,333,333 (\$0.96 per warrant). In addition, IBM received an option to purchase Series D Warrants to purchase an additional 693,194 shares of Series D Preferred Stock on the same terms and conditions as it purchased the Series D Warrants, which option was exercised on February 19, 1996. The issuance of these securities was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 8. On December 21, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued warrants to purchase 390,888 shares, 11,899 shares and 43,300 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners L.P. and Keystone, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share, in consideration for their consent to the terms of the recapitalization. The issuance of these warrants was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 9. On December 21, 1995, as part of a recapitalization, the Registrant issued warrants to purchase 121,686 shares, 3,705 shares and 13,481 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners L.P. and Keystone, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share, in connection with the exercise of certain options by EJ Financial and IBM. The issuance of these warrants was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 10. From July 24, 1993 through December 31, 1994, the Registrant granted options to purchase an aggregate of 11,415 shares of Common Stock to employees of the Registrant pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$7.84 per share. The grant of these options was exempt from registration under Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 11. From January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1995, the Registrant granted options to purchase an aggregate of 32,713 shares of Common Stock to employees of the Registrant pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$4.88 per share. The grant of these options was exempt from registration under Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 12. From January 1, 1996 through September 30, 1996, the Registrant granted options to purchase an aggregate of 941,545 shares of Common Stock to employees of the Registrant pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans. Of these options, options to purchase 899,637 shares were granted at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share, options to purchase 21,631 shares were granted at an exercise price of \$2.07 per share, and options to purchase 20,277 were granted at an exercise price of \$5.92 per share. The grant of these options was exempt from registration under Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 13. From January 1, 1993 through December 31, 1994, the Registrant issued and sold an aggregate of 399 shares of Common Stock to two employees of the Registrant upon exercise of stock options granted pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans. Of such shares, 241 were issued at an exercise price of \$3.33 per share and 158 were issued at an exercise price of \$7.84 per share. The issuance and sale of these shares was exempt from registration under Rule 701 of the Securities Act.

- 14. From January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1995, the Registrant issued and sold an aggregate of 781 shares of Common Stock to three employees of the Registrant upon exercise of stock options granted pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans, at an exercise price of \$3.33 per share. The issuance and sale of these shares was exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 701 promulgated under the Securities Act.
- 15. From January 1, 1996 through December 31, 1996, the Registrant issued and sold an aggregate of 9,592 shares of Common Stock to three employees of the Registrant upon exercise of stock options granted pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans. Of such shares, 9,537 shares were issued at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share and 55 shares were issued at an exercise price of \$0.31 per share. The issuance and sale of these shares was exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 701 promulgated under the Securities Act.
- 16. From January 1, 1997 through June 30, 1997, the Registrant issued and sold an aggregate of 5,795 shares of Common Stock to two employees of the Registrant upon exercise of Stock options granted pursuant to the Registrant's employee stock option plans. Of such shares, 928 were issued at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share and 4,867 shares were issued at an exercise price of \$3.33 per share. The issuance and sale of these shares were exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 701 promulgated under the Securities Act.
- 17. On June 17, 1994, the Registrant issued 390 shares of Common Stock to a former employee of the Registrant and 152 shares of Common Stock to his attorney, in connection with the termination of the employee's employment. These shares were valued at \$7.84 per share. The issuance of the shares was exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 504 promulgated under the Securities Act.
- 18. On November 23, 1994, the Registrant issued 676 shares of Common Stock to a supplier of the Registrant in payment of accrued interest on note payable. The issuance of the shares was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 19. On August 25, 1996, the Company issued 449,374 and 13,680 shares of Common Stock to Sutter Health and Sutter Health Venture Partners, respectively, at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share. The issuance of these securities was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 20. On October 29, 1996, the Company issued 49,777 shares of Common Stock to Keystone Financial Corporation at an exercise price of \$0.74 per share. The issuance of these securities was exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.
- 21. On September 5, 1997, the Company issued 619,355 shares of Common Stock to the former shareholders of Innovative Medical Machines International ("IMMI") in connection with the acquisition of IMMI. The issuance of these shares was exempt from registration pursuant to Regulation S and Section 4(2) of the Securities Act.

ITEM 27. EXHIBITS

- 1.1 -- Form of Purchase Agreement.
- 1.2 -- Form of Placement Agreement**
- 3.1 -- Form of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended.*
- 3.2 -- By-laws of the Company.*
- 4.1 -- Form of Underwriters' Warrants**
- 4.2 -- Form of Public Warrant Agreement.*
- 4.3 -- Specimen Common Stock Certificate.*
- 4.4 -- Specimen Warrant Certificate (included as Exhibit A to Exhibit 4.2 herein).*
 4.6 -- Form of Consulting Agreement between the Company and Rickel & Associates, Inc.*
- 4.7 -- Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by the Company to International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM"), dated February 6, 1991, as amended (included as Exhibit J to Exhibit 10.5 herein).*

- 4.8 Stockholders' Agreement between the Founders of the Company and IBM, dated February 6, 1991, as amended.*
- 4.9 Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by the Company to IBM, dated December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit I to Exhibit 10.5 herein).*
- Warrant issued by the Company to Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners 4.11 ("Sutter Health VP") and Keystone Financial Corporation ("Keystone"), dated December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibits K, L and M, respectively, to Exhibit 10.5 herein).*
- Registration Rights Agreement among the Company, IBM, John N. Kapoor Trust ("Kapoor"), EJ Financial Investments V, L.P. ("EJ Financial"), Keystone, Sutter 4.12 Health and Sutter Health VP, dated as of December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit G to Exhibit 10.5 herein).*
- 1995 Stock Option Plan, as amended.* 4.13
- 4.15 Form of Lock-up Agreement.
- 5.1 Opinion of Snow Becker Krauss P.C.
- 10.1 Loan and Warrant Purchase Agreement between the Company and IBM, dated as of February 6, 1991.*
- 10.2 License Agreement between the Company and IBM, dated February 4, 1991.*
- -- Investors Agreement among the Company, IBM, Wendy Shelton-Paul Trust, William Bargar, Brent Mittelstadt, Peter Kazanzides, Kapoor, Sutter Health, Sutter Health 10.6 VP and EJ Financial, dated as of December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit F to Exhibit 10.5 herein).
- Employment Agreement between the Company and Ramesh Trivedi, dated December 8, 10.7 1995.
- License Agreement between the Company and IBM, dated February 4, 1991.* Agreement for the Purchase and Use of Sankyo Industrial Products between the 10.8
- 10.9 Company and Sankyo Seiki (American) Inc. dated November 1, 1992.
- 10.10 Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 5, 1997 between the Company and the holders of the outstanding capital stock of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A.
- 10.11 Registration Rights Agreement dated September 5, 1997 by and among the Company and the holders of the outstanding capital stock of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A.
- Statement of computation of earnings per share. 11.1
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23.1 Consent of Snow Becker Krauss P.C. (included in Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement).
- 23.2 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, is included in Part II of this Registration Statement.
- Consent of Ernst & Young Entrepreneurs Department D'Ernst & Young Audit, 23.3 Independent Auditors.
- Power of Attorney (included on the signature page of this Registration 24.1 Statement).
- 27.1 -- Financial Data Schedule.

Exhibits filed or incorporated by reference herein bear the same numbers as used in the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 effective November 21, 1996, and therefore are not necessarily sequential.

- * Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form SB-2 Registration Statement effective on November 21, 1996
- ** To be filed by Amendment.

ITEM 28. UNDERTAKINGS

(A) RULE 415 OFFERING

The undersigned small business issuer hereby undertakes that it will:

- (1) File, during any period in which it offers or sells securities, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement to:
 - (i) Include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act.
 - (ii) Reflect in the prospectus any facts or events which, individually or together, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registrant statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.
 - (iii) Include any additional or changed material information on the plan of distribution.
- (2) For determining any liability under the Securities Act, treat each post-effective amendment as a new registration statement relating to the securities offered, and the offering of such securities at that time to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) File a post-effective amendment to remove from registration any of the securities that remain unsold at the end of the offering.

(D) EQUITY OFFERINGS BY NON-REPORTING SMALL BUSINESS ISSUERS

The undersigned small business issuer hereby undertakes that it will provide the Underwriters at the closing specified in the Underwriting Agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the Underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

(E) REQUEST FOR ACCELERATION OF EFFECTIVE DATE

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the small business issuer pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the small business issuer has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the small business issuer of the expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer, or controlling person of the small business issuer in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the small business issuer will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(F) RULE 430A OFFERING

(1) For determining any liability under the Securities Act, treat the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the small business issuer under Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act as part of this registration statement as of the time the Commission declared it effective.

(G) DEREGISTRATION OF SHARES OF COMMON STOCK NOT SOLD IN THE OFFERING

The Registrant agrees to deregister shares of Common Stock included in this Registration Statement that are not sold in the Offering.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirement for filing on Form SB-2 and has duly caused this Amendment to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Sacramento in the State of California on September 23, 1997.

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

(Attorney-In-Fact)

By: /s/ RAMESH C. TRIVEDI	By: /s/ MARK WINN
Ramesh C. Trivedi Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)	Mark Winn Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securitegistration Statement has been signed by the formula, in the capacities indicated.	,

SIGNATURE TITLE /s/ RAMESH C. TRIVEDI Chief Executive Officer, President, and
------ Director (Principal Executive Officer) Ramesh C. Trivedi /s/ MARK WINN Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) Mark Winn Chairman of the Board of Directors James C. McGroddy -----John N. Kapoor Director Paul A.H. Pankow Director - -----Gerald D. Knudson Director -----Patrick G. Hayes *By: /s/ RAMESH C. TRIVEDI Ramesh C. Trivedi

II-8

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED PAGE
1.1	 Form of Purchase Agreement	
1.2	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.1	 Form of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended*	
3.2	 By-laws of the Company*	
4.1	Form of Underwriters' Warrants, as revised**	
4.2	 Form of Public Warrant Agreement*	
4.3	 Specimen Common Stock Certificate*	
4.4	 Specimen Warrant Certificate (included as Exhibit A to Exhibit 4.2 herein)*	
4.6	 Form of Consulting Agreement between the Company and Rickel & Associates, Inc.*	
4.7	 Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by the Company to International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM"), dated February 6, 1996, as amended (included as Exhibit J to Exhibit 10.5 herein)*	
4.8	 Stockholders' Agreement between the Founders of the Company and IBM, dated February 6, 1996, as amended*	
4.9	 Common Stock Purchase Warrant issued by the Company to IBM, dated December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit I to Exhibit 10.5 herein)*	
4.11	 Warrant issued by the Company to Sutter Health, Sutter Health Venture Partners ("Sutter Health VP") and Keystone Financial Corporation ("Keystone"), dated December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibits K, L and M, respectively, to Exhibit 10.5 herein)*	
4.12	 Registration Rights Agreement among the Company, IBM, John N. Kapoor Trust ("Kapoor"), EJ Financial Investments V, L.P. ("EJ Financial"), Keystone, Sutter Health and Sutter Health VP, dated as of December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit G to Exhibit 10.5 herein)*	
4.13	 1995 Stock Option Plan, as amended*	
4.15	 Form of Lock-up Agreement*	
5.1	 Opinion of Snow Becker Krauss P.C	
10.1	 Loan and Warrant Purchase Agreement between the Company and IBM,	
10.1	dated as of February 6, 1991*	
10.2	 License Agreement between the Company and IBM, dated February 4, 1991*	
10.6	 Investors Agreement among the Company, IBM, Wendy Shelton-Paul Trust, William Barger, Brent Mittelstadt, Peter Kazanzides, Kapoor, Sutter Health, Sutter Health VP and EJ Financial, dated as of	
10.7	 December 21, 1995 (included as Exhibit F to Exhibit 10.5 herein)*	
10.7	 Employment Agreement between the Company and Ramesh Trivedi, dated December 8, 1995*	
10.8	 License Agreement between the Company and IBM, dated February 4, 1991*	
10.9	 Agreement for the Purchase and Use of Sankyo Industrial Products between the Company and Sankyo Seiki (American) Inc. dated November 1, 1992*	
10.10	 Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of September 5, 1997 between the Company and the holders of the outstanding capital stock of	
10.11	 Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. Registration Rights Agreement dated September 5, 1997 by and among the Company and the holders of the outstanding capital stock of	
11.1	 Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A.	
	Statement of computation of earnings per share	
21.1	 Subsidiaries of the Company Consent of Spay Booker Krauss B.C. (included in Exhibit E.1 to this	
23.1	 Consent of Snow Becker Krauss P.C. (included in Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement)	

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED PAGE
23.2	 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, is included in	
	Part II of this Registration Statement	
23.3	 Consent of Ernst & Young Entrepreneurs Department D'Ernst & Young Audit, Independent Auditors	
24.1	 Power of Attorney (included on the signature page of this Registration Statement)	
27.1	 Financial Data Schedule	

Exhibits filed or incorporated by reference herein bear the same numbers as used in the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 effective November 21, 1996, and therefore are not necessarily sequential.

^{*} Incorporated by reference to the Company's Form SB-2 Registration Statement effective on November 21, 1996
** To be filed by Amendment.

1

CONFIDENTIAL

PURCHASE AGREEMENT

BY AND AMONG INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. INVESTMENTBANK AUSTRIA AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

, 1997

PURCHASE AGREEMENT, dated *, 1997, (the "Agreement") among Integrated Surgical System, Inc. (the "Company") and Investmentbank Austria Aktiengesellschaft ("Investmentbank Austria") and * ("*") (Investmentbank Austria and * referred to herein, collectively, as the "Managers").

PREAMBLE

The Company is a corporation incorporated and organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, United States of America. The Company's shares of common stock with a par value of U.S \$0.01 per share are referred to herein as the "Shares of Common Stock".

On *, 1997, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance of * new Shares of Common Stock with a par value of U.S\$0.01 each (the "New Shares") and with an aggregate par value of U.S $* .

Investmentbank Austria and * , acting severally but not jointly, shall, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, purchase themselves such * New Shares.

Pursuant to this Agreement, the Company is granting to Investmentbank Austria an option (the "Over-allotment Option") to acquire, upon the terms end conditions set forth in Section 2 hereof, up to * additional issued and outstanding Shares of Common Stock (the "Option Shares") solely to cover over-allotments in the offering, if any. Any offering of the Option Shares will be deemed to be part of the offering. The New Shares and the Option Shares are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Offer Shares".

The offering of the Offer Shares (the "Offering"), comprises private placements and offerings utilizing other exemptions from public offering registration requirements in Europe. The Offer Shares will be offered outside the United States in reliance on Regulation S ("Regulation S") under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act").

Value Management & Research GmbH ("VMR"), a German limited liability company which entered, together with Investmentbank Austria, into an agreement with the Company (the "Restated Placement Agreement"). Such Restated Placement Agreement provides, inter alia, that VMR will act as Placement Coordinator in connection with the Offering and the listing of Shares of Common Stock of the Company on the European Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System ("EASDAQ"). The Restated Placement Agreement provides that the Company has an obligation to pay to VMR (i) a fee (the "Aggregate VMR Fee") in an amount equal to 3.5% of the Aggregate Offer Price (as defined in Section 2(c)) and (ii) a non-accountable expense allowance (the "Aggregate VMR Non-accountable Expense Allowance") for costs and expenses incurred by VMR in connection with the Offering in an amount equal to 0.75% of the Aggregate Offer Price.

The terms and conditions of the Shares of Common Stock are set forth in the Preliminary Prospectus dated *, 1997 and the Final Prospectus dated *, 1997. The Preliminary Prospectus together with the Final Prospectus, as any of such documents may be amended or supplemented from time to time, are referred to herein as the "Offering Documents".

NOW; THEREFORE, the parties hereto agree as follows:

The Company represents and warrants to and agrees with each Manager that:

(i) A registration statement on Form SB-2 (File No. 333-31481) with respect to the Offer Shares and such Shares of Common Stock issued upon exercise of such warrants are being sold to Investmentbank Austria and VMR pursuant to the Restated Placement Agreement has been filed by the Company with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the 1933 Act, and amendments to that registration statement have been so filed and such registration statement has been declared effective on or before the date hereof. No stop order suspending the effectiveness of the registration statement has been issued under the 1933 Act and no proceedings for that purpose have been instituted or are pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, are contemplated by the Commission, and any request on the part of the Commission for additional information has been complied with. Copies of such registration statement and of each amendment hereto filed by the Company with the Commission have been delivered to Investmentbank Austria and EASDAQ. Such copies of the Registration Statement are identical to the electronically transmitted copies thereof filed with the Commission pursuant to its Electronic Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval system ("EDGAR"). As used in this Agreement, the term "Registration Statement" means the registration statement referred to above, as amended at the time it was declared effective, and any amendment thereto that was or is thereafter declared effective, including all financial schedules and exhibits thereto. For purposes of this Agreement, all references to the Registration Statement shall be deemed to include the copy filed with the Commission pursuant to EDGAR.

(ii) When the Registration Statement was declared effective, it (A) contained all statements required to be stated therein in accordance with, and complied in all materal respects with the requirements of the 1933 Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder and (B) did not and does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(iii) The Offering Documents as of their date and as of the date hereof did not and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(iv) The auditors who audited, certified and reviewed the financial statements and supporting schedules included in the Registration Statement and the Offering Documents are independent certified public accountants as required by the 1933 Act and the rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder with respect to the Company, its consolidated subsidiaries (each a "Consolidated Subsidiary" and together the "Consolidated Subsidiaries") and Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. ("IMMI"). IMMI and the Consolidated Subsidiaries are referred to herein as the "Subsidiaries". The Company and the Subsidiaries are herein referred to as the "Group".

(v) The audited consolidated balance sheets of the Company and its Consolidated Subsidiaries for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flow for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 (together the "Consolidated Financial Statements"), the unaudited consolidated balance sheets of the Company and its Consolidated Subsidiaries for the six months periods ended at June 30, 1997 and 1996 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flow for the six months periods ended at June 30,

1997 and 1996 (together the "Consolidated Interim Financial Statements"), and the audited financial statements of IMMI for the years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995 (together the "IMMI Financial Statements") and the unaudited financial statements of IMMI for the six months period ended at June 30, 1997 and 1996 (together the "IMMI Interim Financial Statements") included in the Registration Statement and the Offering Documents, together with the related schedules and notes, present fairly the financial position of the Company and its Consolidated Subsidiaries and IMMI as at the dates indicated and the results of its operations, stockholders' equity and its cash flows for the periods specified. The Consolidated Financial Statements, the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, the IMMI Financial Statements and the IMMI Interim Financial Statements are referred to herein as the "Financial Statements". The audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 and the unaudited Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the six months periods ended at June 30, 1997 and 1996 have been prepared in accordance and conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("US GAAP") applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods involved. The audited IMMI Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 1990 and 1995 and the unaudited IMMI Interim Financial Statements for the six months periods ended at June 30, 1997 and 1996 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in France ("French GAAP") and have been reconciled from French GAAP to US GAAP. All financial data included in the Registration Statement and the Offering Documents present fairly the information shown therein and are accurate in all material respects, and have been compiled on a basis consistent with that of the audited or unaudited Financial Statements, as the case may be, included in the Registration Statement and the Offering Documents.

(vi) The Company has been duly organized and is validly existing as a corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, United States of America. The Company has full corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to conduct its business as described in the Offering Documents and to enter into and perform its obligations under this Agreement. The Company is duly qualified as a foreign corporation to transact business and is in good standing in all jurisdictions in which such qualification is required, whether by reason of its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of its business, except where the failure to do so would not have a Material Adverse Effect (as hereinafter defined).

(vii) The authorized, issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company, the authorized and non-issued capital stock of the Company and all warrants issued and sold by the Company conform to all statements relating thereto set forth in the Offering Documents and such description conforms to the rights set forth in the instruments defining the same.

(viii) All of the issued and outstanding Shares of Common Stock of the Company (including the * New Shares and the * Option Shares) have been duly authorized for issuance and are fully paid and non-assessable. No holder of the Offer Shares will be subject to personal liability by reason of being such a holder. The issuance of the Offer Shares in not subject to preemptive rights, subscription rights or similar rights of any securityholder of the Company. The holders of the Offer Shares will receive good and marketable title, free and clear of any pledges, liens, security interests, claims, restrictions or encumbrances of any kind or right of a third party, including, without limitation, preemptive rights, subscription rights or similar rights of any securityholder of the Company (each a "Lien"). The Offer Shares have been duly authorized, and when such * Offer Shares have been issued, delivered and paid for in accordance with this Agreement, all the then issued and outstanding * Shares of Common Stock of the Company will have been validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and the holders thereof will receive good and marketable title free of any Lien. None of the issued and outstanding Shares of Common Stock of the Company was, or will be prior to the completion of the Offering, issued in violation of statutory subscription rights. Other than as set forth in the Offering Documents, there are no valid or enforceable outstanding options, warrants, contractual subscription rights or similar arrangements or preemptive rights granted or issued by the

Company with respect to any unissued shares of capital stock of the Company. There are no restrictions on transfers of the Offer Shares except as set forth in the Offering Documents under 2.2.3 - "Transferability" and 2.5.4 - "Underwriting Selling Restrictions" and no person other than the Managers has as of the date hereof any right, contingent or otherwise, to purchase or acquire, or to be offered for purchase or acquisition, the Offer Shares. Except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings between the Company or any other person that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or any Manager for a brokerage commission, finders fee or similar type payment. Since the inception of the Company, no compensation was paid to or on behalf of any member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"), or any affiliate or employee thereof, in connection with any offering since October 1, 1990, except as previously disclosed in writing to Investmentbank Austria.

(ix) All of the Company's partly or wholly-owned Consolidated Subsidiaries are set forth in Exhibit 21.1 to the Registration Statement. Each of the Company's Subsidiaries is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or formation, as the case may be, with full power and authority (corporate or otherwise) to own, lease, and operate its properties and to conduct the business in which it is engaged as described in the Offering Documents. Each Subsidiary is duly qualified to do business as a corporation in good standing in all jurisdictions in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of its business requires such qualification, except where the failure to so qualify would not result in a material adverse change in the condition, financial or otherwise, or in the earnings, business affairs or business prospects of the Group (a "Material Adverse Effect"). All of the issued and outstanding capital stock of each of the Subsidiaries has been duly authorized and validly issued, is fully paid and non-assessable. The capital stock of the Subsidiaries is owned by the Company, directly or indirectly, and is free and clear of any Lien. There are no outstanding options, preemptive rights, warrants or similar arrangements with respect to any unissued shares of any of the Subsidiaries.

(x) Since the respective dates as of which information is given in the Offering Documents, except an otherwise stated therein, (A) there has been no Material Adverse Effect, whether or not arising in the ordinary course of business, (B) there have been no transactions entered into by the Company or any of the Subsidiaries other than those in the ordinary course of business, that are material with respect to the Company or the Group, (C) there has been no material increase in the long-term debt of the Company, no material reduction in total assets of the Company, no change in the percentage ownership of a Subsidiary and no dividend or distribution of any kind paid or made by the Company on its capital stock, and (D) there has been no change in the authorized, issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company.

(xi)Except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries is in violation of its charter (or similar constitutional documents) or any law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decision or order of any court or governmental, administrative or regulatory agency or body, domestic or foreign, to which it may be subject, or has failed to obtain, or has received any notice of proceeding relating to the revocation or modification of, or is in violation

of, any license, permit, certificate, franchise or other governmental, administrative or regulatory authorization (collectively, "Authorizations") necessary to the lease or ownership of its property or the conduct of its business as operated by them, except for those Authorizations the failure to comply with will not have individually or in the aggregate a Material Adverse Effect, or is in default in the performance or observance of any obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any contract or other understanding (whether written or oral) to which it is a party or by which it may be bound, or to which any of its properties or assets may be subject except for those violations, failures, notices or defaults that do not or will not, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect. All products sold by the Company have received all competent approvals and permissions from all required regulatory authorities in all jurisdictions where such products have been or are currently being marketed.

(xii) The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement, the issuance and sale of the Offer Shares and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein and compliance by the Company with its obligations hereunder (A) have been duly authorized by the Company and all necessary corporate and other action to authorize and approve the same has been taken, (B) will not conflict with or constitute a breach of, or default under, or result in the creation or imposition of a Lien upon, any property or assets of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries pursuant to, or trigger any change-in-control provision contained in, any material contract or other material agreement to which the Company or any of the Subsidiaries is a party or by which it or any of them may be bound, or to which any of the property or assets of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries is subject, and (C) will not result in any violation of any provision of the certificate of incorporation or by-laws of the Company or any relevant applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decision or order of any court or governmental, administrative or regulatory body. This Agreement, duly executed and delivered by the Company and, assuming due authorization, execution and delivery by the other parties hereto, is a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms.

(xiii) No labor dispute with the employees of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries, such as strikes or other labor unrest, exists or is imminent. There is no existing or imminent labor disturbance by the employees of any of its Subsidiaries' principal suppliers, manufacturers, customers or contractors, which, in any case, may reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(xiv) Except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, there are no actions, suits, proceedings or investigations, including, without limitation, personal injury and product liability actions, before or by any court or governmental, administrative or regulatory agency or body, domestic or foreign, now pending, or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened, against or affecting any of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries that could, individually or in the aggregate, (A) materially affect the performance by the Company of its obligations under this Agreement or the transactions contemplated by the Offering Documents, (B) reasonably be expected to result in any Material Adverse Effect, or (C) reasonably be expected to materially and adversely affect the material properties or assets of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries. Section 4.10 - "Government Regulation" of the Offering Documents as of their date and as of the date hereof provides an accurate and complete description of the status of the approvals under the U.S. Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act for the Company's or its Subsidiaries' products or the Company's or its Subsidiaries' products under development. Such Section 4.10 does not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein not misleading.

(xv) The Company and its Subsidiaries have filed all applicable tax returns (in all relevant jurisdictions) that are required to be filed or have duly requested extensions thereof and have paid all taxes required to be paid by any of them and any related assessments, fines or penalties, except for any such tax, assessment, fine or penalty that is being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings; and adequate charges, accruals and reserves have been provided for in the Financial Statements referred to in paragraph (v) above in respect of all taxes for all periods and to which the tax liability of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries has not been finally determined or remains open to examination by applicable taxing authorities, except for those filings, requests of extensions, payments or charges, accruals and reserves that could not reasonably be expected to result, individually or in the aggregate, in a Material Adverse Effect.

(xvi) The Company and its Subsidiaries own, or have a license to use on reasonable terms, the material patents, patent rights, licenses, inventions, copyrights, know-how (including trade-secrets and other unpatented and/or unpatentable proprietary or confidential information, systems or procedures), trade-marks, service marks and trade names (collectively, "Patent and Proprietary Rights") presently employed by them and that are necessary to the businesses now operated by them, and neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries has received any notice or is otherwise aware of any infringement of or conflict with asserted rights of others with respect to any Patent and Proprietary Rights, or of any facts that would render any Patent and Proprietary Rights invalid or inadequate to protect the interests of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries therein, and which infringement or conflict (if the subject of any unfavorable decision, ruling or finding) or invalidity or inadequacy, individually or in the aggregate, would result in any Material Adverse Effect.

(xvii) Except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries is in violation of any statute or any law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decision or order of any court or governmental, administrative or regulatory agency or body, domestic or foreign (each, an "Environmental Law"), relating to the use, disposal or release of hazardous or toxic substances or to the protection or restoration of the environment, including, without limitation, the remediation or clean-up of any past or present contamination, or to human exposure to hazardous or toxic substances, operates any real property contaminated with any substance that is expected to become subject to any clean-up or other remediation action pursuant to any Environmental Law, is liable or expects to become liable for any clean-up or other remediation action pursuant to any Environmental Law with respect to any off-site disposal or contamination, or is subject to any (or has knowledge of any threatened) claim, order or decree relating to any Environmental Law, which violations, contaminations, liabilities, claims, orders or decrees, would, individually or in the aggregate, result in a Material Adverse Effect. The Company and its Subsidiaries have all permits, authorizations and approvals required under any applicable Environmental Laws and are each in compliance with their requirements. There are no pending or threatened administrative, regulatory or judicial actions, suits, demands, demand letters, claims, liens, notices of noncompliance or violation, investigations or proceedings relating to any Environmental Law against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries. There are no events or circumstances that might reasonably be expected to form the basis of an order for clean-up or remediation, or an action, suit or proceeding by any

8 party or governmental body or agency against or affecting the Company or any of its Subsidiaries relating to any Environmental Laws.

(xviii) Except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, the Company and the Subsidiaries have good and marketable title to all real properties and all other properties and assets owned by them that are material to the businesses of the Group, in each case free from Liens that would materially interfere with the use made or to be made thereof by them; and except as disclosed in the Offering Documents, the Company and the Subsidiaries hold any leased real or personal property under valid and enforceable leases with no exceptions that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(xix) The Company and its Subsidiaries are insured by insurers of recognized financial responsibility against such losses and risks and in such amounts as are prudent and customary" in the businesses in which the Group is engaged. The Company and its Subsidiaries have not been refused any insurance coverage sought or applied for and the Company and its Subsidiaries have no reason to believe that they will not be able to renew their existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar cost that would not materially and adversely affect the condition (financial or otherwise), business, prospects, net worth or results of operations of the Company and its Subsidiaries, except as described in or contemplated by the Offering Documents.

(xx) All of the Shares of Common Stock of the Company (including the Offer Shares) and the warrants sold by the Company in its initial public offering in November 1996 are currently listed on the NASDAQ SmallCap Market and the Pacific Stock Exchange Incorporated and the Company is in compliance in all respects with the requirements of such exchanges.

(xxi) Except as set forth in the Offering Documents, the Company has not entered into any contractual arrangement with respect to the offer, purchase, sale and distribution of any of the Shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company, including, without limitation, other types of stock, options or warrants.

(xxii) Neither the Company or their respective affiliates nor any person acting on any of their behalfs has engaged or will, prior to completion of the Offering, engage in any activity including, without limitation, any offer, subscription, sale or delivery, directly or indirectly, of any of the Shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company, including, without limitation, other types of stock, options or warrants or distribution or publication of the Offering Documents or any other offering material in or from any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

 $\,$ (xxiii) All previous offerings by the Company of securities in the United States were valid and in accordance with the 1933 Act.

Section 2. Purchase, Sale and Delivery to Managers; Closing; Over-allotment Option.

- (a) On the basis of the representations and warranties herein contained and subject to the terms and conditions hereof, the Company agrees to sell to each Manager, severally and not jointly, and each Manager, severally and not jointly, agrees to purchase for itself from the Company at the Closing Date (as defined in Section 2 (d) hereof) the number of New Shares set forth in Schedule A opposite to the name of such Manager with the obligation to offer such New Shares at the Offer Price (as defined in paragraph (c) below) (plus customary bank charges and transfer or other taxes, if any) in the Offering.
- (b) The Company shall deliver the share certificates representing the aggregate number of New Shares to be said by the Company pursuant to paragraph (a) to [*](1) no later then five (5) business days prior to the Closing Date.
- (c) The aggregate purchase price for the New Shares (the "Aggregate Purchase Price") shall consist of an amount (payable in German marks) equal to the product of (i) DM * Per New Share (the "Offer Price"), less (x) commissions of DM * per New Share and (y) a Non-accountable Expense Allowance (as defined in Section 4 hereof) of DM * per New Share for costs and expenses incurred by Investmentbank Austria in connection with the Offering, and (ii) the number of New Shares to be purchased by the Managers pursuant to this Agreement. The product of (i) the Offer Price per New Share, and (ii) the number of New Shares to be purchased by the Managers pursuant to this Agreement is herein referred to as the "Aggregate New Shares Offer Price". The product of (i) the Offer Price per Option Share, and (ii) the number of Option Shares purchased by the Managers pursuant to this Agreement is herein referred to as the "Aggregate Option Shares Offer Price". The total amount of the Aggregate New Shares Offer Price and the Aggregate Option Shares Offer Price is herein referred to as the Aggregate Option Shares Offer Price is herein referred to as the
- (d) Payment of the Aggregate Purchase Price for the New Shares sold by the Company less (x) the Aggregate VMR Placement Coordinator Fee for the New Shares, and (y) the Aggregate VMR Non-accountable Expense Allowance for the New Shares which will, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Placement Agreement, be paid directly from Investmentbank Austria to VMR, shall be made by the Managers to the Company by direct bank transfer to the account of the Company, account number; *, at * no later than ten business days after the Closing Date, as defined herein. November *, 1997 shall be referred to herein as the "Closing Date". The Closing Date may be varied by agreement between the Managers and the Company. Investmentbank Austria shall have the right to deduct costs and expenses to be paid by the Company pursuant to Section 4 (B) hereof from the Aggregate Purchase Price; provided that such costs and expenses have been paid by Investmentbank Austria on behalf of the Company.
- (e) The Company hereby grants to Investmentbank Austria the Over-allotment Option to require the Company to sell some or all of the Option Shares to Investmentbank Austria in accordance with the terms of this Section 2. The Over-allotment Option may be exercised by Investmentbank Austria at any time after the date hereof and will expire 30 days after the Closing Date, and may be exercised, in whole or from time to time in part, only for the purpose of covering over-allotments that may be made in connection with the Offering, only upon written notice by Investmentbank Austria to the Company stating the number of Option Shares as to which Investmentbank Austria is exercising the Over-allotment Option, and the time and date of payment

and delivery thereof (an "Option Closing Date"), a copy of such notice is to be forwarded from IBA to VMR. The relevant Option Closing Date, which may be the Closing Date, shall be determined by Investmentbank Austria but shall not be later than seven business days after the exercise of the Over-allotment Option. If the Over-allotment Option is exercised as to all or any part of the Option Shares, the Option Shares as to which the Over-allotment Option is exercised shall be purchased by Investmentbank Austria. The aggregate purchase price for the Option Shares (the "Aggregate Option Shares Purchase Price") to be paid by Investmentbank shall consist of an amount (payable in German marks) equal to the product of (i) the Offer Price, less (x) commissions of DM * per Option Share and (y) a nonaccountable expense allowance of DM * per Option Share for costs and expenses incurred by Investmentbank Austria in connection with the Offering, and (ii) the number of Ontion Shares with respect to which an Over-allotment Option has been exercised. Such Aggregate Option Shares Purchase Price less (x) the Aggregate VMR Fee for the Option Shares, and (y) the Aggregate VMR $\,$ Non-accountable Expense Allowance for the Option Shares shall be paid in the same manner as set forth in paragraph (d) above. The share certificates representing the Option Shares shall be delivered by the Company to [*] no later than on the Closing Date and Investmentbank Austria on behalf of the Company shall release the share certificates representing the number of Option Shares as to which Investmentbank Austria exercised the Over-allotment Option on each Option Closing Date. The obligations of Investmentbank Austria to purchase and pay for Option Shares as to which an Over-allotment Option has been exercised are subject to satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 5(a) (as if the references therein to the Closing Date were references to the relevant Option Closing Date).

(f) The Company will bear and pay and hold the Managers and any initial purchaser harmless against any transfer tax, issuance tax or other tax, duties or fees imposed by the United States, the State of Delaware or the Republic of Austria, including any interest and penalties, on or in connection with the sale, offering, transfer, purchase and delivery of the Offer Shares in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and on the execution and delivery of this Agreement, which are or may be required to be paid, and against any value added or similar taxes ("VAT") payable in connection with commissions and other amounts payable or allowable by the Company and otherwise in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

Section 3. Covenants of the Company.

The Company covenants with each Manager as follows:

(i) The Company will advise Investmentbank Austria, promptly after receiving notice or obtaining knowledge thereof, and confirm the notice in writing, of (A) the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, (B) the suspension of the qualification of any Shares of Common Stock for offering or sale in any jurisdiction or (C) the institution, threat or contemplation of any proceeding for any such purpose. The Company will make every reasonable effort to prevent the issuance of any such stop order and, if any such stop order is issued, to obtain the withdrawal thereof at the earliest possible moment.

(ii) The Company shall promptly notify Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, of any material change affecting any of the representations and warranties set forth in Section 1 hereof at any time before the Closing Date (for Option Closing Date, as applicable), and the Company will take all actions

that may be reasonably requested by Investmentbank Austria to remedy such material change. In the event it is necessary, in the reasonable opinion of any of the Company, or Investmentbank Austria, to amend or supplement any of the Offering Documents in order that the Offering Documents do not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading in the light of the circumstances then existing, the Company will forthwith amend or supplement the Offering Documents by preparing and furnishing without charge to each Manager an amendment or amendments of, or a supplement or supplements to, the Offering Documents (in form and substance satisfactory in the reasonable opinion of Investmentbank Austria so that, as so amended or supplemented, the Offering Documents will not include an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances existing at the time it is delivered, not misleading). Neither Investmentbank Austria's consent to, nor the Managers' delivery to offerees or investors of any amendment or supplement to the Offering Documents shall constitute a waiver of any of the conditions set forth in Section 5 hereof.

(iii) The Company shall use its best efforts to qualify the Offer Shares for offering and sale in each jurisdiction that Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, shall designate and the Company shall maintain such qualifications in effect for such period, not in excess of six months from the date of this Agreement, as Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, may reasonably request in order to complete the placement of the Offer Shares; provided, however, that the Company shall not be obligated to file any general consent to service of process or to qualify as a foreign corporation or as a securities dealer in any jurisdiction or to subject themselves to taxation in respect of doing business in any jurisdiction in which they are not otherwise so subject.

(iv) Subject to requirements of applicable law and regulations, prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall not, without prior consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld) of Investmentbank Austria, make any information relating to the Offering publicly available and will not take any action that will result in their being obliged under listing requirements or other obligations to shareholders generally to make available to the public any information that may be material to a purchaser of the Offer Shares prior to the expiration of three (3) months following the Closing Date.

(v) For a period of six (6) months after the Closing Date, the Company shall not (A) except as otherwise required by applicable law, issue any announcement in the Republic of Austria, Belgium, the United States or elsewhere that could be material in the context of the Offering of the Offer Shares without informing Investmentbank Austria within a reasonable period of time prior to such announcement, or (B) issue, sell, offer or contract to issue, sell, grant any option for the issuance or sale of, or otherwise dispose of directly or indirectly, any interest in securities of the same class as the Offer Shares or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for, or representing the right to receive, any such securities of the same class as the Offer Shares or other instruments representing interests in securities of the same class as the Offer Shares without, in any such case, the prior written consent of Investmentbank Austria, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.

(vi) The Company shall deliver one copy of each Offering Document to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, and of each amendment or supplement thereto, signed by duly authorized members of the Board of Directors of the Company.

(vii) The Company has made an application for all Shares of Common Stock of the Company (including the Offer Shares) to be listed on EASDAQ. In connection with the application, the Company will endeavor to obtain the listing as promptly as practicable and will furnish any and all documents, instruments, information and undertakings that may be necessary in order to obtain such listing, and the Company shall use reasonable endeavors to cause such listing to be continued so long as any of the Shares of Common Stock of the Company remain outstanding; provided, however, that if such listing can no longer be reasonably maintained, so long as any of the Shares of Common Stock of the Company remain outstanding, the Company will use reasonable endeavors to obtain and maintain a listing of the Shares of Common Stock on another stock exchange as agreed by the Company and Investmentbank Austria on behalf of the Managers.

(viii) For so long as Investmentbank Austria is acting as a market maker or sponsor for the Company in connection with the listing of the Company's Shares of Common Stock on EASDAQ, in any case, however, for a period of 18 months following the Closing Date, the Company shall promptly provide Investmentbank Austria with sufficient copies of its annual report, interim financial statements, if any, press releases and other public announcements, any other documents that the Company is, pursuant to the Continuing Obligations of Companies Admitted to Trading on EASDAQ, required to file with and obliged to disclose to EASDAQ in connection with the listing of the Company's Shares of Common Stock on EASDAQ, and other documents or information as Investmentbank Austria determines necessary to maintain such listing on EASDAQ. All fees and expenses in connection with such listing shall be borne by the Company.

(ix) The Company will further, for a period of three (3) years following the Closing Date, furnish to Investmentbank Austria, as soon as practicable, copies of each document required to be filed by the Company with any other stock exchange or stock exchanges, including without limitation, NASDAQ, where the Offer Shares may have been listed, and copies of financial statements and other periodic reports that the Company may furnish generally to holders of its public debt securities or to its equity securities and, from time to time, such other information concerning the Company as Investmentbank Austria may reasonably request.

(x) The Company shall, for a period of three (3) years after the Closing Date, furnish to Investmentbank Austria (and, upon request, to each of the other Managers), as soon as practicable, copies of each document required to be delivered by the Company pursuant to the reporting requirements under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act").

(xi) During the period of three (3) years after the Closing Date, the Company shall not be or become an open-end investment company, unit investment trust or face-amount certificate company that is required to be registered under Section 8 of the 1940 Act, and is not, and will not be or become, a closed-end investment company required to be registered under the 1940 Act.

Section 4. Expenses.

- (A) The Company agrees to pay to Investmentbank Austria a non-accountable expense allowance for costs and expenses incurred by Investmentbank Austria in connection with the Offering (the "Non-Accountable Expense Allowance") which shall consist of an amount (payable in German marks) equal to the product of (i) * per Offer Share, and (ii) the Number of Offer Shares to be purchased by the Managers pursuant to this Agreement. The Non-Accountable Expense Allowance includes the following:
- (a) all costs, expenses, fees, stamp or other duties or taxes (including transfer taxes and issuance taxes, if any) in connection with the issuance, purchase and delivery of the Offer Shares in Europe; (b) all fees and expenses of Investmentbank Austria's legal advisers; (c) all costs, expenses, fees, duties or taxes in connection with the printing and delivery of (x) the Offering Documents and (y) Investmentbank Austria's research report regarding the Company; (d) all costs and expenses incurred by Investmentbank Austria in connection with press conferences, roadshows and any other public relations activities; and (a) all travelling, accommodation, telex, telephone, facsimile, postage and other out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Investmentbank Austria in connection with the Offering.
- (B) The Non-Accountable Expense Allowance does not include the following costs and expenses, which the Company agrees to pay:
- (a) all costs, expenses, fees, duties or taxes in connection with the admission and listing of the Shares of Common Stock to trading on EASDAQ, including any costs, expenses and fees charged by the Belgian Banking and Finance Commission ("BFC"); (b) all fees and expenses of the Company's accountants, legal advisers and any other advisers; (c) all costs and expenses incurred by the Company in connection with press conferences, roadshows and any other public relations activities; (d) all fees, costs, expenses, stamp or other duties related to the preparation, printing and filing of the Registration Statement and any amendments thereto in the United States, including, without limitation, filing of the Registration Statement with the Commission.
- (C) If this Agreement is terminated by Investmentbank Austria in accordance with the provisions of Section 5(b) or Section 8(a) hereof, the Company shall remain liable to pay to Investmentbank Austria all actual costs and expenses incurred in connection with the contemplated Offering including, without limitation, fees and expenses of Investmentbank Austria's legal advisers, costs and expenses related to the printing and delivery of the Offering Documents and research reports prepared by Investmentbank Austria and costs and expenses in connection with roadshows.

Section 5. Conditions of the Obligations of the Managers.

(a) The obligations of each Manager to purchase for itself and pay for the Offer Shares that it has agreed to purchase hereunder are subject to the following further conditions:

- (A) At the Closing Date the Company shall have complied with all agreements and satisfied all conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied under this Agreement at or prior to the Closing Date.
- (B) The representations and warranties of the Company set forth in Section 1 hereof shall be accurate as though expressly made at and as of the Closing Date. The Managers shall have received certificates of officers of the Company to this respect, dated as of the Closing Date, in form and substance satisfactory to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers.
- (C) No stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement shall have been issued, and no proceedings for that purpose shall have been instituted or threatened or, to the knowledge of the Company or Investmentbank Austria, shall be contemplated by the Commission and the Company shall have complied with any request of the Commission for additional information.
- (D) The Offering Documents shall have been filed, approved and published in accordance with applicable Belgian law and regulations.
- (E) All Notices concerning the Offering required to be filed under applicable law, regulations or listing requirements shall have been filed with EASDAQ and the BFC and any publications and announcements required by applicable laws and regulations shall have been made.
- (F) All Shares of Common Stock (including the Offer Shares) shall have been admitted to trading an EASDAO.
- (G) The Managers shall have received an opinion of Snow Becker Krauss P.C., Counsel to the Company, dated as of the Closing Date, in form and substance satisfactory to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, with respect to legal matters relating to the Offer Shares and the Registration Statement.
- (H) The Managers shall have received an opinion of Hogan & Hartson LLP, U.S. regulatory counsel to the Company, dated as of the Closing Date, in form and substance satisfactory to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, with respect to U.S. Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act regulatory matters relating to the Company.
- (I) The Managers shall have received an opinion of De Bandt, Van Hecke & Lagae, Belgian Counsel to the Managers, dated as of the Closing Date, in form and substance satisfactory to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, with respect to Belgian legal matters relating to the Offering.
- (J) The Company shall have furnished to Investmentbank Austria, an behalf of the Managers, (x) on the date hereof, a letter of Ernst & Young LLP as to the Company and its Subsidiaries, dated as of the date hereof and in the form previously furnished to the Managers confirming that they are Independent auditors with respect to the Company, consenting to the use of the Financial Statements in the Offering Documents and commenting upon the Financial Statements and their reports thereon and other information in the Offering Documents, and (y) at the Closing Date, a letter of Ernst & Young LLP, dated as of the date thereof, in form and substance satisfactory to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, which shall confirm in all material respects, as of the date of such letter (or, with respect to matters involving changes or developments since the respective dates as of which specified financial information is given in the Offering Documents, as of a date not more than five days prior to the date of such letter), the conclusions and findings of Ernst & Young LLP with respect to the financial information and other matters covered in the letters previously delivered to the Managers.
- (K) All corporate proceedings and other legal matters incident to the authorization, form and validity of this Agreement and the Offer Shares and the form of the Offering Doc-

uments, other then financial statements and other financial data, and all other legal matters relating to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated herein shall be reasonably satisfactory in all respects to Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers.

(b) If any condition specified in this Section 5 shall not have been fulfilled when and as required to be fulfilled, Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, has the right to terminate this. Agreement by notice to the Company at any time at or prior to the Closing Date, and such termination shall be without liability of any party to any other party except as provided in Section 4(C) and except that Sections 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12 shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 6. Obligations of the Managers.

- (a) Each Manager represents that it has observed and undertakes that it will observe the following restrictions on offers and sales of the Offer Shares and the distribution of documents relating to the Offer Shares:
 - (i) Each Manager represents and agrees that (A) it has not offered or sold and, prior to the expiry of six months from the Closing Date, it will not offer or sell any Offer Shares to persons in the United Kingdom, except to persons whose ordinary activities Involve them In acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995 (the "Regulations"), (B) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services Act 1986 and the Regulations with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Offer Shares in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom, and (C) it has only issued or passed on and will only issue or pass on to any person in the United Kingdom any document received by it in connection with the offer and sale of the Offer Shares if that person is of a kind described in Article 11 (3) of the Financial Services Act 1986 (Investment Advertisements) (Exemptions) Order 1995 or is a person to whom such document may otherwise lawfully be issued or passed on.
 - (ii) Each Manager will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in each jurisdiction in which it acquires, offers, sells or delivers Offer Shares or has in its possession or distributes any Offering Documents or any other offering material. Each Manager understands that no action has been or will be taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of the Offer Shares or distribution of any Offering Documents or any other offering material, in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Each Manager agrees that it will not make any representation or use any information in connection with the offering, sale, delivery or resale of the Offer Shares other than as contained in the Offering Documents.
- (b) Investmentbank Austria agrees to act as market maker and sponsor for the Company in connection with the listing of the Company's Shares of Common Stock on EASDAQ, provided that no material adverse change in the condition, financial situation or otherwise, or in the earnings, business affairs or business prospects of the Company occurs. Investmentbank Austria agrees not to charge a fee for the first year of its market maker and sponsor activities. For the following years Investmentbank Austria and the Company shall endeavor

to agree on a reasonable annual fee, provided that if the parties do not reach a agreement on such annual fee Investmentbank Austria shall have no further obligation to act as a market maker and/or sponsor for the Company.

Section 7. Indemnification.

- (a) The Company will indemnify and hold harmless each Manager and each person, if any, who controls any Manager within the meaning of the 1933 Act or the 1934 Act or other applicable laws against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such Manager may become subject, under the 1933 Act or the 1934 Act or other applicable laws, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any breach of any of the representations, warranties or obligations of the Company contained herein or any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in the Offering Documents or the Registration Statement, or arise out of or upon the omission or alleged omission to state in the Offering Documents and Registration Statement a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. In addition, the Company shall reimburse each Manager for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such Manager in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action as such expenses are incurred.
- (b) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under this Section 7 of notice of the commencement of any action, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof may be made against the indemnifying party under subsection (a) above, notify the indemnifying party of the commencement thereof; but the omission to so notify the indemnifying party will not relieve any indemnifying party from any liability which it may have to any indemnified party otherwise then under subsections (a) above. In case any such action is brought against any indemnified party, any indemnifying party will be entitled to participate therein at its own cost and expense. No indemnifying party shall, without the prior written consent of the indemnified party, effect any settlement of any pending or threatened action in respect of which any indemnified party is or could have been a party and indemnity could have been sought hereunder by such indemnified party unless such settlement includes an unconditional release of such indemnified party from all liability on any claims that are the subject matter of such actions.
- (c) The obligations of the Company under this Section 7 shall be in addition to any liability that the Company may otherwise have and shall extend, upon the same terms and conditions, to each person, if any, who controls any Manager within the meaning of the 1933 Act or the 1934 Act or other applicable laws.

Section 8. Termination.

- (a) Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers, has the right to terminate this Agreement, after prior consultation with the Company to the extent practicable, by notice given to the Company at any time at or prior to the Closing Date, if, in the opinion of Investmentbank Austria, on behalf of the Managers:
 - (i) there has been, since the date hereof or since the respective, dates as of which information is given in the Offering Documents, any material adverse change in the condition, financial or otherwise, or in the earnings, business

affairs or business prospects of the Company and its Subsidiaries considered as one enterprise, whether or not arising in the ordinary course of business; or

(ii) there has occurred any material adverse change in the financial markets in the United States, the Republic of Austria or any other European Union market, or any outbreak of hostilities or escalation thereof or other calamity or crisis or any change or development involving a prospective change in national or international political, financial or economic conditions, in each case the effect of which is such as to make it, in the judgment of Investmentbank Austria, impracticable to market the Offer Shares or to enforce contracts for the sale of the Offer Shares; or

(iii) trading in any securities of the Company has been suspended or limited by NASDAQ or the Pacific Stock Exchange Incorporated or if trading generally on EASDAQ, NASDAQ or the New York Stock Exchange shall have been suspended, or maximum ranges for prices for securities have been required, or minimum or maximum prices for trading have been fixed, by said exchange or by order of any governmental authority; or

(iv) trading in the Shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company have been suspended by the Commission or the NASD: or

(v) a banking moratorium shall have been declared or exchange controls imposed by either U.S. federal or New York authorities or by the relevant authorities in the Republic of Austria or in any other country of the European Union.

(b) If this Agreement is terminated pursuant to this Section 8, such termination shall be without liability of any party to any other party, except as provided in Section 4(C) hereof and except that Sections 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12 shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 9. Stabilization.

Investmentbank Austria may, to the extent permitted by applicable laws, effect transactions in any over-the-counter market or otherwise in connection with the distribution of the Offer Shares with a view to stabilizing or maintaining the market price of the Shares of Common Stock at levels other than those that might otherwise prevail in the open market but in doing so Investmentbank Austria shall act as principal and not as agent of the Company and any loss resulting from such stabilization will be borne, and any profit arising from it shall be retained, by Investmentbank Austria.

Section 10. Notice and Authority.

(a) All notices and communications hereunder shall be furnished to the parties at the addresses listed below. Notices and communications shall be deemed to have been duly given if in writing and delivered personally against receipt, or sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or if sent by facsimile transmission with confirmation of receipt, addressed as follows:

(i) to the Managers:

Investmentbank Austria Aktiengesellschaft Nibelungengasse 15 A-1010 Vienna Austria

Facsimile no Telephone no Attention: (: +43-1	-588	884-630	9			
Facsimile no: Telephone no: Attention:							
	(ii) t	o tl	he Comp	pany:			
Integrated St 829 West Stat Sacramento, C USA	dium La	ne	•	Inc.			
Facsimile no: Telephone no: Attention:	+1-916	-646	6-3437				
	(iii)	to	Value	Management	&	Research	Gmbl
Facsimile no: Telephone no: Attention:							

or to such other address as shall be furnished in writing by any party to the other party, and such notice or communication shall be deemed to have been given as of the date, indicated on the written receipt in the case of personal or registered or certified mail delivery, or as of the date, indicated on the confirmation in the case of facsimile transmission.

(b) Investmentbank Austria is hereby authorized by each Manager to act on behalf of it as specified herein and in relation to all matters requiring the consent or agreement of such Manager under this Agreement.

Section 11. Governing Law and Jurisdiction; Competent Court.

This Agreement shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with English law.

The courts of England are to have jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with this Agreement and accordingly any litigation or proceedings arising out of or in connection with this Agreement (the "Proceedings") may be brought in such courts. Each of the Company and each of the Managers hereby irrevocably submits itself for all purposes for or in connection with this Agreement to the jurisdiction of the courts of England and waives any objection to Proceedings in such courts whether on the ground of venue or on the ground that the Proceedings have been brought in an inconvenient forum.

The Company and each of the Managers hereby irrevocably appoints (or such other person or persons with an address in England) as its agent or agents to accept service of process on its behalf in any action based on this Agreement which may be instituted in England. The Company and each of the Managers will procure that there shall be in force an appointment of such a person with an office in England with authority to accept service as aforesaid on behalf of the Company or each of the Managers, as the case may be.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement may be instituted by the Managers in any competent court in the Republic of Austria or elsewhere.

Section 12. Severability; Counterparts; Headings.

If any provision of this Agreement is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the remainder of the provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. Upon such determination, the parties shall negotiate in good faith to promptly replace the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions with valid provisions the economic and substantive effect of which shall be as close as possible to that of the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions and the original intention of the parties.

This Agreement may be executed in counterparts and, when a counterpart has been executed by each party, all such counterparts taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. The section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

20 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties mentioned below have caused this Agreement to be executed in * , on the date first written above by their respective duly authorized representatives.

Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc.

By:____ Name: Title:

20

21

 $\,$ $\,$ The foregoing Agreement is hereby accepted in London, England, as of the date first written above.

Investmentbank Austria Aktiengesellschaft

By:__ Name: Title:

By:___ Name: Title:

Ву:_

Name: Title:

Acknowledged and consented to:

Value Management & Research GmbH

By:___ Name: Title:

22

Offering	SCHEDULE A	
Jame of Manager	Number of New Shares	
nvestmentbank Austria Aktiengesellschaft	*	
otal Offering	*	

SCHEDULE A

SNOW BECKER KRAUSS P.C. Attorneys at Law 605 Third Avenue New York, New York 10158 -----(212) 687-3860

September 19, 1996

Board of Directors Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. 829 West Stadium Lane Sacramento, California 95834

Ladies and Gentlemen:

You have requested our opinion, as counsel for Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the registration statement (the "Registration Statement") on Form SB-2 (Registration No. 333-31481), under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act"), filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Registration Statement relates to (i) an offering of up to 3,737,500 shares (the "Shares") of common stock, par value \$0.01 ("Common Stock"), of the Company and (ii) warrants (the "Warrants") to purchase up to 325,000 shares of Common Stock (the "Warrant Shares") to be issued to the managers and certain other persons participating in the distribution of the Shares.

We have examined such records and documents and made such examinations of law as we have deemed relevant in connection with this opinion. It is our opinion that when there has been compliance with the Act and the applicable state securities laws:

2 Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. September 19, 1997 Page 2

- (1) The Shares have been duly authorized and, when issued, delivered and paid for in the manner described in the form of Purchase Agreement filed as Exhibit 1.1 to the Registration Statement (the "Purchase Agreement"), will be legally issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- (2) The Warrants have been duly authorized, and when issued and paid for in the manner described in the Registration Statement, will be legally issued, fully paid and non-assessable, and will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company, except as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws of general application relating to the availability of remedies (regardless of whether such enforcement is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).
- (3) The Warrant Shares have been duly authorized and, when issued, delivered and paid for in the manner described in the Registration Statement, will be legally issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm under the caption "Legal Matters" in the Registration Statement. In so doing, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Snow Becker Krauss P.C.

SNOW BECKER KRAUSS P.C.

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into this fifth day of September 1997,

By:

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, Inc., a company registered under the laws of Delaware, United States of America, having its headquarters at 829, West Stadium Lane, Sacramento, California, 95834, United States of America, represented by its President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Ramesh Trivedi (hereinafter the "Buyer"),

on the one hand,

And:

- - Mrs. Farideh DANEL, a French citizen, residing at Chemin des Bouts, 38330 Saint Ismier, France,
- - Mr. Francois DANEL, a French citizen, residing at Chemin des Bouts, 38330 Saint Ismier, France,
- - Mr. Gerard HASCOET, a French citizen, residing at 10, avenue du Colonel Bonnet, 75016 Paris, France,
- - Mr. Jerome LEBON, a French citizen, residing at 6, rue Emile Zola, 69002 Lyon, France
- - Mr. Jean-Luc BOULNOIS, a French citizen, residing at 17 Scott Road, MA 02173 Lexington, USA,
- - Mr. Fernand BADANO, a French citizen, residing at 4, allee Marcel Achard, 69100 Villeurbanne, France,
- - Mr. Pierre WUERGLER, a Swiss citizen, residing at c/o Credit Suisse, Paradeplatz 8, 8070 Zurich, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,

- - Mr. Georges-Henri MEYLAN, a Swiss citizen, residing at Route du Ruisseau 1, 1348 Le Brassus, Switzerland,
- - Mr. Enzo FILIPPINI, a Swiss citizen, residing at 6803 Camignolo, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Pierre Angelo BOTTINELLI, a Swiss citizen, residing at Chemin des Trembles, 1261 Genolier, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Gulio MERLANI, a Swiss citizen, residing at Via Alla Chiesa, 6932 Breganzona, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Serge TSCHOPP, a Swiss citizen, residing at avenue des Cerisiers 45, 1009 Pully, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Raymond BORNAND, a Swiss citizen, residing at Chemin du Cret 12, 1110 Morges, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Jacques-Louis AUDEMARS, a Swiss citizen, residing at Valneige, 1348 Le Brassus, Switzerland, duly represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, pursuant to the power of attorney attached as Annex A,
- - Mr. Mohamed DIAB, a Swiss citizen, residing at 11 Chemin des Pecheurs, Vouvry, Switzerland,
- - GEMED SA, a Swiss societe anonyme, having its registered address at Route de France 16, 1348 Le Brassus, Switzerland, with registered capital of 100,000 Swiss francs, and registered with the Commerce Registry under the number 3/173 represented by Mr. Georges-Henri Meylan, Chairman of the board of directors and by Mr. Pierre Dubois, Director, both duly empowered to enter into this Agreement pursuant to a decision of the board of directors of August 7,1997

(hereinafter defined as the "Sellers" and in Article 1 as the "Shareholders of ${\tt IMMI"}$),

on the other hand.

WHEREAS, the Sellers are the owners of (i) twenty five thousand two hundred and twenty five (25,225) shares, (ii) four thousand seven hundred and eighty nine (4,789) warrants ("bons de souscription"), and (iii) two thousand one hundred and forty three (2,143) convertible debentures ("obligations convertibles en actions") of IMMI, a French societe anonyme having its registered office at

Universite Claude Bernard - rue Guillaume Paradin - 69372 Lyon Cedex, with registered capital of 3,581,950 French francs, and registered at the Register of Commerce and Companies of Lyon under the number B 392 277 828 (hereinafter the "Company").

As of the date of this Agreement, the sole and exclusive owners of all the shares, warrants and convertible debentures of the Company are the Sellers listed hereinafter:

SELLERS	NUMBER OF SHARES	NUMBER OF WARRANTS	NUMBER OF CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES	TOTAL
Mme Farideh DANEL	4187			4187
M. Francois DANEL	3279			3279
M. Gerard HASCOET	6342	3732		10074
M. Jerome LEBON	1761			1761
M. Jean-Luc BOULNOIS	1491			1491
M. Fernand BADANO	282			282
GEMED SA	4175	565	1144	5884
M. WUERGLER	994	135	273	1402
M. Georges Henri MEYLAN	457	52	106	615
M. Enzo FILIPINI	386	52	106	544
M. P.A. BOTINELLI	386	52	106	544
M. MERLANI	386	52	106	544
M. S. TSCHOPP	386	52	106	544
M. R. BORNAND	386	52	106	544
M. Jacques-Louis AUDEMARS	232	31	63	326
M. Mohammed DIAB	95	14	27	136
TOTAL	25225	4789	2143	32157

The Sellers' shares, warrants and convertible debentures are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Shares". The Sellers wish to sell and the Buyer agrees to buy all of the Shares subject to the terms of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the respective representations, warranties, covenants, agreements and conditions hereinafter set forth, and intending to be legally bound hereby, THE PARTIES HERETO AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

ARTICLE 1 PURCHASE AND SALE OF SHARES

- 1.1. Shares to be Sold. At the Date of Closing (as hereinafter defined) the Sellers shall sell and transfer all the Shares to Buyer, and Buyer shall purchase and accept all the Shares from Sellers. At the Date of Closing, the Shares shall constitute all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company.
- 1.2 Purchase Price for the Shares Payment. The aggregate purchase price for the Shares shall be paid by delivery of six hundred nineteen thousand three hundred and fifty five (619,355) shares of Buyer's common stock, with a par value of 0,01 US dollars (the "Purchase Price Shares"). The Purchase Price Shares has been determined based on the quoted price at Nasdaq of the shares of Buyer's common stock at the close of the trading day on July 10, 1997 of 7.75 US dollars a share.

Buyer will issue the Purchase Price Shares to Sellers in an offering to be made in accordance with the terms of Regulation S promulgated under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") or Section 4(2) of the Act or other applicable exemptions from registration.

After issuance of the Purchase Price Shares on the Date of Closing, they will be immediately freely tradeable outside the United States (subject to the securities laws of jurisdictions other than the United States) and tradeable in the United States after the Date of Closing in accordance with the United States securities laws as provided below.

The Buyer undertakes to file a Registration Statement on Form S-3 (or such other form as may be needed in accordance with the applicable rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission) with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 1997, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, for the registration on behalf of the Sellers of 619,355 shares of capital stock of Buyer. In addition to the Registration Statement on Form S-3 permitting the Shareholders of IMMI to sell shares of capital stock of Buyer upon the effectiveness, said Shareholders of IMMI who are foreign persons may sell shares of capital stock of Buyer notwithstanding the foregoing, subject to Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), which permits sales for 40 days, provided such sales are not otherwise deemed to constitute part of a distribution. For a period of eighteen months following the Date of Closing, the Shareholders of IMMI may only sell shares of capital stock of Buyer received by said Shareholders of IMMI in the aggregate as follows:

- (i) during the first quarter following the Date of Closing 50,000 shares:
- (ii) during the second quarter following the Date of Closing 50,000 shares plus 1% of the total shares of capital stock of Buyer traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market, during the first quarter;

- (iii) during the third quarter following the Date of Closing 75,000 shares plus 1% of the total shares of capital stock of Buyer traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market during the second quarter;
- (iv) during the fourth quarter following the Date of Closing 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total shares of capital stock traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market in the third quarter, and
- (v) during the fifth quarter following the Date of Closing 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total shares of capital stock traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market in the fourth quarter, and
- (vi) during the sixth quarter following the Date of Closing 100,000 shares plus 1% of the total shares of capital stock traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market in the fifth quarter.

After the sixth quarter, the Shareholders of IMMI may sell shares of Buyer subject to Rule 144 of the Act (as in effect as of the date hereof) for a period of six months thereafter and, after two years from the Date of Closing, the Shareholders of IMMI may sell the balance of the shares owned by them of Buyer pursuant to Rule 144(k) of the Act (as in effect as of the date hereof).

- 1.3. Closing. The Closing (the "Closing") shall take place on the date hereof (the "Date of Closing") at the offices of GEMED, Route de France 16, 1348 Le Brassus, Switzerland.
- - (a) Transfer deed of Shares (the "Ordres de mouvement") signed by the Sellers, (including the shares ("actions"), convertible debentures ("obligations convertibles") and warrants ("bons de souscription"));
 - (b) The minutes of the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company approving this Agreement and the Buyer as transferee of the Shares in compliance with article 11.2 of the by-laws of the Company (Board minutes of August 11, 1997), and other actions the Buyer may reasonably request;
 - (c) The resignation, effective as of the Date of Closing of all directors of the Company (save for Mr. Hascoet), and of all Directors and Officers of Innovative Medical Machines International, Inc., without any payment nor indemnity;
 - (d) A release certificate by Bank San Paolo of any pledge on the Shares of Mr. Jerome Lebon; $\,$

- (e) A waiver, duly signed by all the Sellers, to all accrued interest as of the Date of Closing on all convertible debentures issued by the Company;
- (f) The written agreements of banks "Societe Generale" and "Banque Populaire Du Dauphine Et Des Alpes Du Sud" undertaking to release the Company of the joint pledge of second rank on the going business ("fonds de commerce") of the Company given on July 10, 1996, subject to the remittance by the Buyer of the surety agreements referred to in Article 1.5.2, and instructing the public notary ("notaire") to carry out all legal formalities to effect these releases:
- (g) The written agreement of bank "Societe Generale" releasing the Company of the pledge of third rank on the going business ("fonds de commerce") of the Company given on March 24, 1997, subject to the remittance by the Buyer of the surety agreement referred to in Article 1.5.2; and instructing the public notary ("notaire") to carry out all legal formalities to effect this release;
- (h) The letter of the Company, sent by registered mail, notifying Anvar of the the proposed sale of the Shares of the Company to the Buyer;
- (i) The legal opinion of Counsel of the Sellers in the form attached as Annex 1.4 (j);
- (j) The following financial statements in conformity with Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended: balance sheet at December 31, 1996; statements of income, cash flows and changes in stockholders' equity for years ended December 31, 1996 and December 31, 1995; balance sheet at June 30, 1997; statements of income, cash flows and changes in stockholders' equity for the six month period ended June 30, 1997;
- (k) The written agreement between the Sellers terminating any shareholders' agreement which may have existed, with effective date of termination on the date of Closing; $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{$
- (1) The debt forgiveness agreement duly signed by Mr. Hascoet, Mr. Danel;
- (m) The Registration Rights Agreement dated as of the date of this Agreement duly signed and executed by and among the Sellers and the Buyer.

1.5. Deliveries by the Buyer.

1.5.1. At the Closing, the Buyer shall deliver to the Sellers:

(a) The Purchase Price Shares represented by the certificates for the 619,355 shares of capital stock of Buyer, bearing appropriate restrictive legends, which shall be delivered as follows to the Sallers:

	Number of shares of	
Sellers	common stock of Buyer	Legends
Mrs. Farideh DANEL	80,643	A C
Mr. Francois DANEL	63,155	A C
Mr. Gerard HASCOET	194,028	A C
Mr. Jerome LEBON	33,917	A C
Mr. Jean-Luc BOULNOIS	28,717	A B
Mr. Fernand BADANO	5,431	A C
Mr. Pierre WUERGLER	27,003	A C
Mr. Georges-Henri MEYLAN	11,845	A C
- Mr. Enzo FILIPINI	10,478	A C
Mr. Pierre Angelo BOTTINELLI	10,478	A C
Mr. Julio MERLANI	10,478	A C
Mr. Serge TSCHOPP	10,478	A C
Mr. Raymond BORNAND	10,478	A C
Mr. Jacques-Louis AUDEMARS	6,279	A C
Mr. Mohamed DIAB	2,619	A C
GEMED SA	113,328	A C
Total:	619,355	

The certificates evidencing the Purchase Price Shares shall be endorsed with the following legends:

A: THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE HAVE BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO A STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 5, 1997 AND HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED ("THE ACT") OR THE SECURITIES COMMISSION OF ANY STATE UNDER ANY STATE SECURITIES LAWS.

B: (FOR PURCHASE PRICE SHARES ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE EXEMPTION PROVIDED BY SECTION 4(2) AND REGULATION D THEREUNDER:). THE SHARES HAVE BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE ACT PROVIDED BY SECTION 4(2) AND REGULATION D PROMULGATED THEREUNDER. THEY MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED WITHOUT REGISTRATION UNDER THE ACT OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL TO THE COMPANY THAT AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE ACT IS AVAILABLE.

8

C: (FOR PURCHASE PRICE SHARES ISSUED PURSUANT TO REGULATION S:) THE SHARES HAVE BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE SAFE HARBOR PROVIDED BY REGULATION S PROMULGATED UNDER THE ACT. THE SHARES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED IN THE UNITED STATES OR TO U.S. PERSONS (AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN REGULATION S) UNLESS THEY ARE REGISTERED UNDER THE ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS, OR SUCH OFFERS, SALES AND TRANSFERS ARE MADE PURSUANT TO AN AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE LAWS.

1.5.2. At the Closing, the Buyer shall deliver to:

- (a) Bank "Societe Generale" and to Bank "Banque Populaire Du Dauphine Et Des Alpes Du Sud" two surety agreements ("cautionnement") to guarantee, in the event of default of the Company occurring after the Date of Closing, the reimbursement by the Company of two loans agreements each in a respective amount of FF 1,000,000 entered into by the Company in a single agreement dated July 10,1996.
- (b) Bank "Societe Generale" a a surety agreement ("cautionnement") to guarantee, in the event of default of the Company occurring after the Date of Closing, the reimbursement by the Company of a loan agreement in an amount of FF. 350,000 entered into by the Company on March 24,1997.

ARTICLE 2 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SELLERS

The Sellers hereby jointly and severally make the representations and warranties set forth in this Article 2. For the purposes hereof, "knowledge of the Sellers" shall include matters known to any of the Sellers or the Company. When reference is made to any event, change or effect having a "Material Adverse Effect", this reference shall mean that this event, change or effect materially harms or is reasonably likely to materially harm the business, operations, prospects, assets (including intangible assets), liability (including contingent liabilities), financial situation or operation profits of the Company, or that this event, change or effect delays or is reasonably likely to delay or prevents or is reasonably likely to prevent the consumation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

2.1. Corporate Organization. The Company is a societe anonyme duly organized and validly existing under French law. It has the corporate power

and authority to own or lease its properties and to carry on its business in the manner in which it is currently conducted. Save for a wholly owned subsidiairy incorporated under the name Innovative Medical Machines Inc., registered under the laws of the State of Delaware United States, the Company does not, directly or indirectly, have any equity interest or other property interest in any company, joint venture, partnership, association or other entity. Complete and correct copies of the certificate of incorporation and by-laws (the "Constitutive Documents") are attached as Annex 2.1. The Company has not stopped making payments, declared a moratorium on payments of its debts, is not in bankruptcy or reorganization or liquidation, has not entered into an assignment for the benefit of its creditors and has not become subject to any reorganization procedure.

- 2.2. Authorization. The Sellers have the requisite capacity to enter into this Agreement and the other agreements to be executed and delivered by the Sellers pursuant hereto (the "Additional Sellers' Documents") and to carry out the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. When fully executed and delivered, this Agreement and each of the Additional Sellers' Documents will constitute the valid and binding agreements of the Sellers, enforceable against the Sellers in accordance with their respective terms.
- 2.3. Capitalization. As of the date of this Agreement, the share capital of the Company is as set forth in the preamble to this Agreement. All the shares ("actions") have been validly issued and are fully paid, nonassessable and free of any lien, preemptive rights or other restrictions with respect thereto (save for the restriction enacted by article 11.2 of the by-laws of the Company concerning the prior consent of the board of the directors for the sale of shares "actions" to a non-shareholder). All the warrants and convertible debentures ("bons de souscription en actions", and "obligations convertibles an actions") have been validly issued, have not been converted into shares ("actions") and are nonassessable and free of any lien, preemptive rights or other restrictions with respect thereto. The Shares are held by the Sellers as set out in the table in the preamble to this Agreement. There is no agreement or commitment which could result in the Company having to purchase, amortize, issue or transfer the Shares of the Company in any manner whatsoever.
- $\,$ 2.4. Ownership of Shares. On the Date of Closing, the Buyer will acquire all rights to the Shares free of any liens, pledges, charges or encumbrances. No Seller has granted any rights to any individual or entity to purchase any of the Shares.
- 2.5. Consents and Approvals; Non-Contravention. Neither the execution, delivery or performance of this Agreement or of any related documents, nor the consummation by the Company or the Sellers of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, nor compliance by the Company or the Sellers with any of the provisions hereof or thereof:
- $\mbox{\ \ (a)}$ violates any provision of the Constitutive Documents or any applicable law or regulation,

- (b) With the exception of Anvar as provided in Article 1.4(i), requires on the part of the Sellers any filing with, or permit, authorization, consent or approval of, any court, trustee in bankruptcy ("administrateur judiciaire"), administrative or other authority (a "Governmental Entity"),
- (c) With the exception of Anvar as provided in Article 1.4(i), require, in accordance with the terms of any contract, lease or other agreement to which the Sellers or the Company is a party, any consent, approval or authorization,
- (d) violate any judicial or arbitral decision, any law or regulation or contractual provision applicable to the Sellers or the Company, or
- (e) result in a violation of any agreement or result in the termination, modification, cancellation, loss of a benefit, or result in the creation or imposition of any lien upon any of the respective properties or assets of the Sellers or the Company.
- 2.6. Financial Statements. (i) The balance sheet of the Company as at March 31, 1997, duly audited and certified by the statutory auditor of the Company, which has been delivered to Buyer and which is attached as Annex 2.6 is complete, sincere and true and prepared in accordance with generally applicable accounting principles in France and accurately reflects the asset and liability situation of the Company at the date and the period indicated, and (ii) the interim unaudited balance sheet of the Company as of June 30, 1997 which has been delivered to Buyer and which is attached as Annex 2.6 is complete, sincere and true and prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and accurately reflects the asset and liability situation of the Company at the date and the period indicated.

The balance sheet of the Company as at March 31, 1997 and the interim unaudited balance sheet of the Company as at June 30, 1997 are collectively referred to as the "Financial Statements".

- 2.7. Interim Change. Since July 1st, 1997, the Company has not engaged in any business or transaction other than in the ordinary course of business. In particular (but without this list being exclusive):
- (a) the Company has not suffered any change, nor has there arisen any event, having or which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (b) the Company has not forgiven or canceled any debts or claims or waived, released or relinquished any contract right or any other rights of its business;
- (c) the Company has not consented to, or has not had imposed on it, any liens;

- (d) the Company has not suffered any damage, destruction or loss of property, whether or not covered by insurance, which had or could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (e) the Company has not accelerated the collection of, granted any discounts with respect to or sold or assigned to third parties any accounts receivable or delayed the payment of any payables or, other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice, had any reason to write off as uncollectable any accounts receivable or any portion thereof;
- (f) the Company has not assumed any loan, directly or indirectly, or incurred or guaranteed any obligation with regards to a loan, or made any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investment in, any other individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, organization or other entity (a "Person"),
- (g) pledged or subjected to any lien, sold, assigned or transferred any asset except for sales of inventory in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;
- (h) the Company has not increased in any manner the wages, salaries, bonuses, pension plans, retirement allocations or other allocations of any officer, employee or other person,
- (i) the Company has not entered into any pension plan, profit-sharing, bonus, severance pay, or other plan, agreement or arrangement relating to retirement or other benefits,
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(j)}}$ the Company has not entered into any employment or consulting agreement with any person,
- (k) the Company has not amended any plan, agreement or arrangement in effect as of the date hereof;
- $\hbox{(1) the Company has not been the target of any work stoppage}\\ \text{or other labor difficulty;}$
- (m) the Company has not made any investment in any business, company, partnership, association or other entity.
- (n) the Company has not entered into any agreement, contract or commitment, with respect to the manufacture of any product of the Company or any update or derivative thereof (collectively, the "Products");
- (o) the Company has not declared, paid or set aside for payment any dividend or other distribution;

- (p) the Company has not made any change in its accounting principles or methods, except as may have been required by a change in generally accepted accounting principles in France;
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(q)}}$ the Company has not issued any share or other securities other than the Shares.
- 2.8. No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as and to the extent of the amounts specifically reflected or reserved against in the Financial Statements, and obligations under agreements, commitments or contracts entered into, in the ordinary course of business, the Company has not incurred any liabilities or obligations of any nature (whether or not accrued).
- 2.9. Litigation. There is no claim, action, suit, inquiry or investigation by or before any judicial entity pending or, to the knowledge of the Sellers, threatened against or involving the Company or affecting any of its assets. There is no basis known to the Sellers for any such claim, action, suit, inquiry, or investigation.

2.10. No Violation.

- (a) The Sellers and the Company have always been in full compliance with the by-laws of the Company.
- (b) The Sellers and the Company have always been in full compliance with (i) all legal regulations applicable to the Company and (ii) all judicial decisions related thereto,
- (c) The Sellers and the Company have not breached any obligations with regard to any contract or agreement irrespective of its purpose.
- (d) The Company has all authorizations (from Governmental Entities and other authorities) necessary to : (i) enable it conduct its business as currently conducted and, if necessary (ii) to enter into all transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- 2.11. Title to Assets. The Company does not own any real property assets. With the exception of the liens listed in the two Certificates of recordation of liens delivered by the Commercial Courts of Lyon and Grenoble, attached as Annex 2.11, the Company has good and marketable title, free and clear of all liens, of all assets, rights, trademarks, trade names, licenses and properties, which are used in the conduct of the business conducted by the Company (the "Assets"). The Company has valid and enforceable leases or licenses, as the case may be, with respect to the Assets consisting of property that is leased or licensed to the Company, and there does not exist any default on the part of the Company under such leases or licenses. Since inception, the Company has validly entered into and, as the case may be, has validly and legally terminated any lease agreement used for carrying on its business activities.

- (a) A true and complete list of all the Company's industrial and intellectual property rights, including tradenames, trademarks and patents (collectively, "Intellectual and Industrial Property") owned by, or licensed to the Company is contained in Annex 2.12. Such Annex 2.12 also provides a copy of all the certificates of recordations for the Intellectual and Industrial Property, the States in which these registrations are issued and the States where applications concerning Intellectual and Industrial Property are pending on the date hereof. The Intellectual and Industrial Property described in Annex 2.12 constitutes all Intellectual and Industrial Property necessary to operate the Company's business. The Intellectual and Industrial Property is duly and validly registered under the Company's name and all fees for recordation or renewal have been timely paid by the Company.
- (b) The Company has the sole and exclusive right to use, sell, license, dispose of or bring actions for the infringement of its rights to the Intellectual and Industrial Property as utilized in its business; there are no royalties, honoraria, fees or other payments payable by the Company to any Person by reason of ownership, use, licensure, sale or disposition of any Intellectual and Industrial Property.
- (c) There are no license agreements, commitments or guaranteed royalty or fee payments with respect to Intellectual and Industrial Property. The Closing of the transaction contemplated hereby will not in any way impair the right of the Company to use, sell, license or dispose of, or any portion thereof, or to bring any action for the infringement of any of such rights to the Intellectual and Industrial Property.
- (d) None of the former or present employees or officers of the Company hold any right, title or interest, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, in or to any Intellectual and Industrial Property which the Company currently owns or which is necessary for the business of the Company; no former or present employees, officers or directors of the Company or any other third party has asserted any moral rights claim with respect to the Intellectual and Industrial Property.
- (e) There is no pending or threatened claim or litigation challenging or questioning the validity, ownership or right to use, sell, license or dispose of any Intellectual and Industrial Property nor, to the knowledge of the Sellers, is there a valid basis for any such claim, nor has the Company received any notice asserting that the proposed use, sale, license or disposition by the Company of any Intellectual and Industrial Property conflicts or will conflict with the rights of any other party, nor is there, to the knowledge of the Sellers, a valid basis for any such claim or assertion.
- (g) There are no allegations by any third party that the Company has infringed any copyright, patent, trademark, trade name or misappropriated or misused any invention, patent, trade secret or other proprietary information

entitled to legal protection, and the Company has not asserted any claim of infringement, misappropriation or misuse.

- 2.13. Contracts and Commitments.
- (a) All material contracts and agreements of the Company (whether written or oral), corresponding to the criteria noted hereinbelow ("Material Contracts") are attached or described in Annex 2.13.
- (i) all contracts or agreements in an amount greater than 100,000 francs in which the Company is the creditor or the debtor;
- (ii) all contracts or agreements with a duration greater than one year (save for employment contracts);
- $\,$ (iii) all license and other agreements with respect to any Intellectual and Industrial Property;
- (iv) distribution, lease, license, joint venture, representation or manufacturing agreements that can only be terminated with a notice period of 30 days or more;
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(v)}}$ any agreement, contract or engagement containing a non-competition clause;
- (vi) all agreements, contracts or engagements regarding the acquisition of real estate or any participation in a company, partnership, joint venture or any other entity;
- (vii) contracts or other commitments with any supplier containing any provision permitting any party other than the Company that is a party thereto to renegotiate the price or other terms, or containing any payback or other similar provision, upon the occurrence of a failure by the Company to meet its obligations under the contract when due or the occurrence of any other event;
- (viii) credit agreements, financial obligations, guarantees of or agreements to acquire any such debt obligation of others or similar documents relating to indebtedness for borrowed money to which the Company is a party or by which any assets of the Company is bound, restricted or encumbered;
- $\,$ (ix) all agreements or contracts obliging the Company to reimburse, in whole or in part, any financial benefit, investment, subsidy granted by any public agency;
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(x)}}$ all agreements or contracts granting bonuses or subsidies to the Company either in cash or in kind;

 $\,$ (xi) all employment, consulting and severance agreements, and settlement agreements in the case of termination or indemnification of employment contracts;

(xii) any agreement, or group of related agreements with the same party or any affiliates, under which the Company has leased or has agreed to lease any property;

(xiii) any other contract which is material to the business, operations or prospects of the Company or any other contract, instrument, commitment, plan or arrangement which has not been made in the ordinary course of business.

- (b) Each Material Contract: (i) is valid and binding on the other party or parties thereto and is in full force and effect and (ii) after the Date of Closing shall continue in full force and effect without penalty or other adverse consequence arising solely from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Neither the Company nor, to the best knowledge of the Sellers, any other party to any Material Contract is in breach of, or default under, any Material Contract.
- (c) The Company duly and timely satisfies all the conditions provided in the agreements entered into with ANVAR on July 10, 1996 (one agreement) and on March 25, 1997 (two agreements), copies of which are attached in Annex 2.13 (c).
- (d) With the exception of a loan agreement entered into with Banque Populaire on November 3, 1995, a loan agreement entered into with Banque Populaire and with Societe Generale on July 10, 1996 and a loan agreement entered into with Societe Generale on April 8, 1997 (all three loans being attached as Annex 2.13 (d)), the Company has not entered into any credit agreement or loan agreement with any financial institution or third party.
- (e) With the exception of two ANVAR agreements of July 10, 1996 and March 24, 1997 and with the exception of a grant from COFACE granted on October 23, 1995 and attached in Annex 2.13 (e), the Company has not received any financial benefit, investment or subsidy granted by any public agency.
- (f) The Company does not have outstanding contracts with respect to the employment of any officer, individual, employee, agent, consultant, adviser, salesperson, representative or other person on a full-time, part-time, contract or consulting basis which differs in any material respect from the requirements of applicable law including provisions with respect to termination indemnification. A copy of all the employment contracts of the employees of the Company as of the date hereof is attached in Annex 2.13 (f).
- (g) With the exception of a lease agreement for office space located in Meylan, entered into with SCI Des Buclos (a copy of which is attached as Annex 2.13 (g)), which shall terminate on June 22, 1998, without indemnity or

other responsibility on the part of the Company save for any rent payments which would be outstanding after the Date of Closing, the Company does not have any agreement with any of the Sellers or any affiliate of any Seller.

- (h) Except as required by law, the Company does not have any pension, profit-sharing, bonus, severance pay, retirement, hospitalization, insurance, stock purchase, stock option or other benefit with or for the benefit of any of the Sellers nor with any third party to this Agreement (a "Benefit Plan").
- (i) The Company does not have any employee on a fixed-term employment agreement and the Company has not entered into an agreement for the secondment of personnel with any of the Sellers or any affiliate of any Seller.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{(j)}}}$ the Company does not have any outstanding loan to any Seller or to any employee.
- (k) The Company has not guaranteed any obligations of the Sellers or any other person. The Sellers have not guaranteed any obligations of the Company which would still be in effect after the Date of Closing.
- (1) All shareholders agreements, voting agreement, pledge agreement, or sale-purchase agreements relating to the Shares and which have been in existence between certain Sellers before the Date of Closing shall become null and void on the Date of Closing and shall give rise to no claim or liability whatsoever whether against the Company or the Buyer.
- (m) Any pledge agreement relating to the Shares and which have been granted by certain Shareholders of IMMI in favor of a third party shall be validly terminated on Date of Closing and shall give rise to no claim or liability whatsoever whether against the Company or the Buyer.
- (n) The Company does not have any contract which is material to its business, operations or prospects or any other contract, instrument, commitment, plan or arrangement which has not been made in the ordinary course of business.
- (o) Each Material Contract: (i) is valid and binding on the other party or parties thereto and is in full force and effect and (ii) after the Date of Closing of the transaction contemplated by this Agreement, shall continue in full force and effect without penalty or other adverse consequence arising solely from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Neither the Company nor, to the best knowledge of the Sellers, any other party to any Material Contract is in breach of, or default under, any Material Contract.
- $\mbox{(p)}$ The Company is not restricted by any agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world.
- 2.14. Customers and Suppliers. Annex 2.14 sets forth a list of the largest customers of the Company in terms of sales for the six months ended

June 30, 1997 as well as a list of the ten largest suppliers of goods and materials to the Company. There has not been any adverse change in the business relationship of the Company with any customer or supplier since July 1st, 1997.

- 2.15. Insurance. The Company has valid insurance policies which adequately cover all the risks against which it is normal to insure considering the activities of the Company. There has not been any failure to give any notice or present any claim under any such policy in a timely fashion or in the manner or detail required by the policy. There are no outstanding past due premiums or claims, and there are no provisions for retroactive or retrospective premium adjustments. No notice of cancellation or non-renewal with respect to, or disallowance of any claim under, any such policy has been received by the Company. Execution of this Agreement shall not entitle any of the insurers covered by this Article 2.15 to modify the terms of the insurance policies taken out by or on behalf of the Company.
- 2.16. Environmental Matters. The Company is not in breach of any environmental laws or regulations. The Company has received all required environmental approvals and there has been no claim made against the Company with respect to the violation of any environmental laws or regulations.
 - 2.17. Taxes Social security contributions.
- (a) All tax and social security returns, declarations, reports, estimates, information returns, and statements (collectively, "Tax and Social Security Returns") required to be filed by the Company on or before the date hereof for all periods ending on or before the Date of Closing have been timely filed, and all such Tax and Social Security Returns are true, correct and complete.
- (b) The Company has timely paid (or accrued in its accounts) all taxes and social security contributions due or claimed to be due by it by any taxing or social security authority in respect to periods (or any portion thereof) ending on or before the Date of Closing, and no failure in this regard may be attributed to it.
- (c) No audit or other proceeding by any national or local court, governmental, regulatory, parafiscal, administrative or similar authority are presently pending with respect to any taxes or social security contributions of the Company.
- (d) The Company is not a party to, or is bound by or has any obligation under, any tax-consolidation agreement or similar contract or arrangement.
- 2.18 Research and development tax credit. As of June 30, 1997, the research and development tax credit of the Company is as follows:

FRENCH FRANCS	1994	1995	1996	TOTAL
Gross tax credit Allowance	208,366 	516,085 (147,000)	508,842 (508,842)	1,233,293 (655,842)
Net tax credit	208,366	369,085		577,451

The net tax credit of FF. 577,451 shall be accepted and paid by the French tax authorities.

- 2.19 Regulatory Authority. The Company has never been the subject of any inspection or investigation by a French or foreign regulatory authority and has never received any notice of deficiency by any regulatory authority (including but not limited to the French Ministry of Health, the Federal United States Food And Drug Administration, and the Japanese Ministry of Health ("Koseisho").
- 2.20 Sale of Neuromate. The Company is authorized to sell Neuromate product in the European Community, Japan and the United States and holds all regulatory authorizations to this effect under its own name, save for the regulatory authorization of Koseisho which has been granted to the exclusive distributor of the Company in Japan, IMATRON. All such authorizations are attached in Annex 2.20 to this Agreement. No further action must be taken by the Company to sell Neuromate product in any of the above jurisdictions or to maintain its right to sell Neuromate product or any improvements thereof in those jurisdictions.
- 2.21. Transactions with Affiliates. None of the Sellers has, directly or indirectly, (i) an interest in any entity which furnished or sold, or which furnishes or sells, services or products which the Company furnishes or sells, or proposes to furnish or sell, or (ii) any interest in any Person which purchases from or sells or furnishes to the Company any goods or services, with the exception of informal commercial relationships with Audemars Piguet for the purchases of components by the Company, which purchases are carried on from time to time at the discretion of the Company and on an arm's length basis.
- 2.22 Accounts Receivable. All receivables of the Company arose in the ordinary course of business and the aggregate amounts thereof are collectible (except to the extent reserved against as reflected in the Financial Statements) and are carried at values determined in accordance with French and US generally accepted accounting principles. None of the receivables is subject to any claim of offset, setoff or counterclaim and there are no facts or circumstances that would give rise to any such claim. No person has any lien, charge, pledge, security interest or other encumbrance on any of such receivables and no agreement for deduction or discount has been made with respect to any of such receivables.
- 2.23 Sellers' former shareholders' accounts ("compte courant"). As of the Date of Closing, any and all sums which could be due by the Company to the Sellers, whether or not registered in the shareholders' accounts ("compte

courant") have been either reimbursed, set-off or forgiven and there exists no monies owed by the Company to the Sellers.

- 2.24 Minute Books. The minute books of the Company made available to counsel for Buyer contain all minutes since the Company's incorporation as normally kept in conformance with French law.
- 2.25 Entirety of Representations. The above representations and warranties are true, accurate and complete in all respects and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made not misleading.
- 2.26 Regulations Requirements. The Sellers acquiring Purchase Price Shares pursuant to Regulation S promulgated under the Act represent that are neither a United States citizen nor a United States resident and that the offer to acquire the Purchase Price Shares was not made in the United States.
- 2.27 Section 4(2) Requirements. With respect to Mr. Boulnois only, Mr. Boulnois represents and warrants to the Buyer as follows: (i) Mr. Boulnois is acquiring the Purchase Price Shares for his own account for investment and not with a view to, or for sale in connection with, any distribution thereof, nor with any present intention of distributing or selling the same, and (ii) Mr. Boulnois has adequate net worth and means to provide for his current needs and contingencies and the financial capacity to sustain a complete loss of his investment in the Buyer.
- 2.28 Innovative Medical Machines International, Inc. The Sellers hereby jointly and severally represent and warrant that (i) the Company is the owner of two hundred (200) shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 US dollars, of Innovative Medical Machines International, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Subsidiary"); (ii) the 200 shares of Subsidiary Common Stock held by the Company represents the total outstanding stock of the Subsidiary; (iii) the Subsidiary is a corporation duly organized , validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware, United States, and has full corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its assets, properties and business and to carry on its business as now being conducted; (iv) the Subsidiary is duly qualified to do business and is in good standing as a foreign corporation in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, (v) the Subsidiary has applied for and received from the Food & Drug Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services a 510k premarket approval notice for the Neuromate, a product of the Company, and (iv) to the knowledge of the Sellers, there does not exist any circumstance or event involving the Subsidiary as of the Date of Closing that is likely to result in a Material Adverse Effect to the Company.

ARTICLE 3 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF BUYER

The Buyer acknowledges that the Sellers required the Buyer to make the following representations and warranties as a determining condition of this Agreement, failing which the Sellers would not have accepted the Purchase Price Shares. Accordingly, the Buyer hereby represents and warrants to the Sellers as follows:

- 3.1. Corporate Organization. Buyer is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware.
- 3.2. Authorization. Buyer has the requisite corporate power and authority to enter into this Agreement and the other documents and instruments to be executed and delivered by Buyer pursuant hereto (the "Additional Buyer's Documents") and to carry out the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. When fully executed and delivered, this Agreement and each of the Additional Buyer's Documents will constitute the valid and binding agreements of Buyer, enforceable against it in accordance with their respective terms.
- 3.3. Consents; Due Execution; Delivery and Performance of the Agreement. The Buyer's execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement (a) has been duly authorized under Delaware law by all requisite corporate action by the Buyer, (b) will not violate any law or the Restated Certificate or Restated By-laws of the Buyer or any other corporation of which the Buyer owns at least 50% of the outstanding voting stock (a "Buyer Subsidiary") or any provision of any material indenture, mortgage, agreement, contract or other material instrument to which the Buyer or any Buyer Subsidiary is a party or by which any of their respective properties or assets is bound as of the Date of Closing or (c) require any consent by any person under, constitute or result (upon notice or lapse of time or both) in a breach of any term, condition or provision of, or constitute a default or give rise to any right of termination or acceleration under any such indenture, mortgage, agreement, contract or other material instrument or result in the creation or imposition of any lien, security interest, mortgage, pledge, charge or other encumbrance, of any material nature whatsoever, upon any properties or assets of the Buyer or any Buyer Subsidiary. Upon its execution and delivery, and assuming the valid execution thereof by the Sellers, the Agreement will constitute a valid and binding obligation of the Buyer, enforceable against the Buyer in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws affecting creditors' and contracting parties' rights generally and except as enforceability may be subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).
- 3.4. Authorized Capital Stock. As of the Date of Closing, the authorized capital stock of the Buyer consists of (a) 15,000,000 shares of

stock, \$0.01 par value per share, of which on September 5, 1997 3,366,956 shares were validly issued and outstanding, fully paid and non-assessable, (b) 1,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share, none of which are issued and outstanding, and (c) 4,332,816 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants at exercise prices ranging from \$0,01 to \$8.25 per share, and (iv) 1,052,317 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options granted pursuant to the Buyer's stock option plans, at exercise prices ranging from \$0.07 to \$7.84 per share.

- 3.5. Issuance, Sale and delivery of the Shares. When issued and paid for, the Purchase Price Shares to be sold hereunder by the Buyer will be validly issued and outstanding, fully paid and non-assessable.
- 3.6. Exempt Transaction. Subject to the accuracy of the Sellers representations in Article 1.2 of this Agreement, the issuance of the Purchase Price Shares will constitute transactions which are not subject to the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") in reliance upon Regulation S of the Securities Act and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, with the exception of Mr. Boulnois. The issuance of the Purchase Price Shares to Mr. Boulnois will constitute a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of Section 5 of the Securities Act in reliance upon Regulation D of the Securities Act and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, subject to Mr. Boulnois representations in Article 2.27.
- 3.7. Disclosure. Neither this Agreement, nor any other items prepared or supplied to the Sellers by or on behalf of the Buyer with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit a material fact necessary to make each statement contained herein or therein not misleading.
- 3.8. SEC Filings Current and in Compliance. All reports filed by the Buyer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") pursuant to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), when filed, did not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading. The Buyer has made all filings with the SEC to file any amendment or supplement to any such filings.
- 3.9. No Material Changes. As of the Date of Closing, there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition or results of operations of the Buyer since the filing date of the Buyer's last report with the SEC pursuant to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, except for losses from continuing operations.

ARTICLE 4 ADDITIONAL AGREEMENTS

- 4.1. Consents and Approvals. The parties shall, and Sellers shall cause the Company to, take all reasonable actions necessary to comply promptly with all legal requirements which may be imposed with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby (which actions shall include, without limitation, furnishing all information required in connection with approvals of or filings with any Governmental Entity) and will promptly cooperate with and furnish information to each other in connection with any such requirements imposed on any of them in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 4.2. Further Assurances. From time to time after the Date of Closing, the Sellers will use all reasonable efforts to obtain any licenses, permits, waivers, consents, authorizations, qualifications and orders of Governmental Entities or other Persons or entities as Buyer shall reasonably request as necessary to enable the Company to continue to enjoy after the Date of Closing the rights and benefits presently enjoyed by the Sellers in the operation of the business conducted by the Company.
 - 4.3. Non Competition Confidentiality.
- (a) The Sellers, from the present date until the end of a three year period, shall not, in the European Union, the United States of America and Canada, directly or indirectly, own any capital stock or other equity securities of, have any direct or indirect (unless the participation is less than 1% of the capital of a publicly traded company) equity or ownership interest in, or serve as a director, officer, employee, consultant or agent of any individual, partnership, corporation, trust or unincorporated association which competes with, or conducts a similar business as that of the Company or the Buyer, namely the designing, manufacturing and sale of equipment for image guided surgery.
- (i) Mr. Boulnois shall comply with the non-competion obligation of Article 4.3 (a) for all its duration, with the exception that he is authorized to act merely as a consultant in the United States for any medical equipment company;
- (ii) GEMED shall comply with the non-competion obligation of Article 4.3 (a) for all its duration subject to the continuation by the Company of the existing supply agreements for spare parts between the Company and Audemars Piguet, the parent company of GEMED. GEMED declares that Audemars Piguet undertakes to supply spare parts to the Company after the Date of Closing in a manner and with timetable deliveries consistent with current practices, at reasonable costs, and with the same high level of quality as currently in effect. The termination of all or part of the supply agreements by GEMED or

Audemars Piguet, for any reason whatsoever, shall not cause the anticipated termination of the non-competition obligation of ${\sf GEMED}$.

- (c) The Sellers, from the present date until the end of a three year period, shall not, directly or indirectly, hire present employees of the Company or otherwise induce or encourage them to leave the employment of the Company.
- (d) The Sellers shall maintain the confidentiality of all information which they obtained or may have obtained with respect to the Company and its business prior to the Date of Closing which is not in the public domain and which they acquired or had access to due to their position as shareholder or director or employee of the Company, save for the disclosure of any such information to which they would be compelled by any Governmental Entity.
- (e) The Sellers acknowledge and agree that notwithstanding the provisions of Article 6.2, in the event of a violation by any of the Sellers of the provisions of this Article 4.3, the Buyer shall be authorized to file any appropriate judicial action before any court or any tribunal of any jurisdiction to seek an injuction against any of the Sellers as well as any appropriate remedy at law.
- 4.4. Compliance with Rule 144. At the written request of the Sellers at any time and from time to time, the Buyer shall furnish to the Sellers, within three days after receipt of such request, a written statement confirming the Buyer's compliance with the filing requirements of the SEC set forth in SEC Rule 144 as amended from time to time.
- 4.5. Best Efforts to Become S-3 Eligible. The Buyer will use its best efforts to become eligible to file a registration statement on Form S-3 with respect to the sale of the Purchase Price Shares. The Buyer shall use its best efforts to make all required filings of all reports with the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act.

ARTICLE 5 SURVIVAL AND INDEMNIFICATION

5.1. Survival. All representations and warranties contained in this Agreement shall survive for three (3) years after the Date of Closing with the exception of the representations and warranties of Article 2.17 (fiscal and labor questions) which will survive for the applicable statutes of limitations. All representations and warranties shall further survive beyond such three-year period (or period of the applicable statutes of limitation) for so long as any claim made during such three-year period (or period of the applicable statutes of limitation) under this Article 5 are not definitively settled. In addition, it is specified that the periods thus defined apply to the notification of the event giving rise to indemnification and not to its judicial or amicable settlement.

- 5.2. Indemnification. The Sellers jointly and severally agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Buyer and/or the Company for the period stipulated in Article 5.1 commencing on the Date of Closing (and for any further period during which a claim for indemnification is pending hereunder) against and in respect of any Damages (as hereinafter defined in Article 5.6) of which the cause predates the Date of Closing and incurred or sustained by either of them as a result of any breach by any Seller of this Agreement, including the representations, warranties and covenants contained herein or in any agreement, document or other instrument delivered pursuant hereto or in connection herewith. No investigation made by or for the Buyer shall affect any representation or warranty of the Sellers contained in this Agreement or the indemnification obligation of the Sellers set forth herein. The Sellers may not be relieved of their indemnification or financial obligations in this agreement by claiming that they did not have knowledge of the facts in question.
- 5.3. Threshold. As concerns all Damages, the Sellers will not be held liable under this Article 5 for the indemnification of the Buyer, unless the total Damages exceed the sum of two hundred thousand (200,000) French francs, in which case the Sellers will be liable for any sums of Damages exceeding FF. 200,000.

To determine whether this threshold is met, all sums for which the Sellers are liable pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement shall be aggregated irrespective of when such sums are claimed from the Sellers within the guarantee period defined in article 5.1.

5.4. Procedure for Indemnification.

- (a) The Buyer shall give prompt written notice (within 30 days) to the Sellers of any claim or event known to it which does or may give rise to a claim for indemnification hereunder by the Buyer against the Sellers; provided that the failure of the Buyer to give notice as provided in this Agreement shall not relieve the Sellers of their obligations under this Article 5 to the extent that such failure has not prejudiced the Sellers.
- (b) In the case of any claim for indemnification hereunder arising out of a claim, action, suit or proceeding brought against the Company by any Person who is not a party to this Agreement (a "Third Party Claim"), the Buyer shall also give the Sellers copies of any written claims, process or legal pleadings with respect to such Third Party Claim promptly after such documents are received by the Buyer, it being understood that any delay in remitting such documentation by the Buyer shall not relieve the Sellers of their obligations under this Article 5 except to the extent that such failure has prejudiced the Sellers.
- (c) A Seller may elect to compromise or defend at such Seller's own expense and with such Seller's own counsel any Third Party Claim. If a Seller elects to compromise or defend a Third Party Claim, it shall, within 30 days

(or sooner, if the nature of such Third Party Claim so requires), notify the Buyer of its intent to do so, and the Buyer shall reasonably cooperate in the compromise of, or defense against, such Third Party Claim.

Such Seller shall pay the Buyer's actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such cooperation including the Buyer's reasonable legal expenses. After notice from a Seller to the Buyer of its election to assume the defense of a Third Party Claim, such Seller shall not be liable to the Buyer under this Article 5 for any legal expenses subsequently incurred by the Buyer in connection with the defense thereof; provided that the Buyer shall have the right to employ one counsel of its choice in each applicable jurisdiction (if more than one jurisdiction is involved) to represent the Buyer if, in the Buyer's reasonable judgment, a conflict of interest between the Buyer and such Seller exists in respect of such claim. If the Sellers elect not to compromise or defend against a Third Party Claim, or fail to notify the Buyer of their election as provided in this Article 5.4, the Buyer may pay, compromise or defend such Third Party Claim at the expense of the Sellers, including the Buyer's reasonable legal expenses. No Seller shall consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement without the written consent of the Buyer (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld), unless such judgment or settlement provides solely for money damages or other money payments for which the Buyer is entitled to indemnification hereunder and includes as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to the Buyer of a release from all liability in respect of such Third Party Claim. The amount of the legal expenses of the Buyer payable by the Sellers shall be included in the maximum indemnification provision set forth in Article 5.6 (b) (vi).

(d) If there is a reasonable likelihood that a Third Party Claim may adversely affect the Buyer, other than as a result of money damages or other money payments for which the Buyer is entitled to indemnification hereunder, the Buyer will have the right, after consultation with the Sellers, to have sole control of the defense and settlement of such Third Party Claim notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5.4.

5.5. Payment of Amounts Due.

- (a) In case of a claim by the Buyer under the provisions of this Article 5, the Sellers shall pay the amounts claimed as soon as there is an agreement between them with respect thereto.
- (b) The Sellers shall be authorized to pay the indemnification due to the Buyer either in cash or in shares of common stock of the Buyer. The value of the shares of common stock of the Buyer shall be determined on the average of the closing price of the shares of the Buyer over the last twenty (20) trading days immediately preceding the tendering of the Buyer's shares by the Sellers and payment of the damages, as such closing price appears on the Nasdaq stock market or if such shares of common stock of the Buyer are traded on a national securities exchange, as such closing price appears on such exchange. If the Sellers elect to pay the indemnification due to the Buyer in cash (whether in whole or in part),

such payment shall be settled by the Sellers in French francs, using the currency exchange rate published in the Wall Street Journal on the date before the Date of Closing (i.e.; USD 1 = FF. 6,1220).

5.6. Definition of Damages - Determination of the Amount of

Damages.

- (a) For purposes of this Article 5, "Damages" shall mean any loss, liability, damage, cost, expense or diminution of assets suffered or incurred by the Company or the Buyer (including, in particular, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses incurred or actually disbursed in connection with any claim, suit or proceeding brought against the Company or the Buyer) that satisfies the following requirements:
 - (i) Its cause or origin predates the Date of Closing and;
- $\,$ (ii) It has not been booked or a provision has not been made adequately in the Financial Statements of the Company.
- (b) The aggregate amount of Damages payable by the Sellers shall be determined on the basis of the following:
- (i) The aggregate amount due shall be equal to any damages effectively incurred by the Buyer or the Company, after deduction of any tax benefit or relief relating to such Damage that can be effectively taken by the Company or the Buyer;
- (ii) The amount to which the Buyer or the Company might otherwise be entitled under the Sellers' indemnification obligation shall be reduced where and to the extent of the net amount of any indemnity paid under any insurance policy to the Company or the Buyer in respect of such Damages;
- (iii) No indemnity shall be due by the Sellers in respect of any tax audit or claim (other than with respect to penalties or interest arising therefrom) which only modifies the tax period during which a deductible charge or amortisation may be taken, or in respect of any amount deductible or recoverable for VAT, except if such VAT is not deductible or recoverable and except with respect to penalties, fines or interests arising therefrom;
- (iv) Any supplement of asset or reduction of liabilities of the Company originating before the Date of Closing compared to these shown in the Financial Statements as of June 30, 1997 shall be deducted from the amount of Damages;
- (v) Any amount due by the Buyer as a result of the provisions of Article 3 shall be offset against the amount of the indemnification payable by the Sellers under this Article 5.

(vi) The maximum indemnification payable by the Sellers to the Buyer under this Article 5 shall be limited to 4,800,001.25 US dollars, which is the Purchase Price Shares as determined based on the quoted price at Nasdaq of the shares of Buyer's common stock at the close of the trading day on July 10, 1997 of 7.75 US dollars a share.

ARTICLE 6 GENERAL PROVISIONS

6.1. Amendment and Waiver. No amendment of any provision of this Agreement shall in any event be effective, unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the parties hereto. Any failure of any party to comply with any obligation, agreement or condition hereunder may only be waived in writing by the other parties. No failure by any party to take any action against any breach of this Agreement or default by the other parties shall constitute a waiver of such party's right to enforce any provision hereof or to take any such action.

6.2. Dispute Resolution.

(a) Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or the breach, termination or validity thereof (a "Dispute"), shall be finally settled by arbitration in accordance with this Article 6.2. The arbitration shall be held in Paris, France. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in French and English (documents and testimony may be provided in either language), and the award shall be rendered in the French language. The arbitration proceedings and the award shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is necessary in actions to enforce an arbitral award and actions seeking interim or other provisional relief in any court of competent jurisdiction to enforce such award or this Article 6.2.

(b) In case of a Dispute, the party deciding to resort to arbitration, (whether the Sellers on the one hand or the Buyer on the other hand), shall inform the other party by registered letter return receipt requested sent to its address set forth in Article 6.5, indicating the name of the arbitrator designated by it. The other party shall have a period of 15 days from receipt of the above-mentioned letter to proceed with the nomination of a second arbitrator. In the event of failure to do so within this time period, the President of the Commercial Court of Paris will do so at the request of the first party to so request, ruling as a judge in summary proceedings. The two arbitrators thus designated shall name a third arbitrator within a period of 15 days from the date of appointment of the second arbitrator. In the event of failure of the arbitrators to agree upon a third arbitrator, this person will be named by the President of the Commercial Court of Paris, who will do so at the request of the first party to so request, ruling as a judge in summary proceedings. The third arbitrator thus appointed will chair the arbitral panel. In case an arbitrator withdraws or is otherwise prevented from acting, he will be replaced following the same method of nomination as that used for the arbitrator who withdraws or is prevented from acting, and this shall

be done within a period of one month from his being prevented from acting or his withdrawal. The arbitrators may not be affiliated in any way with the parties or their respective accountants or legal counsel. Each arbitrator shall be fluent in English and French.

- (c) Subject to the provisions of this Article 6.2, the arbitrators shall conduct the arbitration in accordance with such procedural and evidentiary rules as they may determine and they shall be entitled to hire such experts (such as appraisal firms or certified public accountants) as they may deem appropriate in view of the nature of the dispute submitted to them. The arbitrators shall give written reasons for their award.
- (d) The hearing shall be held no later than 120 days following the appointment of the third arbitrator and the award shall be rendered no later than 30 days following the close of the hearing, by a majority vote of the arbitrators who shall not be entitled to decide "ex aequo et bono".
- (e) The parties hereto hereby waive any rights of application or appeal to a court tribunal of competent jurisdiction to the fullest extent permitted by law in connection with any question of law arising in the course of the arbitration or with respect to any award made, except for actions to enforce an arbitral award and actions seeking interim or other provisional relief in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- (f) The award shall be final and binding upon the parties hereto, and shall be the sole and exclusive remedy between the parties regarding any claims, counterclaims, issues, or accounting presented to the arbitrator. Judgment upon any award may be entered in any court having jurisdiction.
- (g) Any monetary award shall be made and promptly payable in U.S. dollars or French francs free of any tax, deduction or offset, and the arbitrator shall be authorized in its discretion to grant pre-award and post-award interest at commercial rates. Any costs, fees, or taxes incident to enforcing the award shall, to the maximum extent permitted by law, be charged against the party resisting such enforcement.
- (h) This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereto shall remain in full force and effect pending the award in any arbitration proceeding hereunder.
- (i) At the request of either party, the arbitrators shall adopt procedures for the arbitration that permit oral examination and oral cross-examination of witnesses.
- (j) All notices by one party hereto to the other in connection with the arbitration shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 6.5 hereof.

 $\mbox{\sc (k)}$ This agreement to arbitrate shall be binding upon the successors and assigns of each party hereto.

- 6.3. Broker's and Finder's Fees. The Sellers hereby represent and warrant to Buyer, and Buyer hereby represents and warrants to Sellers, that no Person or entity is entitled to receive any investment banking, brokerage or finder's fee or fees for financial consulting or advisory services in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.
- 6.4 Legal fees. Each party will bear its own legal fees and expenses in connection with the transactions contemplated by this agreement.
- 6.5. Notices. All notices, requests and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given if delivered personally, facsimiled (which is confirmed) or mailed by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested) to the parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified by like notice):
 - (a) To the Buyer:

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, Inc. 829, West Stadium Lane, Sacramento, California, 95834 USA Attention: Ramesh TRIVEDI Facsimile NO.: (916) 646 40 75

with a copy to:

SNOW BECKER KRAUSS P.C. 605 Third Avenue New York, N.Y. 10158-0125 Attention: Jack BECKER Facsimile No.: (212) 949 70 52

(b) For purposes of the performance of obligations under this Agreement, the Sellers designate Mr. Gerard HASCOET and Mr. Georges-Henri MEYLAN as their sole agents (the "Agents"), authorized to represent the Sellers in any of the rights or obligations and with capacity to act jointly or individually. All notices, requests and other communications, in whatever form, pursuant to this Article, shall be addressed only to the Agents at:

Mr. Gerard HASCOET 10, avenue du Colonel Bonnet 75016 Paris, France, Facsimile No: 33 1 42 30 72 44

Mr. Georges-Henri MEYLAN Route du Ruisseau 1, 1348 Le Brassus, Switzerland, Facsimile No: 41 21 845 14 02

- 6.6. Entire Agreement; Binding Effect. This Agreement and the documents referred to herein (a) constitute the entire agreement and supersede all other agreements and understandings, both written and oral, between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and (b) shall not be assigned by either party (by operation of law or otherwise) without the prior written consent of the other party, except that Buyer may assign, in its sole discretion, any of its rights, interests and obligations hereunder to any affiliate.
- 6.7. Applicable Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and be construed in accordance with French law without reference to its conflicts of laws principles except to the extent that French conflicts of laws principles would apply United States federal and state securities laws and the corporation law of the State of Delaware to questions regarding the issuance and registration of the shares of Buyer's common stock.
- 6.8. Severability. In case any term, provision, covenant or restriction of this Agreement is held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining terms, provisions, covenants or restrictions, or of such term, provision, covenant or restriction in any other jurisdiction, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

 $\,$ IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have signed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, Inc.

/s/ Ramesh TRIVEDI	/s/ Farideh DANEL
Name: Ramesh TRIVEDI Title: President and Chief Executive Officer	Mrs. Farideh DANEL
/s/ Francois DANEL	/s/ Gerard HASCOET
Mr. Francois DANEL	Mr. Gerard HASCOET
/s/ Jerome LEBON	/s/ Jean-Luc BOULNOIS
Mr. Jerome LEBON	Mr. Jean-Luc BOULNOIS
/s/ Fernand BADANO	/s/ Pierre WUERGLER
Mr. Fernand BADANO	Mr. Pierre WUERGLER (by power of attorney)

/s/ Georges-Henri MEYLAN	/s/ Enzo FILIPPINI
Mr. Georges-Henri MEYLAN	Mr. Enzo FILIPPINI (by power of attorney)
/s/ Pierre Angelo BOTTINELLI	/s/ Gulio MERLANI
Mr. Pierre Angelo BOTTINELLI (by power of attorney)	Mr. Gulio MERLANI (by power of attorney)
/s/ Serge TSCHOPP	/s/ Raymond BORNAND
Mr. Serge TSCHOPP (by power of attorney)	Mr. Raymond BORNAND (by power of attorney)
/s/ Jacques-Louis AUDEMARS	/s/ Mohamed DIAB
Mr. Jacques-Louis AUDEMARS (by power of attorney)	Mr. Mohamed DIAB
GEMED SA	
/s/ Georges-Henri MEYLAN	

Name: Georges-Henri MEYLAN Title: President Directeur General Annex A

LIST OF ANNEXES

Powers of attorney

Annex 1.4 (j)	Legal opinion of Counsel to the Sellers
Annex 2.1	Constitutive Documents
Annex 2.6	Financial Statements
Annex 2.11	Two Certificates of recordation of liens
Annex 2.12	Intellectual and Industrial Property
Annex 2.13	Material Contracts
Annex 2.13 (c)	Agreements with ANVAR of July 10, 1996 (one agreement) and March 25, 1997 (two agreements)
Annex 2.13 (d)	Loan agreement with Banque Populaire of November 3, 1995, loan agreement with Banque Populaire and with Societe Generale of July 10, 1996 and loan agreement with Societe Generale of March 24, 1997
Annex 2.13 (d)	Grant from COFACE dated October 23, 1995
Annex 2.13 (f)	Employment contracts of all the employees of the Company
Annex 2.13 (g)	Lease agreement in Meylan
Annex 2.14	List of the largest customers of the Company in terms of sales for the six months ended June 30, 1997 as well as a list of the ten largest suppliers
Annex 2.20	Regulatory authorizations
	32

2.4.

REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This Rights Agreement dated as of September 5, 1997 (the "Effective Date") is entered into by and among Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and the individuals and entities listed on Exhibit A hereto (the "Sellers").

WHEREAS, the Company and the Sellers have entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement of even date herewith (the "Purchase Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Sellers desire to provide for certain rights to the shares of capital stock of the Company has proposed to issue to the Sellers under the terms of the Purchase Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Sellers desire to provide for certain arrangements with respect to the registration of shares of capital stock of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises and covenants contained in this Agreement, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Certain Definitions. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings:

"Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission, or any other Federal agency at the time administering the Securities Act.

"Common Stock" means the common stock, $\$.01\ \mathrm{par}\ \mathrm{value}\ \mathrm{per}\ \mathrm{share},$ of the Company.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any similar Federal statute, and the rules and regulations of the Commission issued under such Act, as they each may, from time to time, be in effect.

"Registration Statement" means a registration statement filed by the Company with the Commission for a public offering and sale of Common Stock (other than a registration statement on Form S-8 or Form S-4, or their successors, or any other form for a similar limited purpose, or any registration statement covering only securities proposed to be issued in exchange for securities or assets of another corporation).

"Registration Expenses" means the expenses described in Section

"Registrable Shares" means (i) the Purchase Price Shares and (ii) any other shares of Common Stock of the Company issued in respect of the Purchase Price Shares (because of stock splits, stock dividends, reclassifications, recapitalizations, or similar events).

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any similar Federal statute, and the rules and regulations of the Commission issued under such Act, as they each may, from time to time, be in effect.

"Purchase Price Shares" shall have the meaning specified in Section 1.2 of the Purchase Agreement. $\,$

"Stockholders" means the Sellers and any persons or entities to whom the rights granted under this Agreement are transferred by any Sellers, their successors or assigns pursuant to Section 3 hereof.

Registration Rights.

2.1. Required Registration. The Company shall use its best efforts to become eligible to use Form S-3 (or any successor form relating to resale registration) on November 21, 1997, or as soon as thereafter as is possible. Upon becoming S-3 eligible, the Company shall then use its best efforts to effect the registration on Form S-3, or such successor form, for all Registrable Shares

2.2. Incidental Registrations.

- (a) Whenever the Company proposes to file a Registration Statement (except for the Registration Statement the Company currently has on file as of the Effective Date), prior to such filing it shall give written notice to all Stockholders of its intention to do so, and upon the written request of a Stockholder or Stockholders given within 20 days after the Company provides such notice (which request shall state the intended method of disposition of such Registrable Shares), the Company shall cause all Registrable Shares which the Company has been requested to register to be registered under the Securities Act to the extent necessary to permit their sale or other disposition in accordance with the intended methods of distribution specified in the request of such Stockholder(s); provided, however, the Stockholders rights under Section 2.2 of this Agreement shall be subject and subordinate only to the registration rights held by those certain security holders of the Company pursuant to Section 3 of the Registration Rights Agreement dated December 21, 1995 (the "Existing Rights Agreement") by and among the Company and such certain security holders of the Company ("Existing Rights Holders").
- (b) In connection with any offering under this Section 2.2 involving an underwriting, the Company shall not be required to include any Registrable Shares in such

 $\ \, \text{underwriting unless the holders thereof accept the terms of the underwriting} \\$ agreement to be executed in connection with such registration, and then only in such quantity as will not, in the opinion of the underwriters, jeopardize the success of the offering by the Company or the Existing Rights Holders, as the case may be, subject and subordinate only to the rights of the Existing Rights Holders under Section 3 of the Existing Rights Agreement. If in the opinion of the managing underwriter the registration of all, or part of, the Registrable Shares which the Stockholders have requested to be included would materially and adversely affect such public offering, then the Company shall be required to include in the underwriting only that number of Registrable Shares, if any, which the managing underwriter believes may be sold without causing such adverse effect, subject only to the rights of the Existing Rights Holders under Section 3 of the Existing Rights Agreement. In the event of such a reduction in the number of shares to be included in the underwriting, all Stockholders of Registrable Shares who have requested registration shall participate in the underwriting pro rata based upon their total ownership of Registrable Shares (or in any other proportion as agreed upon by such Stockholders) and if any such Stockholders would thus be entitled to include more shares than such Stockholders requested to be registered, the excess shall be allocated among such other requesting holders pro rata based on their ownership of Registrable Shares, subject only to the rights of the Existing Rights Holders under Section 3 of the Existing Rights Agreement. No other securities requested to be included in a registration for the account of anyone other than the Company or the Existing Rights Holders, as the case may be, and the Stockholders shall be included in a registration unless all Registrable Shares requested to be included in such registration are also included, subject and subordinate only to the rights of the Existing Rights Holders under Section 3 of the Existing Rights Agreement.

- 2.3. Registration Procedures. If and whenever the Company is required by the provisions of this Agreement to use its best efforts to effect the registration of any of the Registrable Shares under the Securities Act, the Company shall:
- (a) file with the Commission a Registration Statement with respect to such Registrable Shares and use its best efforts to cause that Registration Statement to become and remain effective;
- (b) with respect to the Registration Statement filed pursuant to Section 2.1 of this Agreement, as expeditiously as possible prepare and file with the Commission any amendments and supplements to the Registration Statement and the prospectus included in the Registration Statement and use its best efforts to keep such Registration Statement effective for the lesser of (i) a period of time necessary to permit the Stockholders to dispose of all of their Registrable Shares or (ii) September 5, 1999.
- (c) with respect to a Registration Statement filed pursuant to Section 2.2 of this Agreement, as expeditiously as possible prepare and file with the Commission any amendments and supplements to such Registration Statement and the prospectus included in the

Registration Statement and use its best efforts to keep such Registration Statement effective for the lesser of (i) a period of time necessary to permit the Stockholders to dispose of all of their Registrable Shares or (ii) 90 days after the effective date of such Registration Statement.

- (d) as expeditiously as possible furnish to each selling Stockholder such reasonable numbers of copies of the prospectus, including the preliminary prospectus, in conformity with the requirements of the Securities Act, and such other documents as the selling Stockholder may reasonably request in order to facilitate the public sale or other disposition of the Registrable Shares owned by the selling Stockholder; and
- (e) as expeditiously as possible use its best efforts to register or qualify the Registrable Shares covered by the Registration Statement under the securities or Blue Sky laws of such states as the selling Stockholder shall reasonably request, and do any and all other acts and things that may be necessary or desirable to enable the selling Stockholder to consummate the public sale or other disposition of the Registrable Shares owned by the selling Stockholder in such jurisdictions; provided, however, that the Company shall not be required in connection with this paragraph (d) to qualify as a foreign corporation in any jurisdiction.

If the Company has delivered preliminary or final prospectuses to selling Stockholders and after having done so the prospectus is amended to comply with the requirements of the Securities Act, the Company shall promptly notify the selling Stockholders and, if requested, the selling Stockholders shall immediately cease making offers of Registrable Shares and shall return all prospectuses to the Company. The Company shall promptly provide the selling Stockholders with revised prospectuses and, following receipt of the revised prospectuses, the selling Stockholder shall be free to resume making offers of the Registrable Shares.

- 2.4. Allocation of Expenses. The Company shall pay the Registration Expenses for the registrations pursuant to Section 2.1 and Section 2.2. For purposes of this Section, the term "Registration Expenses" shall mean all expenses incurred by the Company in complying with this Section 2, including, without limitation, all registration and filing fees, exchange listing fees, printing expenses, fees and disbursements of counsel for the Company and one counsel for the selling Stockholders, out-of-pocket expenses of the Company and the underwriters, state Blue Sky fees and expenses, and the expense of any special audits incident to or required by any such registration, but excluding underwriting discounts and selling commissions and fees of more than one counsel for the selling Stockholders. Such underwriting discounts and selling commissions shall be borne pro rata by the selling Stockholders in accordance with the number of their Registrable Shares included in such registration.
- 2.5. Indemnification. In the event of any registration of any of the Registrable Shares under the Securities Act pursuant to this Agreement, then to the extent permitted by law the Company shall indemnify and hold harmless the seller of such Registrable Shares, each

underwriter of such Registrable Shares and each other person, if any, who controls such seller or underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which such seller, underwriter or controlling person may become subject under the Securities Act, the Exchange Act, state securities laws or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in any Registration Statement under which such Registrable Shares were registered under the Securities Act, any preliminary prospectus or final prospectus contained in the Registration Statement, or any amendment or supplement to such Registration Statement, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading; and the Company shall reimburse each such seller, underwriter and controlling person for reasonable legal or any other expenses incurred by such seller, underwriter or controlling person in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action; provided, however, that the Company shall not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon any untrue statement or omission made in such Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus or final prospectus, or any such amendment or supplement, in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company, in writing, by or on behalf of such seller, underwriter or controlling person specifically for use in the preparation thereof.

In the event of any registration of any of the Registrable Shares under the Securities Act pursuant to this Agreement, then to the extent permitted by law, each seller of Registrable Shares, severally and not jointly, shall indemnify and hold harmless the Company, each of its directors and officers and each underwriter (if any) and each person, if any, who controls the Company or any such underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, against any losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which the Company, such directors and officers, underwriter or controlling person may become subject under the Securities Act, Exchange Act, state securities laws or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Registration Statement under which such Registrable Shares were registered under the Securities Act, any preliminary prospectus or final prospectus contained in the Registration Statement, or any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement, or arise out of or are based upon any omission or alleged omission to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, if the statement or omission was made solely in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by or on behalf of such seller, specifically for use in connection with the preparation of such Registration Statement, prospectus, amendment or supplement; and such seller shall reimburse the Company for reasonable legal or other expenses incurred by the Company in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action; provided, however, that the obligations of any seller of Registrable Shares hereunder shall not exceed an amount

6

equal to the proceeds to such seller of the Registrable Shares sold pursuant to the Registration Statement.

An underwriter shall not be entitled to indemnification pursuant to this subsection in the event that it fails to deliver to any selling Stockholder any preliminary or final or revised prospectus, as required by the rules and regulations of the Commission. Finally, no indemnification shall be provided pursuant to this subsection in the event that any error in a preliminary prospectus of the Company is subsequently corrected in the final prospectus of the Company for a particular offering, and such final prospectus is delivered to all Sellers in the offering prior to the date of purchase of the securities.

Each party entitled to indemnification under this Section 2.5 (the "Indemnified Party") shall give notice to the party required to provide indemnification (the "Indemnifying Party") promptly after such Indemnified Party has actual knowledge of any claim as to which indemnity may be sought, and shall permit the Indemnifying Party to assume the defense of any such claim or any litigation resulting therefrom; provided, that counsel for the Indemnifying Party, who shall conduct the defense of such claim or litigation, shall be approved by the Indemnified Party (whose approval shall not be unreasonably withheld); and, provided, further, that the failure of any Indemnified Party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the Indemnifying Party of its obligations under this Section 2.5. The Indemnified Party may participate in such defense at such party's expense; provided, however, that the Indemnifying Party shall pay such expense if representation of such Indemnified Party by the counsel retained by the Indemnifying Party would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between the Indemnified Party and any other party represented by such counsel in such proceeding. No Indemnifying Party, in the defense of any such claim or litigation shall, except with the consent of each Indemnified Party, consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement that does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to such Indemnified Party of a release from all liability in respect of such claim or litigation, and no Indemnified Party shall consent to entry of any judgment or settle such claim or litigation without the prior written consent of the Indemnifying Party.

- 2.6. Indemnification with Respect to Underwritten Offerings. In the event that Registrable Shares are sold pursuant to a Registration Statement in an underwritten offering, the Company agrees to enter into an underwriting agreement containing customary representations and warranties with respect to the business and operations of an issuer of the securities being registered and customary covenants and agreements to be performed by such issuer, including without limitation customary provisions with respect to indemnification by the Company of the underwriters of such offering.
- 2.7. Information by Holder. Each holder of Registrable Shares included in any registration shall furnish to the Company such information regarding such holder and the distribution proposed by such holder as the Company may request in writing and as shall be

required in connection with any registration, qualification or compliance referred to in this Section 2.

- 2.8. Rule 144 Requirements. With a view to making available to the Stockholders the benefits of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act and any other rule or regulation of the Commission that may at any time permit a Stockholder to sell securities of the Company to the public without registration, the Company agrees to use its best efforts to:
- (a) make and keep public information available, as those terms are understood and defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act (at any time after it has become subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act);
- (b) file with the Commission in a timely manner all reports and other documents required of the Company under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act (at any time after it has become subject to such reporting requirements); and
- (c) furnish to any holder of Registrable Shares upon request a written statement by the Company as to its compliance with the reporting requirements of said Rule 144 (at any time after 90 days after the closing of the first sale of securities by the Company pursuant to a Registration Statement), and of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act (at any time after it has become subject to such reporting requirements), a copy of the most recent annual or quarterly report of the Company, and such other reports and documents of the Company as such holder may reasonably request to avail itself of any similar rule or regulation of the Commission allowing it to sell any such securities without registration.
- 2.9. Termination. The provisions of this Section 2 shall terminate on the earlier of (i) the second anniversary of the Effective Date; or (ii) such time as all the Stockholders shall have disposed of their Registrable Shares.

- 3.1. The rights granted to the Sellers may be transferred or succeeded to only by (i) any general or limited partner, officer or other affiliate of such Seller, or (ii) another Seller; provided, however, that the Company is given written notice by the transferee at the time of such transfer stating the name and address of the transferee and identifying the securities with respect to which such rights are being assigned; and, provided, further, as a condition precedent to any such transfer, the transferee agrees in writing to be bound by and subject to all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 3.2. A transferee to whom rights are transferred pursuant to this Section 3 may not again transfer such rights to any other person or entity, other than as provided in paragraph (a) above.

General.

4.1. Notices. All notices, requests, consents and other communications under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand, by telecopier, by overnight mail or mailed by first class certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid:

If to the Company:

Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. 829 West Stadium Lane Sacramento, California 95834

(or at such other address as may have been furnished in writing to the Sellers by the Company) with a copy to:

Jack Becker, Esq. Snow Becker Krauss P.C. 605 Third Avenue New York, New York 10158-0125

If to a Seller, at its address set forth on Exhibit A to this Agreement (or at such other address as may have been furnished in writing to the Company by such Seller) with copy to:

Michael Lytton, Esq. Palmer & Dodge LLP One Beacon Street Boston, Massachusetts 02108 Notices provided in accordance with this Section 4 shall be deemed delivered upon personal delivery, receipt by telecopy or overnight mail, or 72 hours after deposit in the mail in accordance with the above.

- 4.2. Entire Agreement. This Agreement embodies the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings relating to such subject matter.
- 4.3. Amendments and Waivers. Except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement, any term of this Agreement may be amended and the observance of any term of this Agreement may be waived (either generally or in a particular instance and either retroactively or prospectively), with the written consent of the Company and the holders of not less than two-thirds of the Registrable Shares. No waivers of or exceptions to any term, condition or provision of this Agreement, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be, or construed as, a further or continuing waiver of any such term, condition or provision.
- 4.4. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 4.5. Captions. The captions of the sections, subsections and paragraphs of this Agreement have been added for convenience only and shall not be deemed to be a part of this Agreement.
- 4.6. Severability. Each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to validate and give effect thereto to the fullest lawful extent, but if any provision of this Agreement is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective only to the extent so determined and such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement.
- $4.7.\ \mbox{Governing Law}.$ This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

[The remainder of this page intentionally left blank.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and the Sellers have executed and delivered this Agreement as an instrument under seal as of the date first above written.

THE COMPANY:
INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.
By: /s/ Ramesh Trivedi
Name: Ramesh Trivedi Title: President and Chief Executive Officer
THE SELLERS:
FARIDEH DANEL
By: /s/ Farideh Danel
FRANCIOS DANEL
By: /s/ Francois Danel
GERARD HASCOET
By: Gerard Hascoet
JEROME LEBON
By: /s/ Jerome Lebon

By: /	s/ Jean-Luc Boulnois
FERNA	ND BADANO
By: /	s/ Fernand Badano
PIERR	E WUERGLER
-	s/ Pierre Wuergler By Power of Attorney)
GEORG	ES-HENRI MEYLAN
By: /	s/ Georges-Henri Meylan
ENZ0	FILIPINI
	s/ Enzo Filipini
PIERR	E ANGELO BOTTINELLI
-	s/ Pierre Angelo Bottinelli By Power of Attorney)
11	

GIULIO MERLANI

/s/ Giulio Merlani Bv:			
By:(By Power of Attorney)			
SERGE TSCHOPP			
/a / Oama Tashana			
/s/ Serge Tschopp By: (By Power of Attorney)			
(By Power of Attorney)			
RAYMOND BORNAND			
/s/ Raymond Bornand			
By:(By Power of Attorney)			
JACQUES-LOUIS AUDEMARS			
/s/ Jacques-Louis Audemars			
By: (By Power of Attorney)			
MOHAMMED DIAB			
/s/ Mohammed Diab By:			
GEMED S.A.			
/a/ Occupate Manni Marilan			
/s/ Georges-Henri Meylan By:			
Name: Georges-Henri Meylan Title: President Directeur General			

Seller Name

EXHIBIT A

Number of

and Address	Registrable Shares
Farideh Danel Chemin des Bouts 38330 SAINT ISMIER FRANCE	80,643
Francios Danel Chemin des Bouts 38330 SAINT ISMIER FRANCE	63,155
Gerard Hascoet 10 Avenue du Colonel Bonnet 75016 PARIS FRANCE	194,028
Jerome Lebon 6 rue Emile Zola 69002 LYON FRANCE	33,917
Jean-Luc Boulnois 17 Scott Road Lexington, MA 02173 UNITED STATES	28,717
Fernand Badano 4 allee Marcel Achard 69100 VILLEURBANNE FRANCE	5,431

1

Pierre Wuergler c/o Credit Suisse Paradeplatz 8 8070 ZURICH SUISSE	27,003
Georges-Henri Meylan Route du Ruisseau 1 1348 LE BRASSUS SUISSE	11,845
Enzo Filipini 6803 CAMIGNOLO SUISSE	10,478
Pierre Angelo Bottinelli Chemin des Trembles 1261 GENOLIER SUISSE	10,478
Giulio Merlani Via Alla Chiesa 6932 BREGANZONA SUISSE	10,478
Serge Tschopp Avenue des Cerisiers 45 1009 PULLY SUISSE	10,478
Raymond Bornand Chemin du Cret 12 1110 MORGES SUISSE	10,478

Jacques-Lois Audemars 6,279 Valneige 1348 LE BRASSUS SUISSE

Mohammed Diab 2,619
11 Chemin des pecheurs
VOUVRY
SUISSE

GEMED S.A. 113,328
Route de France 16
1348 LE BRASSUS
SUISSE

TOTAL: 619,355

3

EXHIBIT 11.1

INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC. STATEMENT OF COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Years Ended I 1995 	December 31, 1996 	Six Months Ended 1996	June 30, 1997
Primary and fully diluted:				
Average common shares outstanding	75,180	721,657	273,946	3,364,567
Common and common equivalent shares issued during the twelve month period prior to the initial public offering at prices below the assumed public offering price in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 83	4,103,697	3,652,290	4,103,697	
Shares used in per share calculations \ldots	4,178,877	4,373,947	4,377,643	3,364,567
Net Loss Preferred stock dividends	\$(4,053,528) (936,325)	\$(3,448,829)	\$(1,490,594) 	\$(1,687,591)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$(4,989,853) =======	\$(3,448,829) =======	\$(1,490,594) ========	\$(1,687,591) =======
Net loss per common and common share equivalent	\$(1.19) =====	\$(0.79) =====	\$(0.34) =====	\$(0.50) =====

1

SUBSIDIARIES INTEGRATED SURGICAL SYSTEMS, INC.

Exhibit 21.1

Jurisdiction of

Name	OT Incorporation	Ownership
Integrated Surgical Systems B.V.	Netherlands	100%
Integrated Surgical Systems GmbH	Germany	100%
<pre>Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. ("IMMI")</pre>	France	100%
Innovative Medical Machines International, Inc.	Delaware	100%*

^{*} Indirectly owned through IMMI.

1

EXHIBIT 23.2

CONSENT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the reference to our firm under the captions "Experts" and "Selected Consolidated Financial Information" and to the use of our report dated January 31, 1997, except for Note 10, as to which the date is September 5, 1997, in the Registration Statement (Form SB-2) and related Prospectus of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. for the registration of 4,062,500 shares of its common stock and warrants to purchase 325,000 shares of its common stock.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Sacramento, California

September 19, 1997

CONSENT OF ERNST & YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS' DEPARTMENT

D'ERNST & YOUNG AUDIT, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated September 10, 1997 with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Innovative Medical Machines International, S.A. included in the Registration Statement (Form SB-2) and related Prospectus of Integrated Surgical Systems, Inc. for the registration 4,062,500 shares of its common stock and warrants to purchase 325,000 shares of its common stock.

ERNST & YOUNG ENTREPRENEURS

DEPARTMENT D'ERNST & YOUNG AUDIT

Marc Bonhomme

Partner

Villeurbanne, France

September 19, 1997

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YEAR

DEC-31-1996

JUN-30-1997

3,685,731

665,023

0

1,790,371

6,376,530

1,358,540

1,088,882

6,663,357

2,008,845

0

0

33,669

4,620,843

6,663,357

1,379,696

1,379,696

531,693

2,659,115
(139,521)

0

(1,669,591)
18,000
(1,687,591)
0
0
(1,687,591)
(0.50)
(0.50)
```